(Incorporated in the U.S.A. the liability of members being limited)

Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2006

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in	'000)
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	5,881,934	8,383,947
Balances with other banks	7	2,975,916	729,186
Lendings to financial institutions	8	3,831,005	4,796,504
Investments	9	21,937,387	19,845,100
Advances	10	51,289,271	39,163,339
Operating fixed assets	11	1,186,499	340,656
Deferred tax assets - net	12	828,544	573,115
Other assets	13	3,385,882	2,641,794
Other dissets	13	91,316,438	76,473,641
		71,510,450	70,473,041
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable	15	1,212,275	1,436,826
Borrowings	16	15,409,454	12,612,553
Deposits and other accounts	17	63,103,884	53,115,538
Sub-ordinated loans		- 11	-
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		- 11	-
Deferred tax liabilities		- 11	-
Other liabilities	18	5,562,319	3,603,014
		85,287,932	70,767,931
NET ASSETS		6,028,506	5,705,710
REPRESENTED BY			
Head office capital account	19	3,794,244	3,742,948
Reserves		-	-
Unremitted profit		2,274,831	2,007,769
		6,069,075	5,750,717
Deficit on revaluation of securities	20	(40,569)	(45,007)
		6,028,506	5,705,710

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The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zubyr Soomro Chief Executive

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

(Incorporated in the U.S.A. the liability of members being limited)

Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in	'000)
Mark-up/Return/Interest Earned	23	9,017,327	5,635,170
Mark-up/Return/Interest Expensed	24	4,113,089	2,035,755
Net Mark-up/ Interest Income	_	4,904,238	3,599,415
Provision against non-performing loans and advances - net	10.3	290,444	457,742
Provision for diminution in the value of investments	9.3	50,000	-
Bad debts written off directly	10.4.1	614,765	169,208
		955,209	626,950
Net Mark-up/ Interest Income after provisions		3,949,029	2,972,465
NON MARK-UP/INTEREST INCOME			
Fee, Commission and Brokerage Income		1,648,434	1,804,183
Dividend income		8,995	-
Income from dealing in foreign currencies		427,746	451,897
Gain on sale of securities	25	5,434	79,678
Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments classified			
as held for trading	9.4	4,210	8,543
Other income	26	579,791	248,450
Total non-mark-up/Interest Income	_	2,674,610	2,592,751
		6,623,639	5,565,216
NON MARK-UP/INTEREST EXPENSES			
Administrative expenses	27	4,053,108	2,962,639
(Reversal) / Provision for diminution in the value of non-banking assets - net	13.2	(5,408)	6,750
Operating fixed assets written off		638	1,265
Other charges	28	140	672
Total non-mark-up/Interest expenses	_	4,048,478	2,971,326
		2,575,161	2,593,890
Extra ordinary/unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,575,161	2,593,890
Taxation - Current		1,332,650	1,221,374
- Prior years		(141,594)	-
- Deferred		(261,169)	(135,738)
	29	929,887	1,085,636
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	<u> </u>	1,645,274	1,508,254

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zubyr Soomro Chief Executive

(Incorporated in the U.S.A. the liability of members being limited)

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Head office capital account	Unremitted profit -(Rupees in '000)	Total
Balance at 1 January 2005	3,722,432	2,450,271	6,172,703
Profit for the year ended 31 December 2005	-	1,508,254	1,508,254
Remittances made to head office	-	(1,950,756)	(1,950,756)
Exchange adjustments on revaluation of capital	20,516	-	20,516
Balance at 31 December 2005	3,742,948	2,007,769	5,750,717
Profit for the year ended 31 December 2006	-	1,645,274	1,645,274
Remittances made to head office	-	(1,378,212)	(1,378,212)
Exchange adjustments on revaluation of capital	51,296	-	51,296
Balance at 31 December 2006	3,794,244	2,274,831	6,069,075

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zubyr Soomro Chief Executive

