

ISLAMIC BANKING BULLETIN

MARCH 2025



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Islamic Finance Policy Department
State Bank of Pakistan



ISLAMIC BANKING BULLETIN

For the period ending March 31, 2025

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ISLAMIC BANKING SECTOR AT A GLANCE

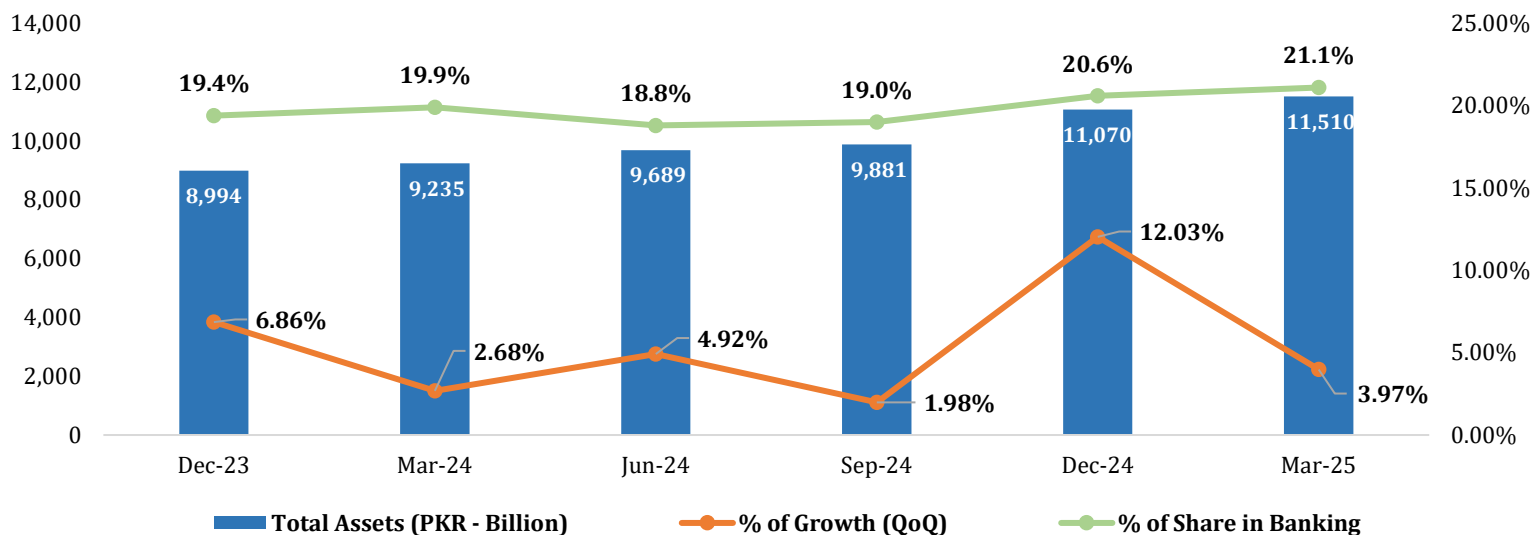


Islamic Banking Snapshot – March 2025

Overall Summary

	 Assets	 Deposits	 Financing	 No. of Branches
Total	PKR 11.5 trillion	PKR 8.4 trillion	PKR 4.0 trillion	6,093
Change in Quarter	+ PKR 440 billion + 4%	+ PKR 513 billion + 6.5%	- PKR 17 billion -0.42%	+ 76 Branches +1.26%
Share in total banking industry	21.1% + 0.50%	25.4% + 0.50%	30.5% + 5%	34.3% + 0.36%
Share of IBBs & IBs	<p>Assets (PKR Billion)</p> <p>IBs: 7,403 (64%) IBBs: 4,107 (36%)</p>	<p>Deposits (PKR Billion)</p> <p>IBs: 5,326 (63%) IBBs: 3,093 (37%)</p>	<p>Financing (PKR Billion)</p> <p>IBs: 2,769 (69%) IBBs: 1,251 (31%)</p>	<p>Branches</p> <p>IBs: 3,122 (51%) IBBs: 2,971 (49%)</p>

Islamic Banking Assets - Growth and Market Share





**PROGRESS REPORT OF
ISLAMIC BANKING
INDUSTRY**

Overview

The Islamic banking industry in Pakistan continued its upward trajectory in the first quarter of 2025, further consolidating its role within the country's financial system. Total assets grew by PKR 440 billion, reaching PKR 11,510 billion by March 2025. Deposits showed even stronger momentum, rising by PKR 513 billion to PKR 8,419 billion. On a year-on-year (YoY) basis, assets and deposits recorded substantial growth of 24.6 percent and 22.5 percent, respectively.

The financing portfolio also posted impressive YoY growth of 23.4 percent, reaching PKR 4,020 billion, while net investments grew by 23.1 percent to PKR 5,422 billion, surpassing the PKR 5 trillion mark for the first time. These developments reflect a growing appetite for Shariah-compliant financing and investment avenues, enhancing the industry's financial depth.

In terms of market share, Islamic banking assets represented 21.1 percent of the overall banking sector, while deposits held a larger share at 25.4 percent. Islamic banks also contributed 30.5 percent to total sector financing and accounted for 16.4 percent of total banking investments, underscoring the sector's expanding footprint in Pakistan's financial architecture.

