

KPMG TASEER HADI & CO.

Chartered Accountants
Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2
Beaumont Road
Karachi

A. F. FERGUSON & CO.

Chartered Accountants
State Life Building No. 1-C
I. I. Chundrigar Road
P.O. Box 4716
Karachi-74000

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of the State Bank of Pakistan (the Bank), which comprise the unconsolidated balance sheet as at June 30, 2013, and the unconsolidated profit and loss account, unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (here-in-after referred to as the unconsolidated financial statements).

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with approved accounting standards as disclosed in note 2 to the unconsolidated financial statements and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these unconsolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

KPMG TASEER HADI & CO.

Chartered Accountants

A. F. FERGUSON & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Opinion

In our opinion, the unconsolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Bank as at June 30, 2013, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as disclosed in note 2 to the unconsolidated financial statements.

Other Matter

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended June 30, 2012 were audited by Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder and KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. who had expressed an unmodified opinion thereon vide their report dated October 5, 2012.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Mohammad Mahmood Hussain

Audit Engagement Partner

Date: October 30, 2013

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Salman Hussain

Audit Engagement Partner

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN
UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
AS AT JUNE 30, 2013

	Note	2013	2012 (Restated)	2011 (Restated)
------(Rupees in '000)-----				
ASSETS				
Gold reserves held by the Bank	5	246,096,839	313,077,419	267,969,374
Local currency - coins	6	924,997	1,814,196	2,225,301
Foreign currency reserves	7	642,181,554	1,035,459,135	1,289,700,794
Earmarked foreign currency balances	8	3,849,637	4,994,808	75,464,270
Special Drawing Rights of the International Monetary Fund	9	85,246,487	91,334,177	102,188,403
		<u>978,299,514</u>	<u>1,446,679,735</u>	<u>1,737,548,142</u>
Reserve tranche with the International Monetary Fund under quota arrangements	10	17,755	17,104	16,392
Securities purchased under agreement to resale	11	198,787,435	112,898,648	63,660,336
Current accounts of Governments	20.2	5,932,762	12,744,407	586,181
Current account with National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited - a subsidiary		175,399	151,567	104,997
Investments	12	2,490,610,318	1,952,567,984	1,507,699,221
Loans, advances, bills of exchange and commercial papers	13	324,832,879	329,074,462	374,400,399
Assets held with the Reserve Bank of India	14	5,236,648	6,311,529	5,652,991
Balances due from the Governments of India and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan)	15	7,318,538	6,797,433	6,312,679
Property and equipment	16	22,103,505	23,169,202	24,446,771
Intangible assets	17	16,241	30,882	21,495
Other assets	18	4,701,569	5,435,616	6,922,078
Total assets		<u>4,038,032,563</u>	<u>3,895,878,569</u>	<u>3,727,371,682</u>
LIABILITIES				
Bank notes in circulation	19	2,041,361,303	1,776,962,388	1,599,833,487
Bills payable		603,922	587,542	780,155
Current accounts of Governments	20.1	133,392,486	148,815,907	217,968,067
Current account with SBP Banking Services Corporation - a subsidiary		8,475,848	7,453,254	6,033,302
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase	21	-	12,240,388	-
Payable under bilateral currency swap agreement	22.1	81,614,727	-	-
Deposits of banks and financial institutions	23	475,647,801	396,172,467	349,426,939
Other deposits and accounts	24	155,592,496	152,856,723	189,162,447
Payable to the International Monetary Fund	25	431,229,449	656,185,305	732,764,340
Other liabilities	26	109,186,319	100,586,793	33,108,662
		<u>3,437,104,351</u>	<u>3,251,860,767</u>	<u>3,129,077,399</u>
Deferred liability - unfunded staff retirement benefits	27	8,732,224	7,093,070	5,789,532
Total liabilities		<u>3,445,836,575</u>	<u>3,258,953,837</u>	<u>3,134,866,931</u>
Net assets		<u>592,195,988</u>	<u>636,924,732</u>	<u>592,504,751</u>
REPRESENTED BY				
Share capital	28	100,000	100,000	100,000
Reserves	29	175,919,871	175,919,871	177,019,871
		<u>176,019,871</u>	<u>176,019,871</u>	<u>177,119,871</u>
Unrealised appreciation on gold reserves	30	242,568,983	309,565,438	268,947,619
Unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments		147,628,730	125,361,019	120,458,857
Surplus on revaluation of property and equipment		25,978,404	25,978,404	25,978,404
Total equity		<u>592,195,988</u>	<u>636,924,732</u>	<u>592,504,751</u>
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS				
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Pursuant to the requirements of section 26 (1) of SBP Act, 1956, the assets of the Bank specifically earmarked against the liabilities of the issue department have been detailed in note 19.1 to these financial statements.

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Yaseen Anwar
Governor

Kazi Abdul Muktedir
Deputy Governor

Muhammad Haroon Rasheed
Executive Director

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN
UNCONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Discount, interest / mark-up and / or return earned	32	250,681,600	236,191,296
Less: interest / mark-up expense	33	<u>(7,592,737)</u>	<u>(11,338,230)</u>
		243,088,863	224,853,066
Commission income	34	1,758,625	1,952,783
Exchange gain - net	35	6,703,415	42,827,638
Dividend income		16,480,789	15,697,821
Profit earned through subsidiaries	36	147,154	171,966
Other operating (loss) / income - net	37	(1,020,311)	9,033,651
Other income / (charges) - net	38	<u>17,436</u>	<u>(210,179)</u>
		267,175,971	294,326,746
Less: Direct operating expenses			
- Bank notes printing charges	39	5,634,372	5,689,829
- Agency commission	40	6,344,354	5,953,743
- General administrative and other expenses	41	22,334,984	20,159,546
Provision for / (reversal of provision against):			
- loans and advances	13.5	(1,057,083)	-
- claims	26.2.2	(550,880)	1,885,143
- diminution in value of investments-net	12.3	677,892	(59,212)
- other doubtful assets	26.2.1.1	10,303	(102,415)
		<u>(919,768)</u>	<u>1,723,516</u>
		33,393,942	33,526,634
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		<u>233,782,029</u>	<u>260,800,112</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Yaseen Anwar
Governor

Kazi Abdul Muktadir
Deputy Governor

Muhammad Haroon Rasheed
Executive Director

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN
UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013	2012 (Restated)
	(Rupees in '000)	
Profit for the year	233,782,029	260,800,112
Other comprehensive income		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to the profit and loss account		
Unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments	22,267,711	4,902,162
Unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on gold reserves	(66,996,455) (44,728,744)	44,962,441 49,864,603
Total comprehensive income for the year	189,053,285	310,664,715

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Yaseen Anwar
Governor

Kazi Abdul Muktedir
Deputy Governor

Muhammad Haroon Rasheed
Executive Director

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN
UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Share capital	Reserves					Unappropriated profit	Unrealised appreciation on gold reserves	Unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments	Surplus on revaluation of property and equipment	Total	
		Reserve fund	Rural credit fund	Industrial credit fund	Export credit fund	Loans guarantee fund						Housing credit fund
(Rupees in '000)												
Balance as at July 1, 2011 - as previously reported	100,000	165,719,871	2,600,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	900,000	4,700,000	-	268,947,619	-	25,978,404	472,045,894
Effect of changes in accounting policy (refer note 4.1.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,458,857	-	120,458,857
Balance as at July 1, 2011 - restated	100,000	165,719,871	2,600,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	900,000	4,700,000	-	268,947,619	120,458,857	25,978,404	592,504,751
Total comprehensive income for the year												
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260,800,112	-	-	-	260,800,112
<i>Other comprehensive income</i>												
Unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,902,162	-	4,902,162
Unrealised appreciation on gold reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,962,441	-	-	44,962,441
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260,800,112	44,962,441	4,902,162	-	310,664,715
Transactions with owners												
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,000)	-	-	-	(10,000)
Balance profit transferred to the Government of Pakistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(261,890,112)	-	-	-	(261,890,112)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(261,900,112)	-	-	-	(261,900,112)
Others												
Transferred from reserve fund	-	(1,100,000)	-	-	-	-	-	1,100,000	-	-	-	-
Revaluation reserve relating to gold reserves held by the Reserve Bank of India transferred to provision for other doubtful assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,344,622)	-	-	(4,344,622)
	-	(1,100,000)	-	-	-	-	-	1,100,000	(4,344,622)	-	-	(4,344,622)
Balance as at June 30, 2012 - restated	100,000	164,619,871	2,600,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	900,000	4,700,000	-	309,565,438	125,361,019	25,978,404	636,924,732
Total comprehensive income for the year												
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233,782,029	-	-	-	233,782,029
<i>Other comprehensive income</i>												
Unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,267,711	-	22,267,711
Unrealised diminution on gold reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(66,996,455)	-	-	(66,996,455)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233,782,029	(66,996,455)	22,267,711	-	189,053,285
Transactions with owners												
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,000)	-	-	-	(10,000)
Balance profit transferred to the Government of Pakistan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,772,029)	-	-	-	(233,772,029)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,782,029)	-	-	-	(233,782,029)
Balance as at June 30, 2013	100,000	164,619,871	2,600,000	1,600,000	1,500,000	900,000	4,700,000	-	242,568,983	147,628,730	25,978,404	592,195,988

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Yaseen Anwar
Governor

Kazi Abdul Muktadir
Deputy Governor

Muhammad Haroon Rasheed
Executive Director

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN
UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the year after non-cash items	42	221,924,764	249,424,721
(Increase) / decrease in assets:			
Foreign currency reserves not included in cash and cash equivalents		(26,169)	(59,871)
Reserve tranche with the International Monetary Fund under quota arrangements		(651)	(712)
Securities purchased under agreement to re-sale		(85,888,787)	(49,238,312)
Current account of National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited - a subsidiary		(23,832)	(46,570)
Investments		(516,511,728)	(440,004,142)
Loans, advances, bills of exchange and commercial papers		5,298,666	45,325,937
Assets held with the Reserve Bank of India and balances due from Governments of India and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan)		(532,417)	(413,988)
Other assets		734,047	1,486,461
		(596,950,871)	(442,951,197)
		(375,026,107)	(193,526,476)
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities:			
Bank notes issued		264,398,915	177,128,901
Bills payable		16,380	(192,613)
Current accounts of Governments		(8,627,651)	(81,455,990)
Current account with SBP Banking Services Corporation - a subsidiary		1,022,594	1,419,952
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase		(12,240,388)	12,240,388
Payable under bilateral currency swap agreement		81,614,727	-
Deposits of banks and financial institutions		79,475,334	46,745,528
Other deposits and accounts		2,735,773	(36,305,724)
Payable to the International Monetary Fund		(224,955,856)	(76,579,035)
Other liabilities		(4,096,619)	4,616,509
		179,343,209	47,617,916
Net cash used in operating activities		(195,682,898)	(145,908,560)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of retirement benefits and employees' compensated absences		(1,957,933)	(1,710,344)
Proceeds from disposal of investments		58,937	96,753
Dividend received		16,480,789	15,697,821
Fixed capital expenditure		(322,851)	(230,610)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		8,140	28,617
Net cash generated from investing activities		14,267,082	13,882,237
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Surplus profit paid to the Federal Government		(219,999,994)	(204,000,000)
Dividend paid		(10,000)	(10,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(220,009,994)	(204,010,000)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(401,425,810)	(336,036,323)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		1,132,711,931	1,468,748,254
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	43	731,286,121	1,132,711,931

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Yaseen Anwar
Governor

Kazi Abdul Muktadir
Deputy Governor

Muhammad Haroon Rasheed
Executive Director

**STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013**

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

1.1 State Bank of Pakistan ("the Bank") is the central bank of Pakistan and is incorporated under the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. The Bank is primarily responsible for monitoring of credit and foreign exchange, management of currency and also acts as the banker to the Government. The activities of the Bank include:

- formulating and implementing the monetary policy;
- facilitation of free competition and stability in the financial system;
- licensing and supervision of banks including micro finance banks, development financial institutions and exchange companies;
- organisation and management of the inter-bank settlement system and promotion of smooth functioning of payment systems;
- providing of loans and advances to the Governments, banks, financial institutions and local authorities under various facilities;
- purchase, holding and sale of shares of banks and financial institutions on the directives of the Federal Government; and
- acting as depository of the Government under specific arrangements between the Government and certain institutions.

1.2 The head office of the Bank is situated at I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi, in the province of Sindh, Pakistan.

1.3 These financial statements are unconsolidated (separate) financial statements of the Bank in which investments in subsidiaries are accounted for on the basis of direct equity interest rather than on the basis of reported results. The consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries are presented separately.