 $(Incorporated\ in\ the\ U.S.A.\ the\ liability\ of\ members\ being\ limited)$

Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees i	n '000)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		2,575,161	2,593,890
Less: Dividend income		(8,995)	-,,
		2,566,166	2,593,890
Adjustments:			
Depreciation		159,232	125,306
Amortization		2,396	-
Provision for diminution in the value of investments		50,000	-
Provision against non-performing advances - net		290,444	457,742
(Reversal) / provision for diminution in the value of non-banking assets-net		(5,408)	6,750
Unrealized gain on revaluation of held for trading investments		(4,210)	(8,543)
Bad debts written off directly		614,765	169,208
Charge for defined benefit plan		33,062	36,792
Gain on sale of fixed assets		(4,874)	(10,713)
Lease rentals		6,506	3,565
Operating fixed assets written off		638	1,265
		1,142,551 3,708,717	781,372 3,375,262
(Increase) / Decrease in operating assets		3,700,717	5,575,202
(mcrease) / Decrease in operating assets			
Lendings to financial institutions		965,499	7,445,433
Held-for-trading securities		818,276	(2,111,986)
Advances		(13,031,141)	(6,782,718)
Others assets (excluding advance taxation)		(738,680)	(966,540)
		(11,986,046)	(2,415,811)
Increase / (Decrease) in operating liabilities			
Bills payable		(224,551)	449,558
Borrowings		2,782,475	2,804,103
Deposits and other accounts		9,988,346	6,012,710
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation and payable to defined benefit plan)		1,190,680	1,144,740
		13,736,950	10,411,111
Contribution to gratuity fund		5,459,621 (23,699)	11,370,562 (49,315)
Income tax paid		(431,794)	(78,389)
Net cash flow from operating activities		5,004,128	11,242,858
		3,004,120	11,242,030
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(1.5.0.1.1.0.5)
Net investments in available-for-sale securities		(2,946,175)	(16,841,195)
Dividend income		8,995	- (100 510)
Investments in operating fixed assets		(1,027,703)	(188,543)
Sale proceeds from disposal of property and equipment Net cash flow used in investing activities		24,468	20,060
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(3,940,415)	(17,009,678)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments of lease obligations		(6,506)	(3,565)
Remittances made to head office		(1,378,212)	(1,950,756)
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(1,384,718)	(1,954,321)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		51,296	20,516
(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(269,709)	(7,700,625)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	31	9,113,133	16,813,758
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	31	8,843,424	9,113,133

The annexed notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zubyr Soomro Chief Executive

(Incorporated in the U.S.A. the liability of members being limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (the bank) operates as a branch of a foreign entity. Citibank, N.A., is incorporated and domiciled in the U.S.A., and is a member of Citigroup, which is the ultimate holding company of the bank.

The bank is engaged in banking activities permissible under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962. Its registered office is at State Life Building No.1, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi and presently operates through 18 branches (2005: 10 branches) in Pakistan.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding the shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the State Bank of Pakistan has issued various circulars from time to time. Permissible forms of trade related modes of financing including purchasing of goods by banks from their customers and immediate resale to them at appropriate mark-up in price on deferred payment basis. The purchase and sale arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilized and appropriate portion of mark-up there on.

3. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) differ with requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

The State Bank of Pakistan has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard 39-Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement (IAS 39) and International Accounting Standard 40 - Investment Property (IAS 40) through BSD Circular No. 10 dated 26 August 2002. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.

4. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by revaluation of investments and derivative financial instruments which are stated at their fair values.

4.1 Use of accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgement in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgements were made by the management in the application of accounting policies are disclosed in note 42 to these financial statements.

4.2 Functional currency and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is the bank's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees have been rounded to nearest thousand.

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented.

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement represent cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks and overdrawn nostro accounts.

5.2 Lendings to / Borrowings from financial institutions

Assets sold with a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified future date (repos) continue to be recognized in the balance sheet and are measured in accordance with the accounting policies for investment securities. The counterparty liability for amounts received under these agreements is included in borrowings from financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase price is recognised over the period of transaction as mark-up / return / interest expense using the effective interest method.

Assets purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse repos) are not recognized as investments in the balance sheet. Amounts paid under these agreements are included in lendings to financial institutions. The difference between purchase and resale price is recognised over the period of transaction as mark-up / return / interest using the effective interest method.

Securities borrowed are not recognised in the financial statements, unless these are sold to third parties, in which case the purchase and sale are recorded with gain or loss included in trading income. The obligation to return them is recorded at fair value as a trading liability under borrowings from financial institutions.

5.3 Investments

The bank classifies its investments as follows:

(a) Held for trading

These are securities, which are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term

fluctuation in market prices, interest rate movements, dealers margin or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists.

(b) Held to maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity in respect of which the bank has the positive intent and ability to hold them till maturity.

(c) Available for sale

These are investments that do not fall under the held for trading or held to maturity categories.

In accordance with the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan, quoted securities other than those classified under held to maturity portfolio are stated at fair value. Held to maturity securities are carried at amortised cost.

The difference between the face value and purchase price is amortised over the remaining life of the investment using effective yield method, in order to determine amortised cost.

The surplus / deficit arising on quoted securities classified as available for sale is kept in a separate account shown in the balance sheet below equity. Surplus / deficit arising on revaluation of the bank's held for trading investment portfolio is taken to the profit and loss account.

Investment in unquoted equity securities are stated at cost less impairment. Provision for impairment in value, if any, is taken to income currently.

Profit and loss on disposal of investments is included in income currently.

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised using trade date method of accounting.

5.4 Advances

Advances are stated net of general and specific provision.

Provisions for non-performing advances (and relevant mark-up) are made in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

Corporate advances are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Consumer advances are generally written off not later than a pre-determined number of days past due, primarily on a contractual basis, or when warranted.

5.5 Operating fixed assets

Tangible

Fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets is depreciated over the useful lives of the related assets using the straight line method at the rates specified in note 11.2

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if required, at each balance sheet date.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred. Renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in income currently.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost.

Intangible

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of the intangible assets is amortized over the useful lives of the related assets using the straight line method.

5.6 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for impairment or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the profit and loss account.