The industry's physical outreach also broadened considerably. The number of Islamic Banking Branches (IBBs) increased to 6,093, reflecting a 19.5 percent YoY growth. Islamic Banking Windows (IBWs) also saw significant expansion, rising to 2,651 a YoY growth of 38.4 percent, further improving access to Islamic financial services across the country.

Overall, these indicators highlight not only the absolute growth of Islamic banking but also its deepening integration into the mainstream banking landscape. The consistent rise in key financial indicators and network expansion speaks to the sector's resilience and increasing consumer demand. the sector's resilience, while the expansion in branch networks suggests deeper market penetration.

Particulars	Islamic Banking Industry Progress			Growth (YoY)			Share in Overall Banking Industry (%)		
	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25
Assets	9,235	11,070	11,510	22.6	23.1	24.6	19.9	20.6	21.1
Deposits	6,875	7,905	8,419	28.5	17.1	22.5	23.2	24.9	25.4
Investments (net)	4,405	4,987	5,422	41.3	17.8	23.1	16.3	16.7	16.4
Financing (net)	3,259	4,037	4,020	1.0	21.0	23.4	28.0	25.5	30.5
Number of Islamic Banking Institutions	22	22	21	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of Branches	5,101	6,017	6,093	15.2	21.4	19.4	-	-	-
Number of Islamic Banking Windows	1,916	2,253	2,651	4.6	17.2	38.4	-	-	-
<i>*number includes sub-branches</i>									
<i>Source: Data submitted by banks under quarterly Reporting Chart of Accounts (RCOA)</i>									

Branch Network of Islamic Banking Industry

Islamic Banking Institutions (IBIs) in Pakistan comprise six full-fledged Islamic banks and 15 conventional banks offering Islamic banking services through dedicated IBBs. During the first quarter of 2025, the industry recorded a net addition of 76 branches, a quarterly growth of 1.26 percent, bringing the total IBB network to 6,093 branches by March 2025.

IBBs now operate across 132 districts, reflecting the sector’s deepening geographic outreach and its role in advancing financial inclusion. In parallel, IBWs also continued their upward trend, reaching 2,651 by the end of March 2025, a YoY growth of 38.4 percent further enhancing access to Shariah-compliant financial services.

Assets and Liabilities Structure



Assets

The total assets of IBIs expanded by PKR 440 billion in the quarter ended March 2025, reaching to PKR 11,510 billion, up from PKR 11,070 billion in the previous quarter. Islamic banking assets now command a 21.1 percent share of the overall banking industry, reflecting its rising market significance.

A closer look at asset composition reveals that financing (net) accounts for 35 percent, while investments (net) contribute 47 percent of total Islamic banking assets. Further, the increase in the assets is mostly contributed by the increase in investments.

Figure 2 : Major Contributors of the Change in Assets

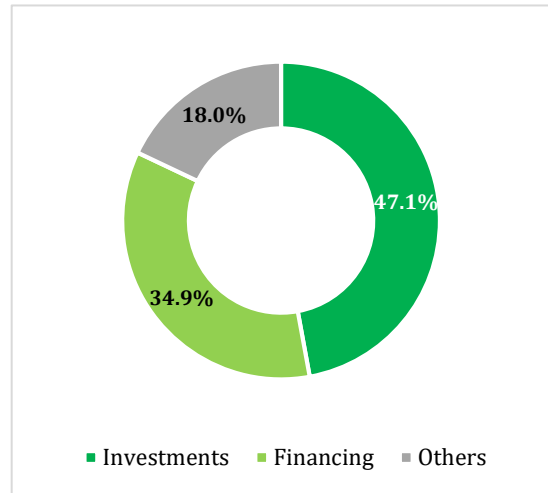
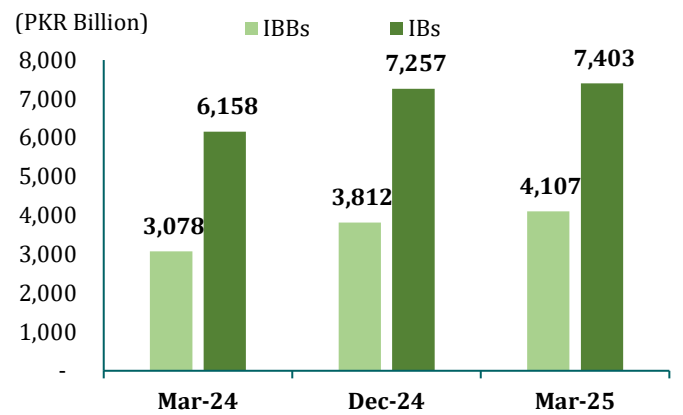


Figure 3: Breakup of Assets



Break up of Assets of IBs and IBBs

Both full-fledged Islamic Banks (IBs) and IBBs of conventional banks maintained a positive growth trend. The assets of IBs grew by PKR 145 billion, reaching PKR 7,403 billion, whereas IBBs recorded an increase of PKR 295 billion, bringing total assets to PKR 4,107 billion. By the end of March 2025, IBs held a dominant share of 64.3 percent in total Islamic banking assets, while IBBs contributed 35.7 percent (Figure 3).