1.4 The unconsolidated financial statements ("the financial statements") are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of approved accounting standards as adopted by the Central Board of the Bank. Approved accounting standards comprise of International Accounting Standards (IASs) 1 to 38 and policies for bank notes and coins, investments, gold reserves and transactions and balances with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) [as stated in notes 4.2, 4.3, 4.6 and 4.17 respectively] as adopted by the Bank, and the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. Under the power conferred by the State Bank of Pakistan Act,

1956, the Central Board has approved IAS-1 to IAS-38 and policies referred above for adoption. Where the requirements of State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 and policies adopted by the Central Board differ with the requirements of IASs adopted by the Central Board, the requirements of State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 and policies adopted by the Central Board take precedence.

3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that gold reserves, certain foreign currency reserves, certain investments and certain items of property as referred to in their respective notes have been included at revalued amounts and certain staff retirement benefits have been carried at present value of defined benefit obligations.

3.2 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as adopted by the Central Board of the Bank, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Judgments made by the management in the application of approved accounting standards as adopted by the Central Board of the Bank and estimates that have a significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are as follows:

3.2.1 *Provision against loans and advances*

The Bank reviews its loan portfolio to assess recoverability of loans and advances and provision required there against on a continuous basis. While assessing this requirement, various factors including the delinquency in the account, financial position of the borrower, quality of collateral and other relevant factors are considered. The amount of provision may require adjustment in case borrowers do not perform according to the expectations.

3.2.2 *Impairment of available for sale investments*

The Bank determines that available for sale equity investments are impaired when there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates among other factors, the normal volatility in security price. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology, and operational and financing cash flows.

3.2.3 *Held to maturity investments*

The Bank classifies non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity as held to maturity. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity.

3.2.4 *Retirement benefits*

The key actuarial assumptions concerning the valuation of defined benefit plans and the sources of estimation are disclosed in note 41.5.1 to the financial statements.

3.2.5 *Useful life and residual value of property and equipment*

Estimates of useful life and residual value of property and equipment are based on the management's best estimate.

3.3 *New and amended standards and interpretations that are effective in the current year*

IAS 1, 'Financial statement presentation' (effective July 1, 2012). The main change resulting from these amendments is a requirement for entities to group items presented in 'other comprehensive income' (OCI) on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to the profit or loss subsequently (reclassification adjustments). The impact of this change has been disclosed in the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income.

There are certain other new and amended standards and interpretations that have been published and are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012 but are considered not to be relevant or did not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements.

3.4 *New and amended standards and interpretations that are not yet effective*

The following new amendments to approved accounting standards that have been published and are mandatory for the Bank's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2013.

IAS 19, 'Employee benefits' was amended in June 2011 applicable for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The amendment has resulted in the following changes: eliminate the corridor approach and recognise all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income as they occur; to immediately recognise all past service costs; and to replace interest cost and expected return on plan assets with a net interest amount that is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability / asset. As at June 30, 2013, the Bank has unrecognised actuarial losses amounting to Rs.10,283 million. Following the change, all actuarial gains / losses will be recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

There are certain other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2013 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any material effect on the Bank's operations and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Change in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Bank's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012, except for change mentioned in note 4.1.1.

- 4.1.1.** During the current year, the Bank has changed its policy in respect of subsequent measurement of its strategic listed investments. These investments, after initial recognition, are now being remeasured at fair value. Previously, these investments were carried at cost. The change in the policy has been made to align the policy of the Bank with the requirements as specified in the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Unrealised appreciation / diminution arising on remeasurement of investments is credited / debited to "unrealised appreciation / diminution on remeasurement of investments" and is taken to statement of comprehensive income. Appreciation / diminution is transferred to profit and loss account upon disposal of such investments.

The above change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 8: "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" and comparative figures have been restated. The effect of the change in accounting policy on the current and prior year financial statements have been summarised below:

	2013	2012	2011
	------(Rupees in '000)-----		
Impact on unconsolidated balance sheet			
Increase in available for sale investments	<u>147,628,730</u>	<u>125,361,019</u>	<u>120,458,857</u>
Recognition of unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments	<u>147,628,730</u>	<u>125,361,019</u>	<u>120,458,857</u>
Impact on unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income			
Recognition of unrealised appreciation on remeasurement of investments	<u>22,267,711</u>	<u>4,902,162</u>	<u>120,458,857</u>

There is no impact of this change on the unconsolidated profit and loss account and unconsolidated cash flow statement for the current or prior years.

4.2 Bank notes and coins

The liability of the Bank towards bank notes issued as a legal tender under the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956, is stated at face value and is represented by the specified assets of the Issue Department of the Bank as per the requirements stipulated in the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. The cost of printing of notes is charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred. Any un-issued bank notes lying with the Bank are not reflected in the books of account.

The Bank also issues coins of various denominations on behalf of the Government of Pakistan (GOP). These coins are purchased from the GOP at their respective face values. The un-issued coins form part of the assets of the Issue Department.

4.3 Investments

All investments acquired by the Bank are initially measured at cost being the fair value of consideration given. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of investments, except for investments classified as held for trading. Subsequent to initial measurement, the Bank measures and classifies its investments under the following categories:

Held for trading

These securities are either acquired for generating a profit from short term fluctuations in market price, interest rate movements, dealer's margin or securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short term profit making exists. These instruments are subsequently re-measured at fair value. All related realised and unrealised gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Fair value of the financial instruments classified as held for trading is their quoted bid price at the balance sheet date.

All purchases and sales of investments categorised as held for trading that requires delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention ('regular way' purchase and sale) are recognised at the trade date, which is the date at which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investment, otherwise transactions are treated as derivatives until settlement occurs.

Held to maturity

These are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity other than loans and receivables. These securities are carried at amortised cost, less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and premiums and / or discounts are accounted for using effective interest method.

All regular way purchases and sales are recognised at the trade date, which is the date at which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investment, otherwise transactions are treated as derivative until settlement occurs.

A financial asset is impaired if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The amount of impairment loss for assets carried at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the financial instrument's original effective interest rate. The amount of impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Loans and receivables

These are financial assets created by the Bank by providing money directly to a debtor. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost less impairment losses, if any, and premiums and / or discounts are accounted for using the effective interest method.

All loans and receivables are recognized when cash is advanced to borrowers. When a loan is uncollectible, it is written off against the related provision for impairment. Subsequent recoveries are credited in the profit and loss account.

An allowance for impairment is established if there is evidence that the Bank will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of loans and receivables except where the loan is secured by the guarantee of the Federal or Provincial Governments. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the amount recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted at the original effective interest rate of loans and receivables.

Available for sale securities (AFS)

These are the securities which do not fall in any of the above three categories. Subsequent to initial recognition, these securities are measured at fair value except investments in securities the fair value of which cannot be determined reliably. Gain or loss on changes in fair value is taken to and kept in equity until the investments are sold or disposed off, or until the investments are determined to be impaired, at that time cumulative gain or loss previously reported in the equity is included in profit and loss account. Available for sale financial assets are considered impaired when there is significant or prolonged decline in fair value

Fair value of the financial instruments classified as available for sale is their quoted bid price at the balance sheet date.

All purchases and sales of investments categorised as available for sale that required delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention ('regular way' purchase and sale) are recognised at the trade date, which is the date at which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investment, otherwise transactions are treated as derivatives until settlement occurs.

Derecognition

Investments classified as held for trading or available for sale are derecognised by the Bank on the date it transfers the related risks and rewards. Securities held to maturity are derecognised on the day titles on such securities are transferred by the Bank. Unrealised gains and losses on derecognition of held for trading and available for sale securities are taken to the profit and loss account.

4.4 Derivative financial instruments

The Bank uses derivative financial instruments which include forwards, futures and swaps. Derivatives are initially recorded at cost and are re-measured to fair value on subsequent reporting dates. Forwards are shown under Commitments in note 31.2. The resultant gains or losses from derivatives are included in the profit and loss account.

4.5 Collateralised borrowings / lending

4.5.1 Reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements

Securities sold subject to a commitment to repurchase them at a pre-determined price, are retained on the balance sheet and a liability is recorded in respect of the consideration received as "Securities sold under agreement to repurchase". Conversely, securities purchased under analogous commitment to resell are not recognized on the balance sheet and an asset is recorded in respect of the consideration paid as "Securities purchased under agreement to resale". The difference between the sale and repurchase price in the repurchase transaction and the purchase price and resale price in reverse repurchase transaction represents expense and income respectively, and recognised in the profit and loss account on time proportion basis. Both repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions are reported at transaction value inclusive of any accrued expense / income.

4.5.2 Bilateral currency swap agreements

Bilateral currency swap agreements with counterpart central banks involve the purchase / sale and subsequent resale / repurchase of local currencies of counterpart central banks against PKR at a specified exchange rate. The drawing by the counterpart, if any, is reported as "Commitments" in note 31. The actual use of facility by the Bank / counterpart central bank in the agreement is recorded as borrowing / lending in books of the Bank and interest is charged / earned at agreed rates to the profit and loss account on time proportion basis from the date of actual use.

4.6 Gold reserves

Gold reserves, including those held with the Reserve Bank of India, are stated at the revalued amounts of the fine gold content thereof in accordance with the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 and the State Bank of Pakistan General Regulations.

Gold is recorded at the prevailing rate at initial recognition. Subsequent to initial measurement, it is revalued under the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 and State Bank of Pakistan General Regulation No. 42(vi) at the closing market rate fixed by the London Bullion Market Association on the last working day of the year. Appreciation or diminution, if any, on revaluation is taken to equity under the head "unrealised appreciation on gold reserves". Appreciation / diminution realised on disposal of gold is taken to the profit and loss account. Unrealised appreciation / diminution on gold reserves held with the Reserve Bank of India is not recognised in the statement of changes in equity pending transfer of these assets to the Bank subject to final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and India. Instead it is shown in other liabilities as provision for other doubtful assets.

4.7 Property and equipment

Property and equipment except land, buildings and capital work-in-progress (CWIP) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount. Leasehold land and buildings are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. CWIP is stated at cost and consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation. CWIP assets are capitalised to relevant asset category as and when work is completed.

Depreciation on property and equipment is charged to the profit and loss account using the straight-line method whereby the cost / revalued amount of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 16.1 to these financial statements. The useful life of assets is reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Depreciation on additions is charged to the profit and loss account from the month in which the asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are deleted / disposed off. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in the profit and loss account.

Increase in carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings is credited to surplus on revaluation of property and equipment. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same assets are charged against surplus on revaluation of property and equipment in equity, while all other decreases are charged to the profit and loss account. The surplus on revaluation realised on sale of property and equipment is transferred to un-appropriated profit.

4.8 Intangibles

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets are amortised using straight-line method over the period of three years. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

4.9 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Bank's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or a group of assets. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. The recoverable amount is estimated as the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the assets original interest rate. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account whenever the carrying amount of an asset or a group of assets exceeds its recoverable amount except where the loan is secured by the guarantee of the Federal or Provincial Government. Impairment loss on revalued assets is adjusted against the related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of assets. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off from the books of account. Provisions against impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Changes in the provisions are recognised as income / expense in the profit and loss account.

If, in a subsequent period, amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment is recognised in the profit and loss account (except for revalued non financial assets), to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. In case of reversal of impairment loss on revalued non financial assets carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount but limited to the extent of the amount which would have been determined had there been no impairment.

4.10 Compensated absences

The Bank makes annual provision in respect of liability for employees' compensated absences based on actuarial estimates. The liability is estimated using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

4.11 Staff retirement benefits

The Bank operates:

- a) an unfunded contributory provident fund (old scheme) for those employees who joined the Bank prior to 1975 and opted to remain under the old scheme. The Bank provided an option to employees covered under old scheme to join the funded Employer Contributory Provident Fund Scheme - ECPF (new scheme) effective from June 1, 2007. Under this scheme, contribution is made both by the employer and employee at the rate of 6% of the monetized salary. Moreover, employees joining the Bank service after June 1, 2007 are covered under the new scheme.
- b) an unfunded General Provident Fund (GPF) scheme for all those employees who joined the Bank after 1975 and those employees who had joined prior to 1975 but opted for the new scheme. Under this scheme contribution is made by the employee only at the rate of 5% of the monetized salary.

c) following are other staff retirement benefit schemes:

- an unfunded gratuity scheme (old scheme) for all employees other than those who opted for the new general provident fund scheme, or joined the Bank after 1975 and are entitled only to pension scheme benefits;
- a funded Employees Gratuity Fund (EGF) was introduced by the Bank effective from June 1, 2007 for all its employees other than those who opted for pension scheme or unfunded gratuity scheme (old scheme);
- an unfunded pension scheme for those employees who joined the Bank after 1975 and before the introduction of EGF which is effective from June 1, 2007;
- an unfunded benevolent fund scheme;
- an unfunded post retirement medical benefit scheme; and
- six months post retirement benefit facility.

