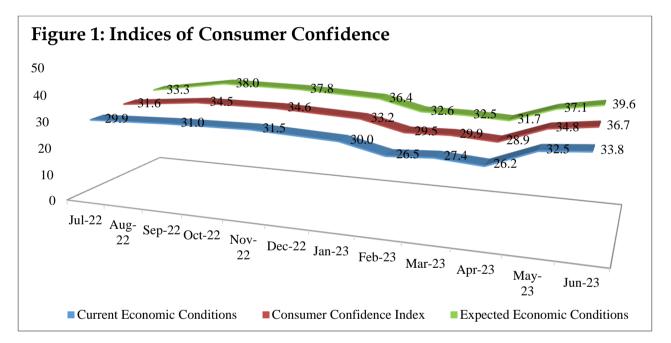
## Consumer Confidence Survey\* - June 2023 (72nd Wave)

[The current wave of the survey was conducted during June 1-8, 2023; with 1,566 households surveyed]

# Overview

The main results of June 2023 survey are summarized below:

- a) Overall <u>Consumer Confidence Index</u> (CCI) increased by 5.5% to 36.7 points in June 2023 on top of 20.2 % rise in the previous wave in May 2023 (**Figure 1**);
- b) The Current Economic Conditions (CEC) index improved by 3.9% to 33.8 and the Expected Economic Conditions (EEC) index improved by 6.9% to 39.6 over the last wave (**Table 1**);
- c) The CCI for urban households improved by 4.2% to 36.3 and by 10% to 38 for rural households in June 2023 over May 2023 (**Figure 3**);
- d) CCI of fresh households saw an improvement by 9.5% while for rotating households, it declined by 1.9% in June 2023 compared with May 2023 (**Figure 3**);
- e) Consumers' Inflation Expectations further decreased by 5.1% to 71.3 in June 2023 the fourth consecutive month of declining index number. (**Figure 6**).



Diffusion Index (DI) ranges from 0 to 100; interpretation of which is as follows:1

DI > 50 indicates that Positive views are more than Negative views;

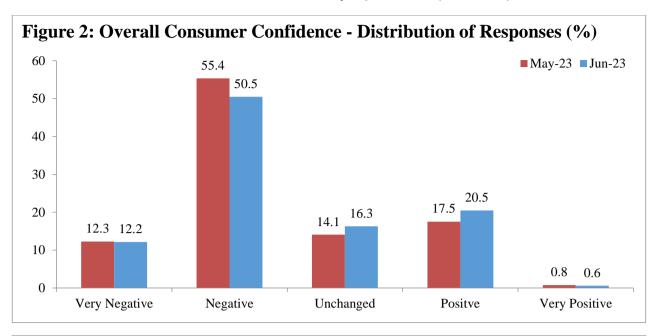
DI = 50 indicates that Positive views and Negative views are equal;

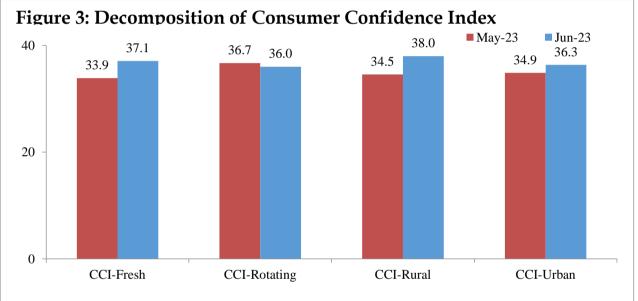
DI < 50 indicates that Positive views are less than the Negative views.

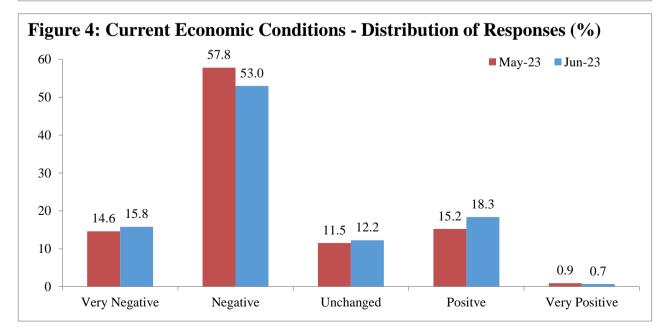
Table 1:	Consum	er Indices	s - Diffusio	on						
Month	Jul-22	Sep-22	Nov-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	% change (MoM)
CCI	31.6	34.5	34.6	33.2	29.5	29.9	28.9	34.8	36.7	5.5
CEC	29.9	31.0	31.5	30.0	26.5	27.4	26.2	32.5	33.8	3.9
EEC	33.3	38.0	37.8	36.4	32.6	32.5	31.7	37.1	39.6	6.9