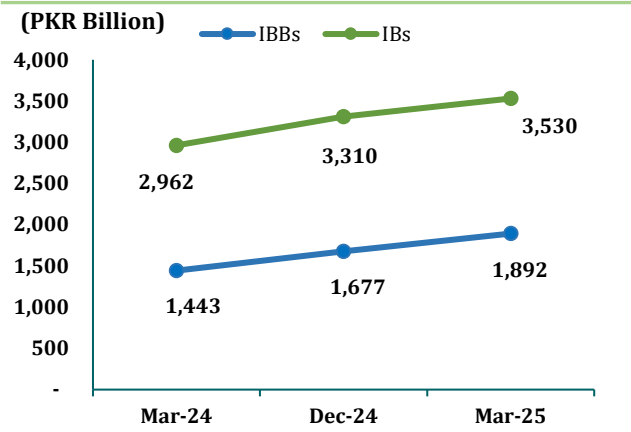


Investments

The IBIs continued to strengthen their investment portfolio, with Investments (net) rising by PKR 434 billion (8.7 percent) in the quarter, reaching to PKR 5,422 billion by the end of March 2025. This steady growth in Investments (net) was mainly due to funds invested by IBIs in multiple Government of Pakistan (GoP) Ijarah Sukuk (GIS), which witnessed an increase of PKR 288 billion outstanding during the quarter under review.

A further analysis of the investment distribution reveals that full-fledged IBs increased their Investments (net) by PKR 219 billion to PKR 3,530 billion. Meanwhile, IBBs also witnessed growth, adding PKR 215 billion to their investment portfolio, bringing the total to PKR 1,892 billion. In terms of overall contribution, IBs continued to dominate, accounting for 65.1 percent of total Investments (net), while IBBs maintained a strong presence with a 34.9 percent share (Figure 4).

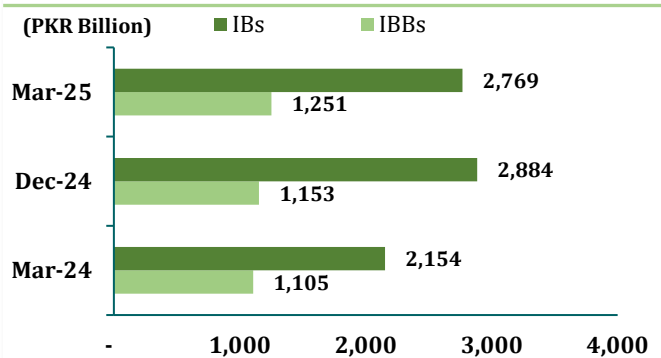
Figure 4: Breakup of Investment



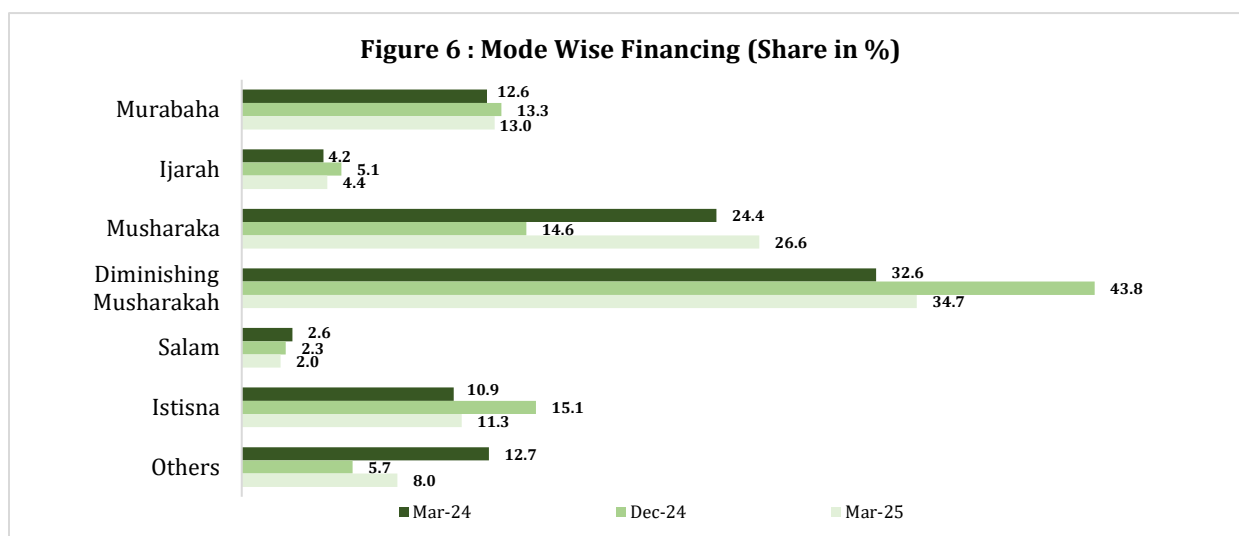
Financing & Related Assets

The financing and related assets reduced to PKR 4,020 billion by the end of March 2025 from PKR 4,037 billion in December 2024, a decline of PKR 17 billion. The breakdown of financing unveils that the share of financing of IBs reduced by PKR 15 billion (3.98 percent) to PKR 2,769 billion, while on the other hand the share of financing of IBBs increased by PKR 98 billion (8.5 percent) to PKR 1,251 billion. (Figure 5).