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution provident plans are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Annual provisions are made by the Bank to cover the obligations arising under defined benefit schemes based on actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out under the "Projected Unit Credit Method". The most recent valuation in this regard was carried out as at June 30, 2013. Unrecognised actuarial gains and losses at the beginning of the year are recognised in the profit and loss account over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees.

The above staff retirement benefits are payable on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service.

4.12 Deferred income

Grants received on account of capital expenditure are recorded as deferred income. These are amortised over the useful life of the relevant asset.

4.13 Revenue recognition

- Discount, interest / mark-up and / or return on loans and advances and investments are recorded on time proportion basis that takes into account the effective yield on the asset. However, income on balances with Bangladesh (former East Pakistan), doubtful loans and advances and overdue return on investments are recognised as income on receipt basis.
- Commission income is recognised when related services are rendered.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Bank's right to receive dividend is established.
- Gains / losses on disposal of securities are recognised in the profit and loss account at trade date.
- All other revenues are recognised on time proportion basis.

4.14 Finances under profit and loss sharing arrangements

The Bank provides various finances to financial institutions under profit and loss sharing arrangements. Share of profit / loss under these arrangements is recognised on accrual basis.

4.15 Taxation

The income of the Bank is exempt from tax under section 49 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956.

4.16 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Pak Rupees at the foreign exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account except for certain exchange differences on balances with the International Monetary Fund, referred to in note 4.17, which are transferred to the Government of Pakistan account.

Exchange differences arising under Exchange Risk Coverage Scheme and on currency swap transactions are recognised in the books of account on accrual basis.

Commitments for outstanding foreign exchange forward and swap contracts disclosed in note 31.2 to the financial statements are translated at forward rates applicable to their respective maturities. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

4.17 Transactions and balances with the International Monetary Fund

Transactions and balances with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) are recorded on the basis of accounting policy approved by the Central Board of the Bank. A summary of the policies followed by the Bank for recording of these transactions and balances is as follows:

- the Government's contribution for quota with the IMF is recorded by the Bank as depository of the Government and exchange differences arising under these arrangements are transferred to the Government account.
- exchange gains or losses arising on revaluation of borrowings from the IMF are recognised in the profit and loss account.
- the cumulative allocation of Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) by the IMF is recorded as a liability to non resident and is translated at closing exchange rate for SDRs prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences on translation of SDRs is recognised in the profit and loss account.
- commitment fee is charged to the profit and loss account on date of the commitment of Funds by the IMF.
- service charge is recognised in the profit and loss account at the time of receipt of the IMF tranches.

All other income or charges pertaining to balances with the IMF are taken to the profit and loss account, including the following:

- charges on borrowings under credit schemes and fund facilities;
- charges on net cumulative allocation of SDRs; and
- return on holdings of SDRs.

4.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

4.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, certain foreign currency reserves, local currency coins, earmarked foreign currency balances, SDRs, balances in the current and deposit accounts and securities that are realisable in known amounts of cash within three months from the date of original investments and which are subject to insignificant changes in value.

4.20 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised at the time when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Bank derecognises financial asset when the contractual right to the cash flow from a financial asset expires or when the Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. The Bank derecognises a financial liability when the liability is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expired.

Any gain or loss on the derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit and loss account currently.

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include local currency, foreign currency reserves and balances, investments, loans and advances, current account with subsidiaries, bills payable, deposits of banks and financial institutions, balances under repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions, government accounts, balances with the IMF, payable under bilateral currency swap agreement, other deposits and accounts and other liabilities. The particular recognition and measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each financial instrument.

4.21 Offsetting

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5. GOLD RESERVES HELD BY THE BANK	Note	Net content in troy ounces	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Opening balance		2,071,492	313,077,419	267,969,374
Additions during the year		134	15,875	145,604
(Diminution) / appreciation for the year due to revaluation	30		(66,996,455)	44,962,441
	19.1	<u>2,071,626</u>	<u>246,096,839</u>	<u>313,077,419</u>
6. LOCAL CURRENCY - COINS				
	Note		2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Bank notes held by the Banking Department			143,300	160,156
Coins held as an asset of the Issue Department	6.1 & 19.1		<u>924,997</u>	<u>1,814,196</u>
			1,068,297	1,974,352
Less: bank notes held by the Banking Department	19		<u>(143,300)</u>	<u>(160,156)</u>
			<u>924,997</u>	<u>1,814,196</u>
6.1 As mentioned in note 4.2, the Bank is responsible for issuing coins of various denominations on behalf of the Government. This balance represents the face value of unissued coins held by the Bank at the year end (also refer note 19.1).				
7. FOREIGN CURRENCY RESERVES				
	Note		2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Investments	7.1		389,279,223	289,055,261
Deposit accounts	7.3 & 7.4		124,320,174	455,947,533
Current accounts	7.2		45,975,224	96,830,826
Securities purchased under agreement to resale	7.5		80,295,659	197,465,169
Unrealised gain / (loss) on derivative financial instruments	7.7		<u>2,311,274</u>	<u>(3,839,654)</u>
			<u>642,181,554</u>	<u>1,035,459,135</u>
The above foreign currency reserves are held as follows:				
Issue Department	19.1		92,827,744	360,180,828
Banking Department			<u>549,353,810</u>	<u>675,278,307</u>
			<u>642,181,554</u>	<u>1,035,459,135</u>
7.1 Investments				
Held for trading	7.4		284,636,358	288,832,726
Held to maturity	7.6		104,421,331	-
Available for sale	7.2		<u>221,534</u>	<u>222,535</u>
			<u>389,279,223</u>	<u>289,055,261</u>
7.2 These include following assets which are recoverable from the Government of India. Realisability of these assets is subject to final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and India.				
			2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Investments - available for sale			221,534	222,535
Current accounts			<u>1,934</u>	<u>1,942</u>
			<u>223,468</u>	<u>224,477</u>

- 7.3** The balance includes money market placements carrying interest at various rates ranging between 0.11% to 3.12% (2012: 0.12% to 4.54%) per annum.
- 7.4** These consist of investments made in:
- International markets through reputable Fund Managers. The activities of the Fund Managers are being monitored through a custodian. Market value of these investments is equivalent to USD 2,366.04 million (2012: USD 2,565.58 million) and
 - Short Term Investments Funds. Market value of these investments is equivalent to USD 490 million (2012: USD 490 million).
- 7.5** These represent lending under repurchase agreements and carry mark-up in USD at 0.10% having maturities on July 1, 2013 (2012: 0.14% matured on July 2, 2012).
- 7.6** This represents investment in sovereign bonds and treasury bills of a foreign country carrying yield ranging from 2.62% to 5.70% per annum and having maturities from July 16, 2013 to June 4, 2014.
- 7.7** This represents unrealised gain / loss on foreign currency swaps, futures and forward contracts entered into with various counterparties.

8. EARMARKED FOREIGN CURRENCY BALANCES

These represent certain foreign currency balances held by the Bank to meet foreign currency commitments of the Bank.

9. SPECIAL DRAWING RIGHTS OF THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) are the foreign reserve assets which are allocated by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to its member countries in proportion to their quota in the IMF. In addition, the member countries can purchase the SDRs from the IMF and other member countries in order to settle their obligations. The figures given below represent the rupee value of the SDRs held by the Bank at June 30, 2013. Interest is credited by the IMF on the SDR holding of the Bank at weekly interest rates on daily products of SDRs held during each quarter.

SDRs are held as follows:	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
- By the Issue Department	<i>19.1</i>	7,437,650	7,146,000
- By the Banking Department		77,808,837	84,188,177
		85,246,487	91,334,177

10. RESERVE TRANCHE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND UNDER QUOTA ARRANGEMENTS

Quota allocated by the International Monetary Fund	154,086,949	148,440,350
Liability under quota arrangements	(154,069,194)	(148,423,246)
	17,755	17,104

11. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER AGREEMENT TO RESALE

This represents lending under repurchase agreements with various financial institutions and carry mark-up at rates ranging from 8.99% to 9.20% per annum (2012: 11.67% to 11.77% per annum) and will mature on July 5, 2013 (2012: July 6, 2012).

12. INVESTMENTS	Note	2013	2012 (Restated)	2011 (Restated)
Loans and receivables originated by the Bank				
Government securities				
Market Related Treasury Bills (MRTBs)		2,319,633,169	1,803,121,441	1,363,117,299
Federal Government scrip		2,781,100	2,781,100	2,781,100
	12.1	2,322,414,269	1,805,902,541	1,365,898,399
Available for sale investments				
Investments in banks and other financial institutions				
Ordinary shares				
- Listed		163,192,519	140,924,808	136,022,646
- Unlisted		4,862,706	4,919,706	4,957,247
	12.2	168,055,225	145,844,514	140,979,893
Term Finance Certificates		84,722	127,082	169,441
Certificates of Deposits		33,705	50,558	67,411
		168,173,652	146,022,154	141,216,745
Provision against diminution in value of investments	12.3	(1,006,863)	(385,971)	(445,183)
		167,166,789	145,636,183	140,771,562
Investments in wholly owned subsidiaries				
SBP Banking Services Corporation		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited - NIBAF		29,260	29,260	29,260
		1,029,260	1,029,260	1,029,260
		2,490,610,318	1,952,567,984	1,507,699,221
The above investments are held as follows:				
Issue Department - MRTBs	19.1	1,688,902,225	1,088,514,072	916,804,517
Banking Department		801,708,093	864,053,912	590,894,704
		2,490,610,318	1,952,567,984	1,507,699,221

12.1 Investments in Government securities

These represent investments guaranteed / issued by the Government. The profile of return on securities is as follows:

	2013 (% per annum)	2012
Market Related Treasury Bills	8.92 to 11.94	11.63 to 11.94
Federal Government scrip	3	3

MRTBs are created for a period of six months where as Federal Government Scrips are of a perpetual nature.

12.2 Investments in shares of banks and other financial institutions (note 12.2.1)

	Note	2013 % of holding	2012	2011	2013	2012 (Restated)	2011 (Restated)
					----- (Rupees in '000) -----		
Listed							
- National Bank of Pakistan	12.2.2	75.20	75.20	75.20	65,785,656	60,571,550	63,766,180
- United Bank Limited	12.2.3	19.49	19.49	19.49	25,665,079	18,698,911	14,769,710
- Allied Bank Limited	12.2.4	10.07	10.07	10.07	7,182,365	6,114,070	5,554,780
- Habib Bank Limited	12.2.5	40.60	40.60	40.60	64,559,419	55,540,277	51,931,976
					<u>163,192,519</u>	<u>140,924,808</u>	<u>136,022,646</u>
Unlisted							
- Federal Bank for Cooperatives		75.00	75.00	75.00	150,000	150,000	150,000
- Equity Participated Fund		0.00	0.00	65.81	-	-	37,540
Other investments with holding less than or equal to 50%					<u>4,712,706</u>	<u>4,769,706</u>	<u>4,769,707</u>
					<u><u>168,055,225</u></u>	<u><u>145,844,514</u></u>	<u><u>140,979,893</u></u>

12.2.1 Investments in above entities have been made under the specific directives of the Government of Pakistan in accordance with the provisions of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 and other relevant statutes. The management of the Bank does not exercise significant influence or control over these entities except for any regulatory purposes or control arising as a consequence of any statute which applies to the entire sector to which these entities belong. Accordingly, these entities have not been consolidated as subsidiaries or accounted for as investments in associates, or joint ventures.

12.2.2 Cost of the Bank's investment in the shares of National Bank of Pakistan at June 30, 2013 amounted to Rs. 1,100.8 million (2012: Rs. 1,100.8 million).

12.2.3 Cost of the Bank's investment in the shares of United Bank Limited at June 30, 2013 amounted to Rs. 5,919.5 million (2012: Rs. 5,919.5 million).

12.2.4 Cost of the Bank's investment in the shares of Allied Bank Limited at June 30, 2013 amounted to Rs. 350.6 million (2012: Rs. 350.6 million).

12.2.5 Cost of the Bank's investment in the shares of Habib Bank Limited at June 30, 2013 amounted to Rs. 8,192.8 million (2012: Rs. 8,192.8 million).