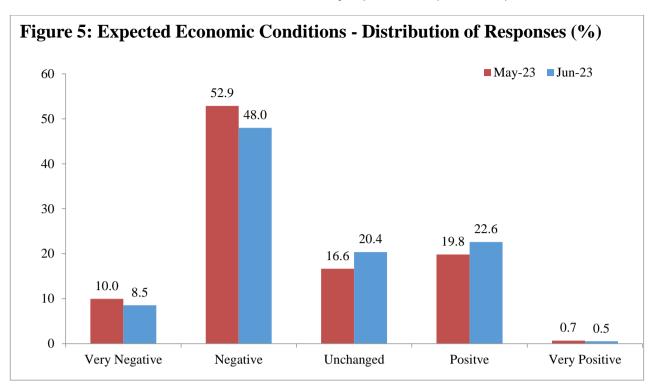
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Annexure for the methodology of the index computation

<sup>\*</sup>Consumer Confidence Survey (CCS) is a stratified random telephonic survey of households across Pakistan. The survey was launched in 2012 with a bi-monthly frequency. From Jan-2023, the frequency of the survey is increased to monthly. This survey is conducted by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Institute of Business Administration (IBA), Karachi. The results of these surveys are disseminated for general information only. These are opinions of households and may not be considered either as views of or as an endorsement by SBP.



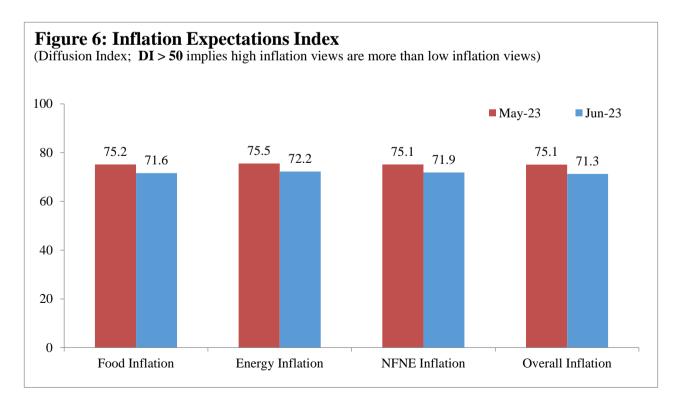


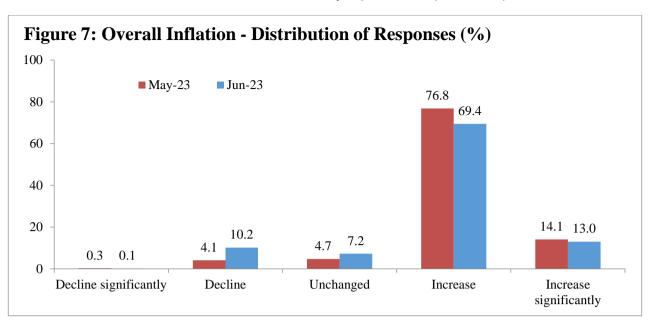


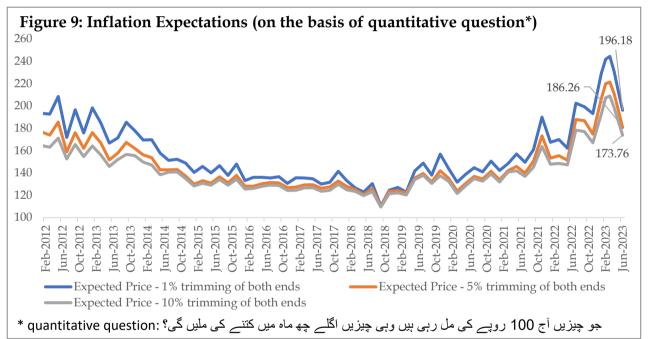


### Table 2: Inflation Expectations by Group

Diffusion Index	Jul-22	Sep-22	Nov-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	% change (MoM)
Overall	76.3	75.3	72.1	75.8	80.2	78.7	77.0	75.1	71.3	-5.1
Food Inflation	75.3	73.6	71.2	76.2	79.9	78.4	77.1	75.2	71.6	-4.7
<b>Energy Inflation</b>	75.8	73.7	71.5	76.6	80.3	78.8	77.7	75.5	72.2	-4.4
NFNE Inflation	75.7	73.7	72.1	76.4	80.3	78.4	77.9	75.1	71.9	-4.3