Figure 5: Breakup of Financing















An analysis of mode wise financing reveals that Diminishing Musharakah emerged as the most preferred structure, commanding a 34.7 percent share of the total financing portfolio. Musharakah followed with a 26.6 percent share, while Murabaha financing secured a 13 percent share. Collectively, all other financing modes accounted for 25.7 percent of the total financing undertaken by IBIs (Figure 6).

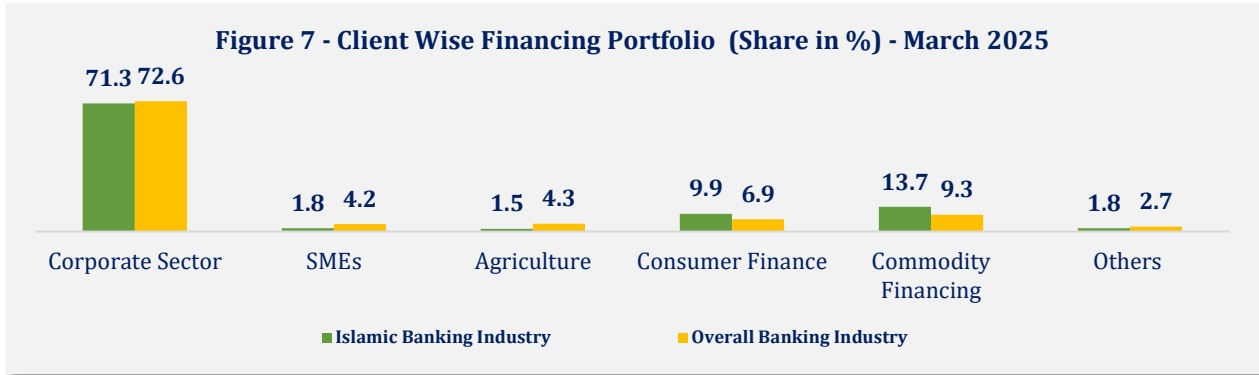


A detailed analysis of sector-wise financing reveals that the textile industry remained the dominant recipient, absorbing 18 percent of the total financing. Agribusiness followed with a 13.2 percent share, while the individuals secured 8.3 percent, highlighting their vital role in the financing mix (Table 2).

Table 2: Sector Wise Financing (Share in %)

Sector	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Overall Banking Industry
 Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	5.5	9.3	6.8	3.9
 Agribusiness	9.9	7.6	13.2	9.2
 Textile	15.7	23.6	18.0	17.3
 Cement	2.3	3.1	1.7	1.6
 Sugar	5.3	4.0	5.1	4.2
 Shoes and leather garments	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
 Automobile and transportation equipment	1.1	1.7	1.2	0.7
 Financial	1.5	2.9	1.2	6.7
 Electronics and electrical appliances	1.0	1.7	1.3	1.3
 Production and transmission of energy	10.8	10.5	6.9	12.0
 Individuals	10.3	11.2	8.3	7.9
 Others	36.2	24.1	36.0	34.8
Total	100	100	100	100

The client-wise financing landscape in March 2025 reflected the highest percentage share of 71.3 percent of corporate sector showcasing its effective role in the financing ecosystem. Commodity financing emerged as the second-largest category, with a percentage share of 13.7 percent while the consumer finance accounted for 9.9 percent, indicating sustained demand for retail credit. Meanwhile, SME and agriculture financing, though still marginal, accounted for 1.8 percent and 1.5 percent, respectively (**Figure 7**).



Asset Quality

The asset quality indicators of IBIs show that Non-Performing Financing (NPF) to Financing (Gross) stood at 3.6 percent. Net NPFs to Financing (net) remained in the negative territory at -0.20 percent, signaling a strong provisioning buffer. Moreover, IBIs' provisions against NPFs saw a decline, dropping from 108.1 percent in the previous quarter to 106.6 percent by March 2025 (**Table 3**).

Table-3: Assets Quality Ratio (%)

Ratio	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Overall Banking Industry
NPFs to Financing (gross)	3.7	3.5	3.6	7.1
Net NPFs to Net Financing	(0.60)	(0.30)	(0.20)	(0.70)
Provisions to NPFs	116.4	108.1	106.6	109.5



Liabilities

Deposits of IBIs carried on the previous quarter's momentum with an increase of PKR 514 billion (6.5 percent), pushing total deposits to PKR 8,419 billion. This expansion further solidifies IBIs' presence in the banking sector, with their market share reaching 25.4 percent.