12.3 Provision against diminution in value of investments	Note	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Opening balance		385,971	445,183
Provision during the year	12.3.1	737,104	-
Reversal during the year		(59,212)	(59,212)
Write-off during the year	12.3.2	(57,000)	-
Closing balance		<u><u>1,006,863</u></u>	<u><u>385,971</u></u>

12.3.1 This represent impairment loss recognised in respect of Bank's investment in Pak Libya Holding Company Limited.

12.3.2 This represents write off of investment in shares of Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan against related provision.

13. LOANS, ADVANCES, BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND COMMERCIAL PAPERS	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Governments	<i>13.1</i>	18,535,338	36,097,865
Government owned / controlled financial institutions	<i>13.2 & 13.3</i>	99,102,323	99,767,523
Private sector financial institutions	<i>13.4</i>	205,725,901	193,631,809
		304,828,224	293,399,332
Employees		6,810,142	5,975,173
		330,173,704	335,472,370
Provision against doubtful balances	<i>13.5</i>	(5,340,825)	(6,397,908)
		324,832,879	329,074,462
13.1 Loans and advances to the Governments			
Provincial Government - Punjab	<i>13.1.1</i>	11,477,094	25,477,121
Provincial Government - Baluchistan	<i>13.1.2</i>	5,183,244	8,183,244
Provincial Government - Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	<i>13.1.3</i>	1,875,000	2,437,500
		18,535,338	36,097,865

During the year, mark-up on above balances due from the Provincial Governments was charged at various rates ranging between 9.21% to 11.93% (2012: 11.71% to 13.65%) per annum.

- 13.1.1** This includes current account receivable balance of the Government of Punjab amounting to Rs. 50,900 million converted in a loan balance under agreement finalised on November 10, 2009 and which is effective from August 1, 2009. This loan carries interest equivalent to quarterly average rate of six months weighted average Market Treasury Bills and is repayable in 48 equal installments of Rs. 1,060 million each starting from October 1, 2009. Two installments of January 2012 and February 2012 have been deferred upon request of Government of Punjab. Accordingly the date of recovery of last installment has been revised to November 1, 2013. As at June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance of this loan amounts to Rs. 5,302 million (2012: Rs 18,027 million). The loan is secured by the guarantee of the Federal Government.

Further, this amount also includes bridge financing facility extended to the Government of Punjab under agreement carried out on May 27, 2009. This loan is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments amounting to Rs. 318.75 million starting from July 2010 along with mark-up at the rate of 3 months weighted average Market Treasury Bills rate of the last auction of the preceding quarter. As at June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance of this loan amounts to Rs. 6,175 million (2012: Rs 7,450 million). The loan is secured by the guarantee of the Federal Government.

- 13.1.2** This represents current account receivable balance of the Government of Baluchistan and carries interest at a rate equivalent to six months weighted average Market Treasury Bills rate. Under the agreement, the total loan is repayable in 65 monthly installments, which started from July 1, 2009. The loan is secured by the guarantee of the Federal Government.

- 13.1.3** This represents bridge financing facility extended to Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa under agreement carried out on December 28, 2010. This loan is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments amounting to Rs. 187.5 million starting from December 31, 2011 along with mark-up at the rate of 3 months weighted average Market Treasury Bills rate of the last auction of the preceding quarter. As at June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance of this loan amounts to Rs. 1,875 million (2012: Rs. 2,437 million). The loan is secured by the guarantee of the Federal Government.

13.2 Loans and advances to Government owned / controlled financial institutions

	<u>Scheduled banks</u>		<u>Other financial institutions</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
----- (Rupees in '000) -----						
Agricultural sector (13.2.1)	50,659,855	50,789,594	-	-	50,659,855	50,789,594
Industrial sector (13.2.1 & 13.2.3)	6,709,427	7,573,812	-	-	6,709,427	7,573,812
Export sector (13.3)	13,547,868	13,218,944	3,567	3,567	13,551,435	13,222,511
Housing sector (13.2.2)	-	-	11,242,300	11,242,300	11,242,300	11,242,300
Others (13.2.1, 13.2.3 & 13.2.4)	16,939,306	16,939,306	-	-	16,939,306	16,939,306
	87,856,456	88,521,656	11,245,867	11,245,867	99,102,323	99,767,523

13.2.1 Exposure to the agricultural and industrial sectors include Rs. 50,174.09 million and Rs. 1,083.12 million (2012: Rs. 50,174.09 million and Rs. 1,083.12 million) respectively, representing the cumulative government guaranteed financing of Rs. 51,257.21 million (2012: Rs. 51,257.21 million) to Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited (ZTBL) in addition to the unsecured subordinated loan to ZTBL amounting to Rs. 3,204 million (2012: Rs. 3,204 million) classified in other loans and advances. The entire exposure has become overdue and the restructuring of ZTBL is in progress and detailed terms of repayment of these finances are expected to be finalised in due course.

13.2.2 This represents loan receivable from House Building Finance Corporation Limited (HBFCL) against seven credit lines on profit and loss sharing basis. As at June 30, 2013 all of these credit lines are over due amounting to Rs. 11,242 million (2012: Rs. 11,242 million). These credit lines are secured by the guarantee from the Federal Government.

13.2.3 This includes exposure to the Industrial Development Bank Limited (IDBL) under Locally Manufactured Machinery (LMM) Credit Line amounting to Rs. 1,054 million (2012: Rs. 1,054 million). Furthermore, loans and advances also include loans amounting to Rs. 13,000 million and Rs. 340.78 million (2012: Rs. 13,000 million and Rs. 340.78 million) to IDBL which are secured by the Government guarantee and other Government securities respectively. The Federal Government during the current year vide its vesting order dated November 13, 2012 has transferred and vested all assets and liabilities of IDBP into the IDBL with effect from November 13, 2012. In line with the Federal Cabinet decision of winding up, the bank closed nine of its branches during the current year.

13.2.4 These balances include Rs. 423 million (2012: Rs. 423 million) which are recoverable from various financial institutions operating in Bangladesh (former East Pakistan). The realisability of these balances is subject to final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan).

13.3 These balances include face value of certain commercial papers amounting to Rs. 78.5 million (2012: Rs. 78.5 million) which are held in Bangladesh (former East Pakistan). The realisability of this amount is subject to final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan). These commercial papers are included in assets of Issue Department.

13.4 Loans and advances to private sector financial institutions

	<u>Scheduled banks</u>		<u>Other financial institutions</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
----- (Rupees in '000) -----						
Agricultural sector	1,627,651	1,352,495	131,540	157,846	1,759,191	1,510,341
Industrial sector	35,402,043	35,816,917	4,252,409	4,651,692	39,654,452	40,468,609
Export sector	164,286,776	151,627,377	-	-	164,286,776	151,627,377
Others	25,482	25,482	-	-	25,482	25,482
	201,341,952	188,822,271	4,383,949	4,809,538	205,725,901	193,631,809

13.5 Provision against doubtful assets

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
<u>(Rupees in '000)</u>		
Opening balance	6,397,908	6,397,908
Reversal during the year	(1,057,083)	-
Closing balance	5,340,825	6,397,908

13.6 The interest / mark-up rate profile of the interest / mark-up bearing loans and advances is as follows:

		2013 (% per annum)	2012
Government owned / controlled and private sector financial institutions		0 to 11	0 to 12
Employees loans		10	10
14. ASSETS HELD WITH THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Gold reserves			
- Opening balance		5,075,827	4,346,524
- (Diminution) / appreciation for the year due to revaluation	30	(1,086,193)	729,303
		<u>3,989,634</u>	<u>5,075,827</u>
Sterling securities		501,657	486,977
Government of India securities		16,970	17,047
Rupee coins		4,938	4,959
	14.1	<u>4,513,199</u>	<u>5,584,810</u>
Indian notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India	14.2	723,449	726,719
	19.1	<u>5,236,648</u>	<u>6,311,529</u>
14.1	These assets were allocated to the Government of Pakistan as its share of the assets of the Reserve Bank of India under the provisions of Pakistan (Monetary System and Reserve Bank) Order, 1947. The transfer of these assets to the Bank is subject to final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and India (also refer note 26.2.1).		
14.2	These represent Pak Rupee equivalent of Indian rupee notes which were in circulation in Pakistan until retirement from circulation under the Pakistan (Monetary System and Reserve Bank) Order, 1947. Realisability of these assets is subject to final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and India (also refer note 26.2.1).		
15. BALANCES DUE FROM THE GOVERNMENTS OF INDIA AND BANGLADESH (FORMER EAST PAKISTAN)	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
India			
Advance against printing of notes		39,616	39,616
Receivable from the Reserve Bank of India		837	837
		<u>40,453</u>	<u>40,453</u>
Bangladesh (former East Pakistan)			
Inter office balances		819,924	819,924
Loans and advances	15.1	6,458,161	5,937,056
		<u>7,278,085</u>	<u>6,756,980</u>
	15.2	<u>7,318,538</u>	<u>6,797,433</u>
15.1	These represent interest bearing loans and advances provided to the Government of Bangladesh (former East Pakistan).		
15.2	The realisability of the above balances is subject to final settlement between the Government of Pakistan and Governments of Bangladesh (former East Pakistan) and India (also refer notes 26.1 and 26.2.1).		
16. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Operating fixed assets	16.1	21,597,598	22,804,949
Capital work-in-progress	16.3	505,907	364,253
		<u>22,103,505</u>	<u>23,169,202</u>

16.1 Operating fixed assets

	2013							
	Cost / revalued amount at July 1, 2012	Additions / (deletions) during the year	Cost / revalued amount at June 30, 2013	Accumulated depreciation at July 1, 2012	Depreciation for the year/ (deletions)	Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2013	Net book value at June 30, 2013	Annual rate of depreciation %
----- (Rupees in '000) -----								
Freehold land	3,791,658	-	3,791,658	-	-	-	3,791,658	-
Leasehold land	16,807,143	3,862	16,811,005	589,562	590,006	1,179,568	15,631,437	over the remaining term of lease
Buildings on freehold land	1,041,145	26,367	1,067,512	203,807	210,392	414,199	653,313	over the remaining useful life
Buildings on leasehold land	1,916,988	40,538	1,957,526	368,691	379,481	748,172	1,209,354	over the remaining term of lease
Furniture and fixtures	98,537	1,623 (2,139)	98,021	71,213	8,532 (2,132)	77,613	20,408	10
Office equipment	628,272	44,733 (40,540)	632,465	464,640	69,702 (40,283)	494,059	138,406	20
EDP equipment	1,241,961	44,828 (2,507)	1,284,282	1,169,325	67,975 (1,518)	1,235,782	48,500	33.33
Motor vehicles	273,026	18,942 (18,736)	273,232	126,543	54,174 (12,007)	168,710	104,522	20
	25,798,730	180,893 (63,922)	25,915,701	2,993,781	1,380,262 (55,940)	4,318,103	21,597,598	
----- (Rupees in '000) -----								
	2012							
	Cost / revalued amount at July 1, 2011	Additions / (deletions) during the year	Cost / revalued amount at June 30, 2012	Accumulated depreciation at July 1, 2011	Depreciation for the year/ (deletions)/ adjustments	Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2012	Net book value at June 30, 2012	Annual rate of depreciation %
----- (Rupees in '000) -----								
Freehold land	3,791,658	-	3,791,658	-	-	-	3,791,658	-
Leasehold land	16,735,802	71,341	16,807,143	-	589,562	589,562	16,217,581	over the remaining term of lease
Buildings on freehold land	1,019,194	21,951	1,041,145	-	203,807	203,807	837,338	over the remaining useful life
Buildings on leasehold land	1,878,950	38,038	1,916,988	-	368,691	368,691	1,548,297	over the remaining term of lease
Furniture and fixtures	106,267	1,556 (9,286)	98,537	71,492	8,946 (9,225)	71,213	27,324	10
Office equipment	607,425	39,267 (18,420)	628,272	400,237	81,763 (17,385) 25	464,640	163,632	20
EDP equipment	1,247,382	21,266 (26,687)	1,241,961	1,043,105	142,976 (16,796) 40	1,169,325	72,636	33.33
Motor vehicles	272,679	33,308 (32,961)	273,026	94,584	52,531 (20,572)	126,543	146,483	20
	25,659,357	226,727 (87,354) -	25,798,730	1,609,418	1,448,276 (63,978) 65	2,993,781	22,804,949	

16.2 Last revaluation was carried out on June 30, 2011 by Iqbal A.Nanjee & Co. (Pvt.) Ltd, independent valuers.

16.2.1 Subsequent to revaluation on June 30, 2006, which had resulted in a net surplus of Rs.12,552.51 million, all land and buildings were revalued again on June 30, 2011 which resulted in a net surplus of Rs.7,231.39 million. The land and buildings valuations were carried out on the basis of professional assessment of market values by the independent valuers. Had there been no revaluation, the carrying value of the revalued assets would have been as follows:

	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Freehold land	39,124	39,124
Leasehold land	89,305	87,038
Buildings on freehold land	330,799	321,842
Buildings on leasehold land	553,314	541,898
	<u>1,012,542</u>	<u>989,902</u>

16.3 Capital work-in-progress

Buildings on freehold land	14,641	8,016
Buildings on leasehold land	402,567	309,301
Furniture and fixtures	181	-
Office equipment	57,091	46,558
EDP equipment	31,427	378
	<u>505,907</u>	<u>364,253</u>

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Cost at July 1	Additions during the year	Cost at June 30	Accumulated amortisation at July 1	Amortisation for the year	Accumulated amortisation at June 30	Net book value at June 30	Annual rate of amortisation %
------(Rupees in '000) -----								
Software 2013	601,575	305	601,880	570,693	14,946	585,639	16,241	33.33
Software 2012	565,048	36,527	601,575	543,553	27,140	570,693	30,882	33.33

18. OTHER ASSETS

	Note	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Accrued interest / mark-up, discount and return		4,055,326	4,817,489
Other advances, deposits and prepayments		607,478	581,502
Others		38,765	36,625
		<u>4,701,569</u>	<u>5,435,616</u>

19. BANK NOTES IN CIRCULATION

Total bank notes issued	19.1	2,041,504,603	1,777,122,544
Notes held with the Banking Department	6	(143,300)	(160,156)
Notes in circulation		<u>2,041,361,303</u>	<u>1,776,962,388</u>

19.1 The liability for bank notes issued of the Issue Department is recorded at its face value in the balance sheet. In accordance with section 26 (1) of SBP Act 1956, this liability is supported by the following assets of the Issue Department.