#### Table 3: Other Highlights

Diffusion Index	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	% change (MoM)
Unemployment in next six months	77.2	75.1	71.4	-4.9
Interest rate in next six months	78.1	75.5	71.4	-5.4
Income a year later	56.9	57.7	54.6	-5.4
Suitability of time in the next six months to purchase durable items	25.3	28.8	31.1	7.9
Suitability of time in the next six months to purchase a vehicle	24.7	29.0	30.0	3.2
Suitability of current time for purchasing a house	24.3	29.0	29.1	0.4
Outlook for better financial conditions of households in next six months	38.7	45.8	47.7	4.0

For detailed data of the survey, visit SBP website at: <u>https://www.sbp.org.pk/research/CCS-d.asp</u>

### Consumer Confidence Survey\* - June 2023 (72nd Wave)

### Annexure: Computation of Diffusion Index

The perceptions of consumers about the economy are presented through four composite indices:

- i) **Current Economic Conditions (CEC)** index, which is the average of diffusion indices of the following three questions:
  - a) آپ اور آپ کے گھر والوں کے مالی حالات پچھلے چھ ماہ کے مقابلے میں آج کیسے ہیں؟ How do you assess present financial position of your family compared to the last six months?
  - b) ملک کے عام معاشی حالات پچھلے چھ ماہ کے مقابلے میں آج کیسے ہیں؟ How do you assess present general economic condition of the country compared to the last six months?
  - c) فرنيچر،فريج, ٹيليويژن وغيرہ خريدنے کے لئے پچھلے چھ ماہ کے مقابلے ميں یہ وقت کيساہے؟ In your opinion, compared to the last 6 months, how do you see the current time for buying durable goods such as furniture, refrigerator, television etc.?
- (ii) **Expected Economic Conditions (EEC)** index; which is the average of diffusion indices of the following three questions:
  - a) آپ کے خیال میں آج سے چھ ماہ بعد آپ اور آپ کے گھر والوں کے مالی حالات کیسے ہوں گے؟ How do you expect your financial position to change over the next six months from now?
  - b) آج کے مقابلے میں اگلے چھ ماہ کے دور ان ملک کے عام معاشی حالات کیسے رہیں گے؟ How do you expect general economic conditions in the country to develop over the next six months from now?
  - c) آج کےمقابلےمیں اگلےچھ ماہ کےدور ان بیروزگاری What do you think unemployment over the next six months from now?
- (iii) **Consumer Confidence Index (CCI)**; which is the average of CEC and EEC, as above.
- (iv) Inflation Expectations Index (IEI); which is the diffusion index of the following question about prices: آج کےمقابلےمیں اگلےچھ ماہ کےدور ان عام استعمال کی چیزوں کی قیمتیں How do you expect that prices in general will develop over the next six months from now?

#### **Rotating Panel:**

The sample of the survey consists of a rotating panel with 33 % of respondents are those households which were surveyed six months earlier, while the remaining 67 % are the fresh. The stratification scheme of the survey is implemented in rotating panel too.

#### Index Calculation\*\*

SBP reports results of households, businesses and other perception surveys in the form of Diffusion Index (DI). The Diffusion Index shows the general tendency of respondents about a certain aspect of a particular survey. The questionnaire for this survey offers five types of options to the respondents for each question.

- (i) PP= Increase/improve significantly;
- (ii) P = Increase/improve;
- (iii) E = Unchanged/neutral;
- (iv) N = decline /deteriorate; and
- (v) NN = decline/deteriorate significantly.

On the basis of these five options, the Diffusion Index is computed in the following two steps:

Step 1:	Net Response (NR) is computed as below:
	$NR = (1.00*PP) + (0.50 \times P) + (-0.50 \times N) + (-1.00*NN).$
Step 2:	Diffusion Index (DI) is computed as follows:
	DI = (100 + NR) / 2

Where DI ranges from 0 to 100; interpretation of which is as follows:

- DI > 50 indicates that Positive views are more than Negative views;
- DI = 50 indicates that Positive views and Negative views are equal;
- DI < 50 indicates that Positive views are less than the Negative views.

NOTE: "Don't Know" responses have been excluded in compilation and analysis of this report.

\*\*For references see:

OECD (2003); Business Tendency Surveys A Handbook; Statistics Directorate, OECD; <u>https://www.oecd.org/std/leading-indicators/31837055.pdf</u>
European Commission (March 2016); The joint harmonised EU programme of business and consumer surveys: User Guide; <u>https://ec.europa.eu/economy\_finance/db\_indicators/surveys/documents/bcs\_user\_guide\_en.pdf</u>