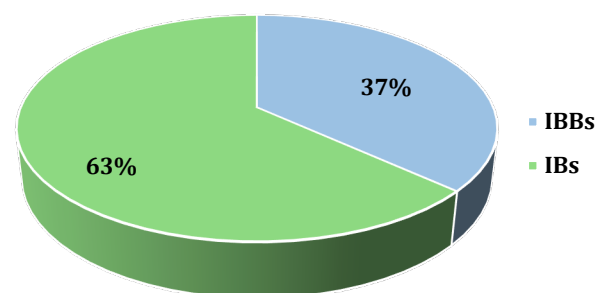
Analysis of deposit composition reveals that current and saving deposits were the key drivers, standing at PKR 3,476 billion and PKR 3,305 billion, respectively. Notably, saving deposits grew by PKR 127 billion (4 percent), while current deposits surged by PKR 412 billion (13.45 percent). Fixed deposits also experienced a slight growth, increasing by PKR 14 billion (1.55 percent). (**Table 4**).

Table-4: Break up of Deposits (Amount in PKR Billion, Growth in %)

Category	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Yearly Growth (%)	Quarterly Growth (%)
 Customers					
Fixed Deposits	830	902	916	10.4	1.6
Saving Deposits	1,815	3,178	3,305	82.1	4.0
Current Deposits	2,146	3,064	3,476	62.0	13.4
Others	116	76	78	(32.8)	2.6
Sub-total	4,907	7,220	7,775	58.4	7.7
 Financial Institutions					
Remunerative Deposits	430	471	477	10.9	1.3
Non-remunerative Deposits	16	214	167	943.8	-22.0
Sub-total	446	685	644	44.4	-6.0
Total (1+2)	5,353	7,905	8,419	57.3	6.5

IBs witnessed an increased in deposits by PKR 358 billion, bringing their total to PKR 5,326 billion by March 2025. Similarly, IBBs also recorded a significant surge, with deposits increasing by PKR 155 billion to reach PKR 3,093 billion. By the end of March 2025, IBs accounted for 63 percent of total IBI deposits, while IBBs held a growing 37 percent share (Figure 8).

Figure 8 : Deposits Bifurcation- by Share



Liquidity

The liquidity ratios of IBIs experienced a mixed shift during the review period. Liquid Assets to Total Assets increased to 49.9 percent. Meanwhile, Liquid Assets to Total Deposits inched up to 68.2 percent, reflecting a stable liquidity position.

Notably, the Financing to Deposits (net) Ratio reduced to 47.7 percent by the end of March 2025, signaling a more conservative financing approach by IBIs.

Table-5: Liquidity Ratios (%)

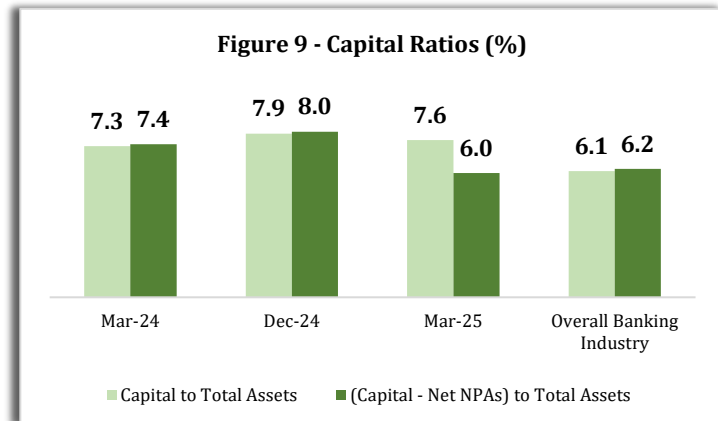
Ratios	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Overall Banking Industry
Liquid Assets to Total Assets	49.7	48.1	49.9	65.4
Liquid Assets to Total Deposits	66.8	67.4	68.2	107.6
Financing to Deposits (Net)	47.4	51.1	47.8	39.7
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)*	241.4	204.0	238.0	221.5
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)*	186.5	179.5	205.4	171.9

*The ratios represent full-fledged Islamic banks only

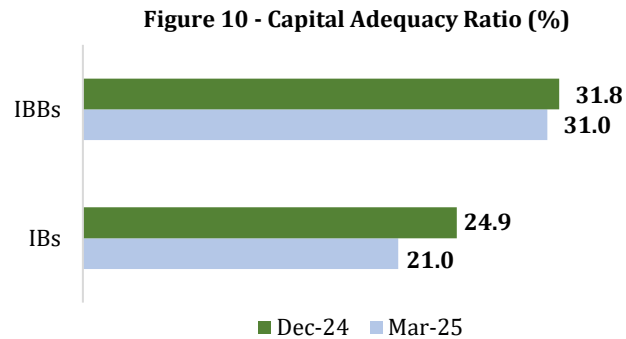


Capital

During the review quarter, IBIs experienced a downward trend in capital ratios. The Capital to Total Assets ratio declined to 7.6 percent, signaling a relative expansion in assets outpacing capital growth. Meanwhile, the (Capital - Net NPAs) to Total Assets Ratio dropped to 6.0 percent from its previous level of 8.0 percent, indicating a slight erosion in the capital buffer after accounting for non-performing assets (**Figure 9**).



Further, the capital adequacy ratio in the review quarter declined for both the IBs and IBBs to 21.0 percent and 31.0 percent respectively from 24.9 percent and 31.8 percent in the previous quarter. (**Figure 10**)



Profitability

The profitability of IBIs reduced comparatively, with profit before tax declining to PKR 105.2 billion by the end of March 2025 in contrast to March 2024. This profitability also affected the earnings ratios, as Return on Assets (ROA) reduced to 3.7 percent while the Return on Equity (ROE) was recorded at 48 percent.