	Note	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Gold reserves held by the Bank	5	246,096,839	313,077,419
Coins	6	924,997	1,814,196
Foreign currency reserves	7	92,827,744	360,180,828
Special Drawing Rights of the International Monetary Fund	9	7,437,650	7,146,000
Investments	12	1,688,902,225	1,088,514,072
Commercial papers held in Bangladesh (former East Pakistan)	13.3	78,500	78,500
Assets held with the Reserve Bank of India	14	5,236,648	6,311,529
		<u>2,041,504,603</u>	<u>1,777,122,544</u>

20. CURRENT ACCOUNTS OF GOVERNMENTS	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
20.1 Current accounts of Governments - payable balances			
Federal Government	20.3	75,614,619	95,381,342
Provincial Governments			
- Punjab	20.4	7,360,430	16,404,794
- Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	20.6	27,939,475	28,601,808
- Baluchistan	20.7	19,823,291	8,427,963
Gilgit - Baltistan Administration Authority	20.8	2,654,671	-
		57,777,867	53,434,565
		133,392,486	148,815,907
20.2 Current accounts of Governments - receivable balances			
Provincial Government of Sindh	20.5	3,544,752	9,470,579
Gilgit - Baltistan Administration Authority	20.8	-	600,965
Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir	20.9	2,388,010	2,672,863
		5,932,762	12,744,407
20.3 Federal Government			
Non-food account		105,372,208	126,141,484
Zakat fund accounts		4,057,267	3,956,688
Railways accounts		(37,915,421)	(38,806,766)
Other accounts		4,100,565	4,089,936
		75,614,619	95,381,342
20.4 Provincial Government - Punjab			
Non-food account		(43,130,592)	(34,998,448)
Zakat fund account		1,136,322	2,373,632
Other accounts		49,354,700	49,029,610
		7,360,430	16,404,794
20.5 Provincial Government - Sindh			
Non-food account		(6,174,700)	(12,129,639)
Zakat fund account		2,529,730	2,434,119
Other accounts		100,218	224,941
		(3,544,752)	(9,470,579)
Classified as receivable balance	20.10	3,544,752	9,470,579
		-	-

20.6 Provincial Government - Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Non-food account		7,455,660	15,426,567
Zakat fund account		1,012,133	1,168,535
Other accounts		19,471,682	12,006,706
		27,939,475	28,601,808
20.7 Provincial Government - Baluchistan			
Non-food account		19,279,158	7,843,144
Zakat fund account		417,194	357,606
Other accounts		126,939	227,213
		19,823,291	8,427,963
20.8 Gilgit - Baltistan Administration Authority		2,654,671	(600,965)
Classified as receivable balance	<i>20.10</i>	-	600,965
		2,654,671	-
20.9 Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir		(2,388,010)	(2,672,863)
Classified as receivable balance	<i>20.10</i>	2,388,010	2,672,863
		-	-

20.10 These balances carry mark-up at the rate of 9.95% per annum (2012: 11.94% per annum).

21. SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENT TO REPURCHASE

This represent borrowings under repurchase agreement. There is no balance outstanding as at June 30, 2013 (2012: balances outstanding at markup of 9% per annum, maturing on July 3, 2012).

22. BILATERAL CURRENCY SWAP AGREEMENTS

22.1 Payable under bilateral currency swap agreement with the People's Bank of China (PBoC)

A bilateral currency swap agreement was entered between the Bank and the PBoC on December 23, 2011 in order to promote bilateral trade, finance direct investment, provide short term liquidity support and for any other purpose mutually agreed between the two central banks. The agreement is for a tenure of 3 years with overall limit of PKR 140,000 million and CNY 10,000 million in respective currencies. The Bank has purchased CNY 5,000 million against PKR during the year with maturity of one year, which have been fully utilized as on June 30, 2013 and the same amount is outstanding as on June 30, 2013. Markup is charged on outstanding balance at agreed rates. As at June 30, 2013, the Bank's overall commitment under this agreement is PKR 140,000 million.

22.2 Bilateral currency swap agreement with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey (CBRT)

A bilateral currency swap agreement was entered between the Bank and the CBRT on November 1, 2011 in order to promote bilateral trade and for any other purpose mutually agreed between the two central banks. The agreement is for a tenure of 3 years with overall limit of PKR 86,300 million and Turkish LIRA (TRY) 1,800 million in respective currencies. Till June 30, 2013, there has been no request from either of the two central banks to activate this agreement.

23. DEPOSITS OF BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	<i>Note</i>	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Foreign currency			
Scheduled banks		23,420,232	23,115,145
Held under Cash Reserve Requirement		<u>117,681,704</u>	<u>104,970,918</u>
		141,101,936	128,086,063
Local currency			
Scheduled banks		331,626,659	266,657,312
Financial institutions		2,852,018	1,366,081
Others		67,188	63,011
		334,545,865	268,086,404
		<u>475,647,801</u>	<u>396,172,467</u>
24. OTHER DEPOSITS AND ACCOUNTS			
Foreign currency			
Foreign central banks		44,846,775	42,548,754
International organisations	24.2	35,408,287	43,074,422
Others		<u>15,319,924</u>	<u>15,113,063</u>
		95,574,986	100,736,239
Local currency			
Special debt repayment	24.3	24,074,660	23,914,674
Government	24.4	19,130,988	19,130,988
Foreign central banks		1,848	-
International organisations		6,099,056	-
Others		10,710,958	9,074,822
		60,017,510	52,120,484
		<u>155,592,496</u>	<u>152,856,723</u>
24.1 The interest rate profile of the interest bearing deposits is as follows:			
		2013	2012
		(% per annum)	
Foreign central banks		0.36 to 0.61	0.31 to 0.58
International organisations		1.42 to 2.51	1.39 to 2.51
Others		0 to 0.17	0 to 1.11

- 24.2** This includes two long-term deposits of USD 500 million each received from the State Administration Foreign Exchange (SAFE) China in January 2009 (rolled-over in January 2013) and June 2012 carrying interest at six months LIBOR plus 100 bps and twelve months LIBOR plus 100 bps respectively, both payable semi-annually. These deposits of USD 500 million each have been set off against the rupee counterpart receivable from the Federal Government and have been covered under Ministry of Finance (MoF) Guarantees dated February 7, 2013 and June 29, 2012 whereby the MoF has agreed to assume all liabilities and risks arising from the Bank's agreement with SAFE China.

Further, this also includes a deposit of USD 500 million received from SAFE China in June 2008 carrying interest at six months LIBOR plus 100 bps, payable semi-annually. The outstanding balance of this deposit is USD 100 million as on June 30, 2013 (2012: USD 200 million). This deposit is the direct liability of the Bank.

- 24.3** These are free of interest and represent amounts kept in separate special accounts to meet forthcoming foreign currency debt repayment obligations of the Government of Pakistan.
- 24.4** These represent rupee counterpart of the foreign currency loan disbursements received from various international financial institutions on behalf of the Government and credited to separate deposit accounts in accordance with the instructions of the Government.

25. PAYABLE TO THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Borrowings under:			
- Fund facilities	25.1 & 25.4	273,926,650	487,815,186
- Other credit schemes	25.2 & 25.4	10,250,867	27,084,483
- Allocation of SDRs	25.3	147,051,898	141,285,603
		431,229,415	656,185,272
Current account for administrative charges		34	33
		431,229,449	656,185,305

- 25.1** IMF granted a Stand By Arrangement Facility (SBAF) amounting to SDR 5,168.50 million in FY 2008-09. The facility was extended in FY 2009-10 to SDR 7,235.90 million which includes financing for Budget Support for the Government of Pakistan amounting to SDR 951.10 million. The amount was to be disbursed by IMF in 8 tranches starting from November 26, 2008 to November 30, 2011. However, a total amount of SDR 4,936.04 million, including GoP Budgetary Support, was disbursed under five (5) tranches of SBAF up to June 30, 2010. The Bank's share in the disbursement was SDR 3,984.94 million. The facility is subject to mark up based on the weekly rates determined by the IMF and is payable on each quarter end. The repayment of the facility has commenced from February 2012 and would continue up to May 2015. Up to June 30, 2013 out of the Bank's share an amount of SDR 2,147.28 million has been repaid (2012: SDR 587.92 million). The outstanding balance as on June 30, 2013 is SDR 1,837.65 million (2012: SDR 3,397.02 million).

25.2 Under IMF's lending facility for Low Income Countries (LICs) i.e. Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility (PRGF), a total amount of SDR 861.42 million was disbursed to Pakistan from December 2001 to July 2004. Up to June 30, 2013 an amount of SDR 792.51 million has been repaid (2012: SDR 671.91 million). Outstanding balance as on June 30, 2013 is SDR 68.91 million (2012: SDR 189.51 million).

25.3 This represents amount payable against allocation of SDRs. A charge is levied by the IMF on the SDR allocation of the Bank at weekly interest rate applicable on daily product of SDR.

25.4 Interest profile of amount payable to the IMF is as under:

	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(% per annum)	
Fund facilities	25.4.1	1.04 to 1.12	1.10 to 1.60
Other credit schemes	25.4.2	Nil	Nil

25.4.1 Fund facilities of IMF are also subject to use of fund surcharge and additional surcharge of 2% and 1% per annum respectively payable on a quarterly basis. Use of fund surcharge as levied when the outstanding loan exceeds 300% of the quota whereas additional surcharge is levied when outstanding loan amount exceeding 300% of the quota remains outstanding for more than 3 years. These surcharge were levied up to March 31, 2013.

25.4.2 On December 21, 2012 the IMF Board extended the waiver of interest payments for concessional loans till December 31, 2014.

26. OTHER LIABILITIES	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Foreign currency			
Accrued interest and discount on deposits		798,239	2,529,111
Charges on allocation of Special Drawing Rights of the IMF		16,075	30,303
		814,314	2,559,414
Local currency			
Overdue mark-up and return	26.1	6,142,508	5,621,403
Remittance clearance account		1,652,084	1,556,814
Exchange loss payable under exchange risk coverage scheme		226,436	228,556
Balance profit payable to the Government of Pakistan		76,472,914	62,700,879
Dividend payable	26.3	10,000	10,000
Share of loss payable under profit and loss sharing arrangements		2,407,129	2,407,129
Other accruals and provisions	26.2	20,223,909	21,696,808
Others	26.4	1,237,025	3,805,790
		108,372,005	98,027,379
		109,186,319	100,586,793

26.1 This represents suspended markup which is recoverable from Government of Bangladesh (former East Pakistan) subject to the final settlement between the Governments of Pakistan and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan).

26.2	Other accruals and provisions	Note	2013	2012
			(Rupees in '000)	
	Agency commission		8,761,090	7,144,581
	Provision for employees' compensated absences	41.6	1,633,039	1,296,007
	Provision for other doubtful assets	26.2.1	6,359,475	7,435,365
	Other provisions	26.2.2	2,848,933	4,981,171
	Others		621,372	839,684
			<u>20,223,909</u>	<u>21,696,808</u>

26.2.1 Provision for other doubtful assets

Provision against assets receivable from Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India

- Issue Department	5,460,117	6,536,007
- Banking Department	40,483	40,483
	<u>5,500,600</u>	<u>6,576,490</u>

Provision against assets receivable from Government of Bangladesh (Former East Pakistan)

- Issue Department	78,500	78,500
- Banking Department	780,375	780,375
	<u>858,875</u>	<u>858,875</u>
	<u>6,359,475</u>	<u>7,435,365</u>

26.2.1.1 Movement of provisions for other doubtful assets

Opening balance	7,435,365	2,463,856
Addition during the year	10,303	5,073,924
Reversal of provision	(1,086,193)	(102,415)
Closing balance	<u>6,359,475</u>	<u>7,435,365</u>

26.2.2 Movement of other provisions

Opening balance	4,981,171	3,110,055
(Reversal) / charge during the year	(550,880)	1,885,143
Payment during the year	(1,581,358)	(14,027)
Closing balance	<u>2,848,933</u>	<u>4,981,171</u>

	Home remittance	Agriculture loan	Specific claims (note 26.2.2.2)	Others (note 26.2.2.1)	Total
----- (Rupees in '000) -----					
Opening balance	260,363	245,099	1,600,000	2,875,709	4,981,171
Charge during the year	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal during the year	-	(245,099)	-	(305,781)	(550,880)
Payment during the year	-	-	-	(1,581,358)	(1,581,358)
Closing balance	<u>260,363</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,600,000</u>	<u>988,570</u>	<u>2,848,933</u>

- 26.2.2.1** This represents provision made in respect of various litigation against the Bank.
- 26.2.2.2** This represents provision made against a claim under arbitration.
- 26.3** This includes dividend payable on shares held by the Government of Pakistan and Government controlled entities amounting to Rs. 9.99 million.
- 26.4** This includes liability relating to demonetization of Rs. 5 note.

27. DEFERRED LIABILITY - UNFUNDED STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Gratuity scheme		6,660	1,803
Pension		5,924,071	4,981,930
Benevolent fund scheme		367,769	305,672
Post retirement medical benefits		2,061,721	1,584,799
Six months post retirement facility		159,043	-
	41.5.3	8,519,264	6,874,204
Provident fund scheme		212,960	218,866
		8,732,224	7,093,070

28. SHARE CAPITAL

2013	2012		2013	2012
(Number of shares)			(Rupees in '000)	
Authorised share capital				
1,000,000	1,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each	100,000	100,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital				
1,000,000	1,000,000	Fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each	100,000	100,000

The shares of the Bank are held by the Government of Pakistan and certain Government controlled entities except for 200 shares held by the Central Bank of India (held by Deputy Custodian Enemy Property, Banking Policy and Regulations Department, State Bank of Pakistan) and 500 shares held by the State of Hyderabad.

29. RESERVES

29.1 Reserve Fund

This represents appropriations made out of the annual profits of the Bank in accordance with the provisions of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956.

29.2 Other Funds

These represent appropriations made out of the surplus profits of the Bank for certain specified purposes in accordance with the provisions of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956.

30. UNREALISED APPRECIATION ON GOLD RESERVES	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Opening balance		309,565,438	268,947,619
Revaluation reserve relating to gold reserves held by the Reserve Bank of India transferred to provision for other doubtful assets		-	(4,344,622)
(Diminution) / appreciation for the year due to revaluation	5	(66,996,455)	44,962,441
		<u>242,568,983</u>	<u>309,565,438</u>

31. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

31.1 Contingencies		2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
a) Contingent liability in respect of guarantees given on behalf of:			
Federal Government		36,033,835	44,051,938
Federal Government owned / controlled bodies and authorities		8,307,650	8,187,802
		<u>44,341,485</u>	<u>52,239,740</u>

Above guarantees are secured by counter guarantees either from the Government of Pakistan or local financial institutions.

- b) Certain employees of the Bank who had retired under the Early Retirement Incentive Scheme (ERIS) introduced in the year 2000 had filed a case against the Bank in the Federal Services Tribunal (FST) for the enhancement of their entitlement paid under the above scheme. The Tribunal has decided the case in favour of these employees and has directed that the entitlement under the above scheme should include the effect of subsequent increases in certain staff retirement and other benefits. The Bank, in response to the above decision of the Tribunal filed a civil petition for leave to appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan. In prior years, the Honourable Bench of the Supreme Court of Pakistan set aside the judgment of FST and allowed employees to avail proper forum. The employees have filed an appeal in the Honourable Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, the decision of which is pending. The management is confident that the Bank would not have to bear any additional expenditure on this account and, accordingly, no provision has been made in this respect.

	2013	2012
	(Rupees in '000)	
c) Other claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debts	<u>827,751</u>	<u>853,293</u>
31.2 Commitments		
Foreign currency forward and swap contracts - sale	<u>420,921,081</u>	412,632,541
Foreign currency forward and swap contracts - purchase	<u>423,161,966</u>	390,848,354
Futures - sale	<u>14,044,952</u>	15,877,206
Futures - purchase	<u>15,806,824</u>	13,242,061

31.2.1 Commitments in respect of bilateral currency swap agreements with People's Bank of China and Central Bank of Republic of Turkey have been disclosed in note 22.

32. DISCOUNT, INTEREST / MARK-UP AND / OR RETURN EARNED	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Discount, interest / mark-up on:			
- Government Market Related Treasury Bills		177,876,025	174,398,455
- Federal Government Scrips		82,200	82,200
- Loans and advances to Governments	<i>32.1</i>	3,329,965	6,875,852
Securities purchased under agreement to resale		43,747,253	25,444,640
Share of profit on finances under profit and loss sharing arrangements		18,151,189	20,406,243
Foreign currency deposits		2,321,670	4,003,327
Foreign currency securities		5,046,804	4,847,634
Others		126,494	132,945
		<u>250,681,600</u>	<u>236,191,296</u>
32.1 Interest profile on loans and advances to facilities are as under:			
		2013	2012
		(% per annum)	
Mark-up on facility		9.21 to 11.93	11.71 to 13.65
Additional mark-up (where ways and means facility limit is exceeded)		4	4
33. INTEREST / MARK-UP EXPENSE			
	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Deposits		7,336,801	10,606,882
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase		231,486	685,008
Others		24,450	46,340
		<u>7,592,737</u>	<u>11,338,230</u>
34. COMMISSION INCOME			
Market Treasury Bills	<i>34.1</i>	528,351	341,647
Draft / payment orders		178,055	731,424
Prize Bonds and National Saving Certificates	<i>34.1</i>	337,409	311,099
Management of public debts	<i>34.1</i>	347,218	215,856
Others		367,592	352,757
		<u>1,758,625</u>	<u>1,952,783</u>

34.1 These represent commission income earned from services provided to the Federal Government.

35. EXCHANGE GAIN - NET	2013	2012
	(Rupees in '000)	
Gain / (loss) on:		
- Foreign currency placements, deposits, securities and other accounts - net	25,856,535	67,584,902
- Forward covers under Exchange Risk Coverage Scheme	5,728	18,689
- Payable to the IMF	(16,233,145)	(21,969,395)
- Special Drawing Rights of the IMF	(3,019,610)	(2,907,061)
	6,609,508	42,727,135
Exchange risk fee income	93,907	100,503
	6,703,415	42,827,638

36. PROFIT EARNED THROUGH SUBSIDIARIES

SBP Banking Services Corporation	59,166	71,123
National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited	87,988	100,843
	147,154	171,966

The above represents the profit of subsidiaries for the year ended June 30, 2013 transferred to the Bank in accordance with the arrangements mentioned in note 41.3.

37. OTHER OPERATING (LOSS) / INCOME - NET

	2013	2012
	(Rupees in '000)	
Penalties levied on banks and financial institutions	904,330	1,144,218
License / Credit Information Bureau fee recovered	182,314	141,372
Gain / (loss) on sale of investment:		
Local	(276)	-
Foreign	1,625,362	1,655,898
	1,625,086	1,655,898
(Loss) / gain on remeasurement of securities classified as held for trading	(3,748,949)	6,097,647
Others	16,908	(5,484)
	(1,020,311)	9,033,651

38. OTHER INCOME / (CHARGES) - NET

Gain on disposal of property and equipment	159	5,241
Liabilities and provisions written back - net	777	4,329
Charges on allocation of Special Drawing Rights of the IMF	(112,769)	(326,167)
Grant income under foreign assistance program	26,292	-
Others	102,977	106,418
	17,436	(210,179)

39. BANK NOTES PRINTING CHARGES

Bank notes printing charges are paid to Pakistan Security Printing Corporation (Private) Limited at agreed rates under specific arrangements.

40. AGENCY COMMISSION

Agency commission is payable to National Bank of Pakistan under an agreement at the rate of 0.13% (2012: 0.13%) of the total amount of collections and payments handled by NBP.

41. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES	<i>Note</i>	2013	2012
		(Rupees in '000)	
Salaries and other benefits		2,316,075	2,201,983
Retirement benefits and employees' compensated absences		3,597,087	3,013,882
Rent and taxes		25,492	26,369
Insurance		21,783	22,514
Electricity, gas and water		30,850	30,012
Depreciation	<i>16.1</i>	1,380,262	1,448,276
Amortisation of intangible assets	<i>17</i>	14,946	27,140
Repairs and maintenance		358,706	334,661
Auditors' remuneration	<i>41.4</i>	6,050	6,580
Legal and professional		451,404	422,512
Travelling expenses		129,482	104,919
Daily expenses		45,795	49,079
Fuel		48,799	45,814
Conveyance		6,011	5,337
Postages, telegram / telex and telephone		145,581	143,205
Training		30,668	2,001
Stationery		9,043	10,812
Books and newspapers		29,363	26,751
Advertisement		23,599	9,827
Uniforms		1,900	2,152
Others		63,382	61,348
		8,736,278	7,995,174
Expenses allocated by:			
SBP Banking Services Corporation	<i>41.1</i>	7,214,222	5,840,353
National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited		13,124	9,814
		7,227,346	5,850,167
Expenses reimbursed to:			
SBP Banking Services Corporation	<i>41.2</i>	6,213,009	6,166,746
National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited		158,351	147,459
		6,371,360	6,314,205
		22,334,984	20,159,546
41.1 Expenses allocated by SBP Banking Services Corporation			
Retirement benefits and employees' compensated absences		7,119,186	5,745,171
Depreciation		95,036	95,182
		7,214,222	5,840,353

41.2 Expenses reimbursed to SBP Banking Services Corporation	Note	2013 (Rupees in '000)	2012
Salaries and other benefits		5,243,803	5,325,967
Rent and taxes		11,833	10,607
Insurance		5,404	5,193
Electricity, gas and water		244,753	234,385
Repairs and maintenance		71,915	25,731
Auditors' remuneration	41.4	5,950	6,300
Legal and professional		4,122	3,182
Travelling expenses		12,578	10,471
Daily expenses		18,704	20,519
Recreation allowance		189,249	164,169
Fuel		3,329	3,217
Conveyance		18,049	13,449
Postage and telephone		16,797	16,969
Training		42,152	25,864
Remittance of treasure		49,870	38,743
Stationery		13,629	12,078
Books and newspapers		1,402	1,166
Advertisement		12,018	8,930
Bank guards		121,944	106,385
Uniforms		23,725	22,038
Others		101,783	111,383
		<u>6,213,009</u>	<u>6,166,746</u>

41.3 SBP Banking Services Corporation (the Corporation), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Bank, carries out certain functions and activities principally relating to public dealing on behalf of the Bank and incurs administrative costs in this respect. Accordingly, under mutually agreed arrangements, all of the above costs have been reimbursed to or allocated by the Corporation while profit of the Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2013, as mentioned in note 36, has also been transferred to the Bank. Similar treatment is also followed by the other subsidiary, National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited, under arrangements mutually agreed with the Bank.