Further, the operating cost also increased, with the 'Operating Expense to Gross Income' ratio recorded at 42.4 percent.

This suggests that managing operational efficiency for IBIs remains key to sustaining long-term growth and competitiveness (**Table 6**).

Table-6: Profitability Ratios (%)

Particulars	Mar-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Overall Banking Industry
Profit before tax (PKR billion)	123.5	496.8	105.2	367.1
ROA before tax	5.4	5.1	3.7	2.7
ROE before tax	74.0	65.6	48.0	44.4
Operating Expense to Gross Income	33.8	35.1	42.4	44.2

SBP Regulated Islamic Financial Institutions (Other than Commercial banks)

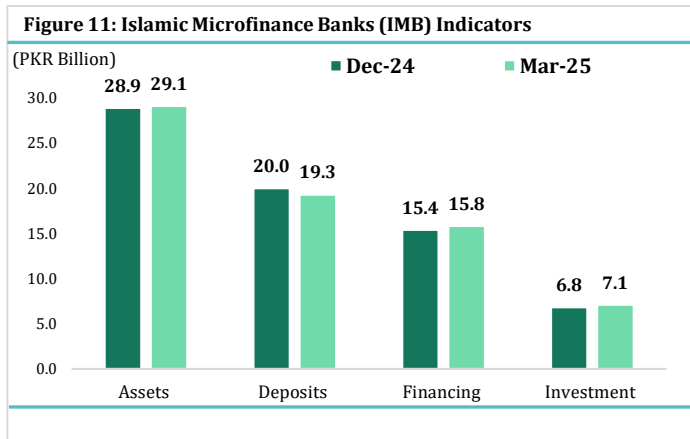
At present, two Microfinance Banks, NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited and U Microfinance Bank Limited are offering Islamic Microfinance services and operate a combined total of 117 branches. Additionally, two Development Finance Institutions, Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company Limited

(PKIC) and Pakistan Mortgage and Refinance Company Limited (PMRC) are also offering Islamic products and services.

Islamic Microfinance Banks

The Islamic microfinance sector continued its steady expansion, with two key players—NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited and U Microfinance Bank Limited, spearheading the microfinance operations. By the end of March 2025, the Islamic microfinance banking network has grown to 117 branches, reinforcing its outreach to underserved communities.

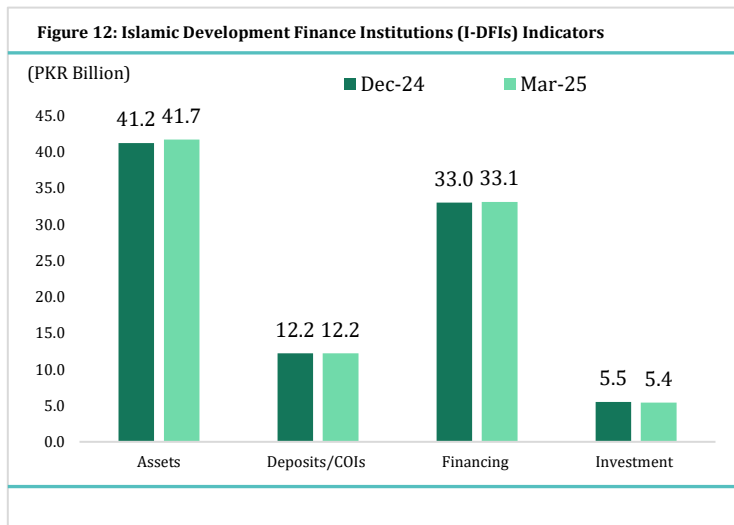
The industry's asset base shown a healthy increase, reaching to PKR 29.1 billion, with a quarterly rise of PKR 0.2 billion (0.69 percent). The YoY Growth in Assets and Deposits stood at 59.89 percent and 53.17 percent respectively. However, the deposits witnessed a decline in the review quarter by PKR 0.7 billion (3.5 percent) to stand at PKR 19.3 billion. Similarly, financing activity experienced a slight increase of 2.6 percent, reaching at PKR 15.8 billion during the quarter. Investments also edged up, increasing from PKR 6.8 billion to PKR 7.1 billion, during the quarter suggesting a cautious yet consistent capital deployment strategy (Figure 11).



Development Finance Institutions having Islamic Operations

Islamic Development Finance in Pakistan is shaped by key institutions such as Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited (PMRC) and Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company Limited (PKIC), both playing a vital role in the propagation of Shariah-compliant financial solutions. By the end of March 2025, the combined Islamic asset base of these institutions reached PKR 41.7 billion, highlighting their growing footprint in the sector.

Financing activities remained substantial, standing at PKR 33.1 billion, reflecting the institutions' continued commitment to facilitating long-term, development-oriented financing. Their role in supporting housing finance, infrastructure, and investment initiatives is critical to the expanding influence of Islamic finance in Pakistan's economic development. (Figure 12)





EVENTS AND DEVELOPMENTS

Events and Developments at Islamic Finance Group (IFG) – SBP

● **Regulatory Developments**

- Three AAOIFI Shariah Standards were issued in the review quarter. Details are as under:
 - AAOIFI Shariah Standard No. 31 – ‘Controls on Gharar in Financial Transactions’ - <https://www.sbp.org.pk/ifpd/2025/C1.htm>
 - AAOIFI Shariah Standard No. 47 – “Rules for Calculating Profit in Financial Transactions” <https://www.sbp.org.pk/ifpd/2025/C2.htm>
 - AAOIFI Shariah Standard No. 20 – “Sale of Commodities in Organized Markets” <https://www.sbp.org.pk/ifpd/2025/C3.htm>

● **Events**

- The Shariah Advisors Forum (SAF), organized by Islamic Finance Policy Department (IFPD), State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), held a meeting on January 29, 2025, at SBP Learning Resource Centre, Karachi. The forum was attended by more than 40 Shariah scholars from across the Islamic Banking industry. One of the key highlights of the forum was a presentation by guest speaker, Dr. Salman Syed Ali, former Lead Research Economist at Islamic Development Bank Institute (IsDBI). He provided his insight on the topic "Islamic banking: an alternative financing or cure to socioeconomic ailments".



- Two capacity-building programs were organized in Lahore and Peshawar on 25–26 February and 27–28 February 2025, respectively. The sessions brought together over 49 participants from a wide range of institutions including the Punjab Revenue Authority, Finance Departments of Punjab and KP, Central Directorate of National Savings, Sui Southern Gas Company Limited, PASSCO, WAPDA, FBR, and others.



- NIBAF Pakistan conducted a Training of Trainers (TOT) program on Islamic Finance exclusively for faculty members of educational institutions from February 24 to 28, 2025, at its Islamabad campus. The program aimed to familiarize faculty with the core principles of Islamic finance, provide an overview of Islamic financial contracts used by banking institutions, and enhance their training skills through



exposure to various techniques and tools. A total of 29 faculty members from 22 institutions across the Federal Capital, Punjab, Sindh, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Balchistan, and AJK participated in the program.

Annexure I: Islamic Banking Branch Network

Annexure: I			
Islamic Banking Branch Network (As of Mar 31, 2025)			
Type	Name of Bank	No. of Branches	Windows
Islamic Banks	AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	177	-
	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	396	-
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	210	-
	Faysal Bank Limited	853	-
	Meezan Bank Limited	1048	-
	MCB Islamic Bank Limited	303	-
	Sub-Total	2,987	-
Conventional Banks having Standalone Islamic Banking Branches	Allied Bank Limited	160	305
	Askari Bank Limited	194	-
	Bank Al Habib Limited	291	10
	Bank Alfalah Limited	441	-
	Habib Bank Limited	406	580
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	223	190
	National Bank of Pakistan	207	279
	Sindh Bank Limited	14	14
	Soneri Bank Limited	75	15
	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	2	38
	Bank Makramah Limited	12	31
	The Bank of Khyber	134	97
	The Bank of Punjab	208	534
	United Bank Limited*	548	558
	Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	28	0
	Sub-Total	2,943	2,651
Total Full-Fledged Branches and windows		5,930	2,651
Sub Branches	AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	6	-
	Allied Bank Limited	1	-
	Askari Bank Limited	4	-
	Bank Alfalah Limited	3	-
	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	100	-
	MCB Islamic Bank Limited	2	-
	The Bank of Khyber	10	-
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	25	-
	The Bank of Punjab	2	-
	Faysal Bank Limited	2	-
	United Bank Limited	8	-
	Total Sub-Branches	163	-
Grand Total Branches/Sub-Branches/Windows		6,093	2,651
Source: Information/Data obtained from different banks			
<i>*(including branches of Silk Bank after merger)</i>			

Annexure II: Province/Region wise Break-up of Islamic Banking Branch Network

Annexure: II									
Province/Region wise Break-up of Islamic Banking Branch Network									
(As of Mar 31, 2025)									
Type	Name of Bank	Azad Kashmir	Baluchistan	Federal Capital	Gilgit-Baltistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	Punjab	Sindh	Grand Total
Islamic Banks	AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	2	4	7	3	17	98	46	177
	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	6	18	19	5	33	196	119	396
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	7	5	15	3	10	86	84	210
	Faysal Bank Limited	15	28	32	7	68	482	221	853
	Meezan Bank Limited	15	40	42	6	79	568	298	1,048
	MCB Islamic Bank Limited	3	10	16	3	32	158	81	303
	Sub-Total	48	105	131	27	239	1,588	849	2,987
Conventional Banks having Standalone Islamic Banking Branches	Allied Bank Limited	3	4	11	1	23	99	19	160
	Askari Bank Limited	3	10	13	4	30	94	40	194
	Bank Al Habib Limited	3	12	12	1	51	131	81	291
	Bank Alfalah Limited	1	9	38	-	42	283	68	441
	Habib Bank Limited	12	13	16	2	59	206	98	406
	Habib Metropolitan Bank	3	12	8	1	38	99	62	223
	National Bank of Pakistan	11	6	7	3	48	98	34	207
	Sindh Bank Limited	1	1	-	-	2	7	3	14
	Soneri Bank Limited	-	1	5	1	17	34	17	75
	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
	Bank Makramah Limited	-	0	2	2	1	2	5	12
	The Bank of Khyber	-	5	7	-	105	11	6	134
	The Bank of Punjab	5	11	7	2	23	141	19	208
	United Bank Limited*	11	58	20	-	190	165	104	548
	Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	-	-	1	3	14	9	1	28
	Sub-Total	53	142	147	20	643	1,380	558	2,943
	Total Full-Fledged Branches	101	247	278	47	882	2,968	1,407	5,930
Sub Branches	Allied Bank Limited	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
	AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6
	Askari Bank Limited	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	4
	Bank Alfalah Limited	-	-	1	-	-	0	2	3
	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	1	6	8	-	4	33	48	100
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	-	-	-	-	-	9	16	25
	MCB Islamic Bank Limited	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
	Faysal Bank Limited	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	The Bank of Khyber	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	10
	The Bank of Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	United Bank Limited	-	1	1	-	6	-	-	8
	Total Sub-Branches	1	8	11	0	21	49	73	163
	Grand Total	102	255	289	47	903	3,017	1,480	6,093