41.4 Auditors' remuneration

	2013			2012		
	KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.	A. F. Ferguson & Co.	Total	KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.	Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder	Total (note 41.4.1)
----- (Rupees in '000) -----						
State Bank of Pakistan						
Audit fee	2,610	2,610	5,220	2,875	2,875	5,750
Out of pocket expenses	415	415	830	415	415	830
	<u>3,025</u>	<u>3,025</u>	<u>6,050</u>	3,290	3,290	6,580
SBP Banking Services Corporation						
Audit fee	2,090	2,090	4,180	2,275	2,275	4,550
Out of pocket expenses	885	885	1,770	875	875	1,750
	<u>2,975</u>	<u>2,975</u>	<u>5,950</u>	3,150	3,150	6,300
	<u>6,000</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>12,000</u>	6,440	6,440	12,880

41.4.1 This includes amount relating to the year 2011.

41.5 Staff retirement benefits

41.5.1 During the year the actuarial valuations of the defined benefit obligations were carried out under the Projected Unit Credit Method using following significant assumptions:

- Expected rate of increase in grants and contributions 6.00% (2012: 6.00%) per annum.
- Expected rate of discount 11.50% (2012: 12.50%) per annum.
- Expected rate of increase in salary 11.50% (2012: 11.50%) per annum.
- Expected rate of increase in pension 9.00% (2012: 8.00%) per annum.
- Medical cost increase 8.00% (2012: 8.50%) per annum.
- Personnel turnover 3.00% (2012: 2.50%) per annum.

41.5.2 Present value of the defined benefit obligations

Present value of obligations under the retirement benefit schemes and liabilities recognised there against for the past services of the employees at June 30, 2013 based on actuarial valuation as of that date were as follows:

	Note	2013		
		Present value of the defined benefit obligation	Unrecognised actuarial loss	Net recognised liabilities
------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Gratuity	41.5.7	17,754	(11,094)	6,660
Pension	41.5.7	13,864,007	(7,939,936)	5,924,071
Benevolent	41.5.7	621,515	(253,746)	367,769
Post retirement medical benefits	41.5.7	4,139,720	(2,077,999)	2,061,721
Six months post retirement facility	41.5.7	159,043	-	159,043
		18,802,039	(10,282,775)	8,519,264
------(Rupees in '000)-----				
2012				
		Present value of the defined benefit obligation	Unrecognised actuarial loss	Net recognised liabilities
------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Gratuity	41.5.7	12,726	(10,923)	1,803
Pension	41.5.7	11,952,287	(6,970,357)	4,981,930
Benevolent	41.5.7	496,484	(190,812)	305,672
Post retirement medical benefits	41.5.7	3,786,987	(2,202,188)	1,584,799
		16,248,484	(9,374,280)	6,874,204

41.5.3 Following is a movement in the net recognised liability in respect of the defined benefit schemes:

	2013				
	Net recognised liabilities at July 1, 2012	Charge for the year (note 41.5.6)	Payments during the year	Employees contribution / Amount transferred	Net recognised liabilities at June 30, 2013
	------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Gratuity	1,803	4,857	-	-	6,660
Pension	4,981,930	2,071,513	(1,129,372)	-	5,924,071
Benevolent	305,672	93,987	(35,736)	3,846	367,769
Post retirement medical benefits	1,584,799	695,714	(218,792)	-	2,061,721
Six months post retirement facility	-	159,043	-	-	159,043
	6,874,204	3,025,114	(1,383,900)	3,846	8,519,264

	2012				
	Net recognised liabilities at July 1, 2011	Charge for the year (note 41.5.6)	Payments during the year	Employees contribution / amount transferred	Net recognised liabilities at June 30, 2012
	------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Gratuity	1,455	4,095	(3,747)	-	1,803
Pension	4,039,153	1,924,051	(981,274)	-	4,981,930
Benevolent	276,300	77,664	(52,278)	3,986	305,672
Post retirement medical benefits	1,282,186	609,085	(306,472)	-	1,584,799
	5,599,094	2,614,895	(1,343,771)	3,986	6,874,204

41.5.4 Movement of present value of defined benefit obligation

	2013						
	Obligation as at July 1, 2012	Current Service cost	Interest cost	Benefit paid	Past service cost	Actuarial loss	Obligation as at June 30, 2013
	------(Rupees in '000)-----						
Gratuity	12,726	1,632	2,019	-	-	1,377	17,754
Pension	11,952,287	172,000	1,322,000	(1,129,372)	-	1,547,092	13,864,007
Benevolent	496,484	15,000	70,000	(35,736)	-	75,767	621,515
Post retirement medical benefits	3,786,987	39,992	473,373	(218,792)	-	58,160	4,139,720
Six months post retirement facility	-	-	-	-	159,043	-	159,043
	16,248,484	228,624	1,867,392	(1,383,900)	159,043	1,682,396	18,802,039

	2012						
	Obligation as at July 1, 2011	Current Service cost	Interest cost	Benefit paid	Past service cost	Actuarial loss	Obligation as at June 30, 2012
	------(Rupees in '000)-----						
Gratuity	9,794	1,906	1,371	(3,747)	-	3,402	12,726
Pension	9,692,032	149,476	1,356,884	(981,274)	(8,908)	1,744,077	11,952,287
Benevolent	427,280	12,811	59,818	(52,278)	-	48,853	496,484
Post retirement medical benefits	2,940,018	27,016	411,603	(306,472)	46,481	668,341	3,786,987
	13,069,124	191,209	1,829,676	(1,343,771)	37,573	2,464,673	16,248,484

41.5.5 Expected contributions to be paid to the funds in the next financial year

The Bank contributes to the retirement schemes according to the actuary's advice. Based on actuarial advice, the management estimates that charge / (reversal) in respect of defined benefit plans for the year ending June 30, 2014 would be as follows:

	Gratuity	Pension	Benevolent	Post retirement medical benefits	Leave Encashment	Six months post retirement
	------(Rupees in '000)-----					
Expected charge for the year	3,739	1,809,113	92,143	538,305	280,269	30,195

41.5.6 Amount recognised in the profit and loss account

The amounts charged in the profit and loss account during the current year in respect of the above benefits are as follows:

	2013					Total
	Current service cost	Interest cost	Past service cost	Actuarial loss recognised	Employees contributions	
	------(Rupees in '000)-----					
Gratuity	1,632	2,019	-	1,206	-	4,857
Pension	172,000	1,322,000	-	577,513	-	2,071,513
Benevolent	15,000	70,000	-	12,833	(3,846)	93,987
Post retirement medical benefits	39,992	473,373	-	182,349	-	695,714
Six months post retirement facility	-	-	159,043	-	-	159,043
	228,624	1,867,392	159,043	773,901	(3,846)	3,025,114

	2012					Total
	Current service cost	Interest cost	Past service cost	Actuarial loss recognised	Employees contributions	
	------(Rupees in '000)-----					
Gratuity	1,906	1,371	-	818	-	4,095
Pension	149,476	1,356,884	(8,908)	426,599	-	1,924,051
Benevolent	12,811	59,818	-	9,021	(3,986)	77,664
Post retirement medical benefits	27,016	411,603	46,481	123,985	-	609,085
	191,209	1,829,676	37,573	560,423	(3,986)	2,614,895

41.5.7 Historical information

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Gratuity					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	17,754	12,726	9,794	6,888	3,077
Unrecognised actuarial loss	(11,094)	(10,923)	(8,339)	(8,353)	(7,086)
Net recognised liability / (asset) in balance sheet	6,660	1,803	1,455	(1,465)	(4,009)
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities losses / (gains)	1,377	3,402	(753)	1,911	(3,870)
Pension					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	13,864,007	11,952,287	9,692,032	8,323,797	3,650,528
Unrecognised actuarial loss	(7,939,936)	(6,970,357)	(5,652,879)	(5,123,330)	(750,404)
Net recognised liability in balance sheet	5,924,071	4,981,930	4,039,153	3,200,467	2,900,124
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities losses / (gains)	1,547,092	1,744,077	(844,953)	4,456,304	201,991
Benevolent Fund					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	621,515	496,484	427,280	360,457	284,458
Unrecognised actuarial loss	(253,746)	(190,812)	(150,980)	(100,352)	(36,937)
Net recognised liability in balance sheet	367,769	305,672	276,300	260,105	247,521
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities losses / (gains)	75,767	48,853	(55,575)	66,256	(88,812)
Post retirement medical benefits					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	4,139,720	3,786,987	2,940,018	2,348,166	2,124,433
Unrecognised actuarial loss	(2,077,999)	(2,202,188)	(1,657,832)	(1,244,525)	(1,308,547)
Net recognised liability in balance sheet	2,061,721	1,584,799	1,282,186	1,103,641	815,886
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities losses / (gains)	58,160	668,341	(497,449)	66,833	(237,916)
Six months post retirement facility					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	159,043	-	-	-	-
Unrecognised actuarial loss	-	-	-	-	-
Net recognised liability / (asset) in balance sheet	159,043	-	-	-	-

41.6 Employees' compensated absences

The Bank's liability for employees' compensated absences determined through an actuarial valuation carried out under the Projected Unit Credit Method amounted to Rs. 1,633.04 million (2012 : Rs. 1,296.01 million). An amount of Rs. 412.46 million (2012: Rs. 372.91 million) has been charged to the profit and loss account in the current period based on the actuarial advice.

42. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER NON-CASH ITEMS	2013	2012
	(Rupees in '000)	
Profit for the year	233,782,029	260,800,112
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	1,380,262	1,448,276
Amortisation of intangible assets	14,946	27,140
Provision / (reversal) for:		
- retirement benefits and employees' compensated absences	3,597,087	3,013,882
- loans and advances	(1,057,083)	-
- other doubtful assets	10,303	(102,415)
- diminution in value of investments	677,892	(59,212)
Gain on disposal of property, and equipment	(159)	(5,241)
Loss on disposal of investments	276	-
Dividend income	(16,480,789)	(15,697,821)
	<u>221,924,764</u>	<u>249,424,721</u>
43. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Local currency	924,997	1,814,196
Foreign currency reserves	641,265,000	1,034,568,750
Earmarked foreign currency balances	3,849,637	4,994,808
Special Drawing Rights of the IMF	85,246,487	91,334,177
	<u>731,286,121</u>	<u>1,132,711,931</u>

44. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Bank enters into transactions with related parties in its normal course of business. Related parties include the Federal Government as major shareholder of the Bank, Provincial Governments, Government of Azad Jammu and Kashmir, Gilgit-Baltistan Administration Authority, Government controlled enterprises / entities, retirement benefit plans, directors and key management personnel of the Bank.

44.1 Governments and related entities

The Bank is acting as an agent of the Federal Government and is responsible for functions conferred upon as disclosed in note 1 to these financial statements. Balances outstanding from and transaction with the Federal and Provincial Governments and related entities not disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are given below:

	2013	2012
	(Rupees in '000)	
<i>Transactions during the year</i>		
- Creation of MRTBs	<u>3,882,294,001</u>	<u>3,260,502,773</u>
- Retirement / rollover of MRTBs	<u>3,366,761,383</u>	<u>2,818,313,395</u>
<i>Balances at year end</i>		
- Accrued interest in respect of receivable balance of current account of governments	<u>140,895</u>	<u>350,073</u>
- Commission income from sale of Market Treasury Bills, issuance of prize bonds, national saving certificates, and management of public debt (refer note 34.1)		

44.2 Subsidiaries of the Bank

Material transactions with the subsidiaries have already been disclosed in the financial statements in note 36 and 41. The subsidiaries of the Bank and their primary activities are as follows:

44.2.1 SBP Banking Services Corporation ("the Corporation") - wholly owned subsidiary

It is responsible for carrying out certain statutory and administrative functions and activities principally relating to public dealing on behalf of the State Bank of Pakistan.

44.2.2 National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited ("the Institute") - wholly owned subsidiary

The Institute is engaged in providing education and training in the field of banking, finance and allied areas.

44.3 Remuneration to key management personnel

Key management personnel of the Bank include members of the Central Board of Directors, Governor, Deputy Governors and other executives of the Bank who have responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Bank. Fee of the non-executive member of the Central Board of Directors is determined by the Central Board. According to section 10 of the SBP Act, 1956, the remuneration of the Governor is determined by the President of Pakistan. Deputy Governors are appointed and their salaries are fixed by the Federal Government. Details of remuneration of key management personnel of the Bank is as follows:

	2013	2012
	(Rupees in '000)	
Short-term employee benefit	166,273	135,393
Post-employment benefit	91,685	40,652
Loans disbursed during the year	35,948	53,585
Loans repaid during the year	26,615	17,492
Directors' fees	3,345	1,299

Short-term benefits include salary and benefits, medical benefits and free use of Bank maintained cars in accordance with their entitlements. Post employment benefits include gratuity, pension, benevolent fund, post retirement medical benefits and six months post retirement facility.

45. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Bank is primarily subject to interest / mark-up rate, credit, currency and liquidity risks. The policies and procedures for managing these risks are outlined in notes 45.1 to 45.5. The Bank has designed and implemented a framework of controls to identify, monitor and manage these risks. The senior management is responsible for advising the Governor on the monitoring and management of these risks.