*(including branches of Silk Bank after merger)

Annexure III. District wise Break-up of Islamic Banking Branch Network

S. No.	District	No. of Branches*	S. No.	District	No. of Branches*	S. No.	District	No. of Branches*
1	Islamabad	289	54	Mohmand Agency	3	107	Shaheed Benazirabad	24
Islamabad Total		289	55	Orakzai Agency	3	108	Sanghar	24
Balochistan			56	Kurram Agency	7	109	Shikarpur	5
2	Awaran	1	57	Waziristan	4	110	Sukkur	31
3	Chaghi	5	KPK Total		903	111	Shahdadkot	5
4	Duki	1	Punjab			112	Tando Allahyar	5
5	Gawadar	15	58	Attock	42	113	Tando Mohammad Khan	6
6	Chaman	1	59	Bahawalnagar	50	114	Thatta	9
7	Jaffarabad	4	60	Bahawalpur	79	115	Umer Kot	9
8	Kalat	3	61	Bhakkar	17	Sindh Total		1480
9	Kech	3	62	Chakwal	32	Gilgit-Baltistan		
10	Khuzdar	10	63	Chiniot	14	116	Astore	2
11	Kharan	1	64	Dera Ghazi Khan	38	117	Baltistan	1
12	Lasbela	8	65	Faisalabad	234	118	Ghizer	3
13	Loralai	12	66	Gujranwala	150	119	Ghanche	1
14	Mastung	3	67	Gujrat	139	120	Hunza	3
15	Noshki	4	68	Hafizabad	16	121	Skardu	8
16	Nasirabad	6	69	Jhang	27	122	Diamir	9
17	Panjour	5	70	Jhelum	34	123	Shigar	1
18	Pishin	9	71	Kasur	37	124	Gilgit	19
19	Qilla Abdullah	13	72	Khanewal	46	Gilgit-Baltistan Total		47
20	Qilla Saifullah	10	73	Khushab	19	Azad Kashmir		
21	Quetta	112	74	Lahore City	802	125	Bagh	9
22	Sibi	5	75	Layyah	20	126	Bhimber	10
23	Sohbatpur	2	76	Lodhran	12	127	Dadyal	4
24	Turbat	10	77	Mandi Bahauddin	37	128	Hattian Bala	1
25	Zhob	7	78	Mianwali	18	129	Kotli	14
26	Ziarat	5	79	Multan	177	130	Mirpur	34
Balochistan Total		255	80	Muzaffargarh	32	131	Muzaffarabad	17
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa			81	Nankana Sahib	20	132	Poonch	13
27	Abbottabad	46	82	Narowal	18	Azad Kashmir Total		102
28	Bannu	23	83	Okara	49	Grand Total		
29	Batagram	9	84	Pakpattan	25	6,093		
30	Buner	22	85	Rahim Yar Khan	87			
31	Charsadda	26	86	Rajanpur	16			
32	Chitral	12	87	Rawalpindi	284			
33	Dera Ismail Khan	28	88	Sahiwal	61			
34	Hangu	18	89	Sargodha	83			
35	Hariipur	37	90	Sheikhupura	53			
36	Karak	14	91	Sialkot	156			
37	Kohat	31	92	Toba Tek Singh	45			
38	Lakki Marwat	6	93	Vehari	48			
39	Lower Dir	50	Punjab Total		3,017			
40	Malakand	32	Sindh					
41	Mansehra	43	94	Badin	9			
42	Mardan	60	95	Dadu	12			
43	Nowshera	39	96	Ghotki	7			
44	Peshawar	181	97	Hyderabad	86			
45	Shangla	13	98	Jacobabad	7			
46	Swabi	30	99	Jamshoro	8			
47	Swat	101	100	Karachi City	1164			
48	Tank	3	101	Kashmore	3			
49	Torghar	1	102	Khairpur	12			
50	Upper Dir	27	103	Larkana	12			
51	Kohistan	6	104	Matiari	5			
52	Bajaur Agency	10	105	Mirpurkhas	23			
53	Khyber Agency	18	106	Naushahro Feroze	14			