45.1 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Credit risk in the Bank's portfolio is monitored, reviewed and analysed by the appropriate officials and the exposure is controlled through counterparty and credit limits. Counterparties are allocated to a particular class based mainly on their credit rating. Foreign currency placements are made in approved currencies and government securities. Loans and advances to scheduled banks and financial institutions are usually secured either by Government guarantees or by demand promissory notes. Geographical exposures are controlled by country limits and are updated as and when necessary with all limits formally reviewed on a periodic basis. The Bank's exposure to credit risk associated with foreign investments is managed by monitoring compliance with investment limits for counterparties. The Bank's credit risk mainly lies with exposure towards government sector and financial institutions.

45.2 INTEREST / MARK-UP RATE RISK

Interest / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest / mark-up rates. The Bank has adopted appropriate policies to minimise its exposure to this risk.

45.2.1

	2013						Grand Total
	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non interest / mark-up bearing			
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	
----- (Rupees in '000) -----							
Financial assets							
Local currency - coins	-	-	-	924,997	-	924,997	924,997
Foreign currency reserves	602,106,628	-	602,106,628	39,381,840	693,086	40,074,926	642,181,554
Earmarked foreign currency balance	-	-	-	3,849,637	-	3,849,637	3,849,637
Special Drawing Rights of International Monetary Fund	85,246,487	-	85,246,487	-	-	-	85,246,487
Reserve tranche with the International Monetary Fund under quota arrangements	-	-	-	-	17,755	17,755	17,755
Securities purchased under agreement to resale	198,787,435	-	198,787,435	-	-	-	198,787,435
Current accounts of Governments	5,932,762	-	5,932,762	-	-	-	5,932,762
Current account with National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited	-	-	-	175,399	-	175,399	175,399
Investments	2,319,633,169	2,781,100	2,322,414,269	-	168,196,049	168,196,049	2,490,610,318
Loans, advances and bills of exchange and commercial papers	256,440,028	45,353,370	301,793,398	16,953,227	6,086,254	23,039,481	324,832,879
Assets held with the Reserve Bank of India	-	-	-	1,247,014	-	1,247,014	1,247,014
Balances due from the Governments of India and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan)	6,458,161	-	6,458,161	860,377	-	860,377	7,318,538
Other assets	-	-	-	4,680,309	-	4,680,309	4,680,309
	3,474,604,670	48,134,470	3,522,739,140	68,072,800	174,993,144	243,065,944	3,765,805,084
Financial liabilities							
Bank notes issued	-	-	-	2,041,361,303	-	2,041,361,303	2,041,361,303
Bills payable	-	-	-	603,922	-	603,922	603,922
Current accounts of the Government	-	-	-	133,392,486	-	133,392,486	133,392,486
Current account with SBP Banking Services Corporation- a subsidiary	-	-	-	8,475,848	-	8,475,848	8,475,848
Payable under bilateral currency swaps agreements	81,614,727	-	81,614,727	-	-	-	81,614,727
Deposits of banks and financial institutions	-	-	-	475,647,801	-	475,647,801	475,647,801
Other deposits and accounts	47,730,941	44,846,776	92,577,717	63,014,779	-	63,014,779	155,592,496
Payable to International Monetary Fund	209,367,244	211,611,304	420,978,548	7,688,150	2,562,751	10,250,901	431,229,449
Other liabilities	-	-	-	96,684,336	-	96,684,336	96,684,336
	338,712,912	256,458,080	595,170,992	2,826,868,625	2,562,751	2,829,431,376	3,424,602,368
On balance sheet gap	3,135,891,758	(208,323,610)	2,927,568,148	(2,758,795,825)	172,430,393	(2,586,365,432)	341,202,716
Foreign currency forward and swap contracts - sale	-	-	-	(420,921,081)	-	(420,921,081)	(420,921,081)
Foreign currency forward and swap contracts - purchase	-	-	-	423,161,966	-	423,161,966	423,161,966
Futures - sale	-	-	-	(14,044,952)	-	(14,044,952)	(14,044,952)
Futures - purchase	-	-	-	15,806,824	-	15,806,824	15,806,824
Off balance sheet gap	-	-	-	4,002,757	-	4,002,757	4,002,757
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap	3,135,891,758	(208,323,610)	2,927,568,148	(2,762,798,582)	172,430,393	(2,590,368,189)	337,199,959
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity gap	3,135,891,758	2,927,568,148	5,855,136,296	3,092,337,714	3,264,768,107	674,399,918	674,399,918

45.2.2 The effective interest / markup rate for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in their respective notes to the financial statements.

	2012						Grand Total
	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non interest / mark-up bearing			
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	
	(Rupees in '000)						
Financial assets							
Local currency - coins	-	-	-	1,814,196	-	1,814,196	1,814,196
Foreign currency reserves	968,800,665	-	968,800,665	65,992,562	665,908	66,658,470	1,035,459,135
Earmarked foreign currency balance	-	-	-	4,994,808	-	4,994,808	4,994,808
Special Drawing Rights of International Monetary Fund	91,334,177	-	91,334,177	-	-	-	91,334,177
Reserve tranche with the International Monetary Fund under quota arrangements	-	-	-	-	17,104	17,104	17,104
Securities purchased under agreement to resale	112,898,648	-	112,898,648	-	-	-	112,898,648
Current account of the Government of AJK	12,744,407	-	12,744,407	-	-	-	12,744,407
Current account with National Institute of Banking and Finance (Guarantee) Limited - a subsidiary	-	-	-	151,567	-	151,567	151,567
Investments - restated	1,803,121,441	2,781,100	1,805,902,541	-	146,665,443	146,665,443	1,952,567,984
Loans, advances and bills of exchange and commercial papers	258,432,054	48,438,043	306,870,097	16,812,564	5,391,801	22,204,365	329,074,462
Assets held with the Reserve Bank of India	-	-	-	1,235,702	-	1,235,702	1,235,702
Balances due from the Governments of India and Bangladesh (former East Pakistan)	5,937,056	-	5,937,056	860,377	-	860,377	6,797,433
Other assets	-	-	-	5,435,616	-	5,435,616	5,435,616
	<u>3,253,268,448</u>	<u>51,219,143</u>	<u>3,304,487,591</u>	<u>97,297,392</u>	<u>152,740,256</u>	<u>250,037,648</u>	<u>3,554,525,239</u>
Financial liabilities							
Bank notes issued	-	-	-	1,776,962,388	-	1,776,962,388	1,776,962,388
Bills payable	-	-	-	587,542	-	587,542	587,542
Current accounts of the Governments	-	-	-	148,815,907	-	148,815,907	148,815,907
Current account with SBP Banking Services Corporation - a subsidiary	-	-	-	7,453,254	-	7,453,254	7,453,254
Securities sold under an agreement to repurchase	12,240,388	-	12,240,388	-	-	-	12,240,388
Deposits of banks and financial institutions	-	-	-	396,172,467	-	396,172,467	396,172,467
Other deposits and accounts	32,465,700	61,456,720	93,922,420	58,934,303	-	58,934,303	152,856,723
Payable to International Monetary Fund	223,926,726	405,174,063	629,100,789	17,235,580	9,848,936	27,084,516	656,185,305
Other liabilities	-	-	-	87,530,025	-	87,530,025	87,530,025
	<u>268,632,814</u>	<u>466,630,783</u>	<u>735,263,597</u>	<u>2,493,691,466</u>	<u>9,848,936</u>	<u>2,503,540,402</u>	<u>3,238,803,999</u>
On balance sheet gap (a)	<u>2,984,635,634</u>	<u>(415,411,640)</u>	<u>2,569,223,994</u>	<u>(2,396,394,074)</u>	<u>142,891,320</u>	<u>(2,253,502,754)</u>	<u>315,721,240</u>
Foreign currency forward and swap contracts - sale	-	-	-	(412,632,541)	-	(412,632,541)	(412,632,541)
Foreign currency forward and swap contracts - purchase	-	-	-	390,848,354	-	390,848,354	390,848,354
Futures - sale	-	-	-	(15,877,206)	-	(15,877,206)	(15,877,206)
Futures - purchase	-	-	-	13,242,061	-	13,242,061	13,242,061
Off balance sheet gap	-	-	-	(24,419,332)	-	(24,419,332)	(24,419,332)
Total yield / interest risk sensitivity gap	<u>2,984,635,634</u>	<u>(415,411,640)</u>	<u>2,569,223,994</u>	<u>(2,371,974,742)</u>	<u>142,891,320</u>	<u>(2,229,083,422)</u>	<u>340,140,572</u>
Cumulative yield / interest risk sensitivity gap	<u>2,984,635,634</u>	<u>2,569,223,994</u>	<u>5,138,447,988</u>	<u>2,766,473,246</u>	<u>2,909,364,566</u>	<u>680,281,144</u>	<u>680,281,144</u>

(a) On-balance sheet gap represents the net amounts of on-balance sheet items.

45.3 Currency risk management

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency activities result mainly from the Bank's holding of foreign currency assets under its foreign reserves management function and the overall level of these assets is determined based on the prevailing extent of credit and liquidity risks. In order to avoid losses arising from adverse changes in the rates of exchange, the Bank's compliance with the limits established for foreign currency positions is being regularly monitored by the management.

The Bank also holds from time to time, foreign currency assets and liabilities that arise from the implementation of domestic monetary policies. Any foreign currency exposure relating to these implementation activities are hedged through the use of foreign currency forwards, swaps and other transactions.

The Bank also enters into forward foreign exchange contracts with the commercial banks and financial institutions to hedge against the currency risk on foreign currency transactions.

45.4 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with the financial instruments. In order to reduce the level of liquidity risk arising out of the local currency activities, the Bank manages the daily liquidity position of the banking system including advancing and withdrawal of funds from the system for smoothening out daily peaks and troughs.

The risk arising out of the Bank's obligations for foreign currency balances or deposits is managed through available reserves generated mainly from borrowings and open market operations.

45.5 Portfolio risk management

The Bank has appointed external managers to invest a part of the foreign exchange reserves in international fixed income securities. The external managers are selected after conducting a thorough due diligence by the Bank and externally hired investment consultants, and appointed after the approval of the Central Board. The mandates awarded to the managers require them to outperform the benchmarks which are based on fixed income global aggregate indices. The benchmarks are customized to exclude certain securities, currencies, and maturities to bring it to an acceptable level of risk and within the Bank's approved risk appetite. Managers are provided investment guidelines within which they have to generate excess returns over the benchmark. Safe custody of the portfolio is provided through carefully selected global custodian who is independent of the portfolio managers. The custodian also provides valuation, compliance, corporate actions and recovery, and other value added services which are typically provided by such custodian. The valuations provided by the custodian are reconciled with the portfolio managers, and recorded accordingly.

46. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of all the financial instruments reflected in the financial statements approximates their fair value, except investments in unquoted shares as mentioned in note 12.2 which are carried at cost less permanent impairment in value, if any.

47. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In September 2013, the Executive Board of the IMF approved an arrangement under the Extended Fund Facility (EFF) of an amount equivalent to SDR 4,393 million to be disbursed over a period of three years. An initial disbursement amounting to SDR 360 million was received on September 6, 2013, under this arrangement.

48. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on **October 25, 2013** by the Central Board of Directors of the Bank.

49. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for the purpose of better presentation and comparison. Significant reclassifications are as follows:

FROM	TO	2012	2011
		Rupees in '000	
Foreign currency reserves - Investments - held for trading (note 7)	Foreign currency reserves - Unrealised gain / (loss) on derivative financial instruments (note 7)	<u>3,986</u>	<u>(24,742)</u>
Foreign currency reserves - Deposit accounts (note 7)	Foreign currency reserves - Unrealised gain / (loss) on derivative financial instruments (note 7)	<u>(961,005)</u>	<u>(107,337)</u>
Other assets - Accrued interest / mark-up, discount and return (note 18)	Foreign currency reserves - Unrealised gain / (loss) on derivative financial instruments (note 7)	<u>333,499</u>	<u>920,520</u>
Other liabilities - Accrued interest and discount on deposits (note 26)	Foreign currency reserves - Unrealised gain / (loss) on derivative financial instruments (note 7)	<u>3,216,134</u>	<u>-</u>
Other assets - Accrued interest / mark-up, discount and return (note 18)	Investments - Federal Government scrip (note 12)	<u>41,100</u>	<u>41,100</u>

50. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees, unless otherwise stated.

Yaseen Anwar
Governor

Kazi Abdul Muktedir
Deputy Governor

Muhammad Haroon Rasheed
Executive Director