5.7 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax and is recognised in profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items which are directly recognised in equity, for all such cases, the relating income tax is also directly recognised in equity.

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits available, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary relating to prior years, which arises from assessments / developments made during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

5.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provision for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations are recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the bank to settle the obligation. Charge to profit and loss account is stated net of expected recoveries.

5.9 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees. Expenses relating to the scheme are recognized and contributions to the fund are made based on actuarial recommendations.

A portion of actuarial gains and losses is recognised over the expected average remaining working lives of employees if the net cumulative unrecognised actuarial gains and losses at the end of previous reporting period exceed the "corridor" defined as greater of:

- (a) 10% of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at that date (before deducting plan assets), and
- (b) 10% of the fair values of any plan assets at that date.

The most recent actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2006 using the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost method.

Defined contribution plan

The bank also operates an approved provident fund for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions to the fund are made both by the bank and its employees.

5.10 Revenue recognition

Mark-up / return / interest on advances and investments is recognized on an accrual basis using effective interest method, except in the case of non-performing advances where income is recognised on receipt basis in compliance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. Fee and commission are recognised as and when services are performed.

Dividend income is recognised when the bank's right to receive the benefit has been established.

5.11 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to profit and loss account.

5.12 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates prevailing on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are revalued daily into rupees using spot exchange rates published by the State Bank of Pakistan. The fair value of forward foreign exchange instruments is equivalent to their unrealized gain or loss from marking to market the instrument using forward rates applicable to their respective remaining maturities. Exchange gains and losses are included in income currently, except for gain or loss arising on revaluation of capital account which is taken to equity.

5.13 Segment Reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the bank that is engaged either in providing product or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risk and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The operations of the bank are currently based in Pakistan, therefore geographical segment is not relevant.

Business Segments

Trading and Sales

It includes fixed income, foreign exchange, funding, own position securities, lending, borrowing and derivatives.

Retail Banking

It includes retail lending, deposits, banking services and credit card business.

Corporate Banking

Corporate banking includes syndicated financing and services provided in connection with merger and acquisitions, project finance, export finance, trade finance, short-term and long-term lending, bill discounting and negotiation, letter of credit, acceptances, guarantees and deposits.

5.14 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the bank intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.15 Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

The bank occasionally acquires vehicles and other assets in settlement of certain advances. These are stated at the lower of related advances and the current fair value of such assets. Gains or losses on disposal and unrealized losses on revaluation are recognized in income currently.

5.16 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The bank expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for as off balance sheet transactions and are disclosed as contingent liabilities and commitments.

CASH AND BALANCES WITH	Note	2006	2005	
TREASURY BANKS		(Rupees in '000)		
In hand				
Local currency		874,001	544,534	
Foreign currencies		440,791	228,249	
	_	1,314,792	772,783	
With State Bank of Pakistan in				
Local currency current account	6.1	2,639,216	2,413,107	
Foreign currency current account		123,397	11,892	
	_	2,762,613	2,424,999	
Foreign currency deposit accounts				
Capital with State Bank of Pakistan	19	421,872	3,613,211	
Cash reserve account - non-remunerative		347,187	403,070	
Special cash reserve account - remunerative	6.2	1,035,470	1,134,566	
	_	1,804,529	5,150,847	
With National Bank of Pakistan in				
Local currency current account		-	35,318	
•	-	5,881,934	8,383,947	

6.1 This represents current account maintained with State Bank of Pakistan under the requirements of section 22 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

6.

6.2 This represents special cash reserve maintained against foreign currency deposits mobilised under FE 25 Circular issued by the State Bank of Pakistan and is remunerated at the rate declared by the State Bank of Pakistan on a monthly basis.

7.	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS	Note	2006 (Rupees in	2005 (1000)
	In Pakistan In current accounts		76,770	83,605
	Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts	7.1 7.2	462,746 2,436,400 2,899,146	277,981 367,600 645,581
		_ =	2,975,916	729,186

- **7.1** This includes balance of Rs. 460.399 million (2005: Rs. 277.589 million) held with branches of Citibank, N.A. outside Pakistan.
- 7.2 This represent amounts placed with a branch of Citibank, N.A. outside Pakistan carrying mark-up at 5.17% (2005: 3%) per annum having maturity period of upto one month.

8. LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

2006 2005 Note (Rupees in '000) 8.1 600,000 Call money lendings 8.2 & 8.4 Repurchase agreement lendings (Reverse Repos) 3,231,005 4,796,504 3,831,005 4,796,504

- 8.1 These carry mark-up at rates ranging from 10% to 10.05% per annum having maturity period of upto one month.
- 8.2 These carry mark-up at rates ranging from 8.6% to 9.95% (2005: 7.75% to 8.15%) per annum having maturity period of upto three months.

8.3 Particulars of lendings to financial institutions

In local currency 3,831,005 4,796,504

8.4 Securities held as collateral against lendings to financial institutions

		Note		2006			2005	
			Held by	Further	Total	Held by	Further	Total
			bank	given as		bank	given as	
				collateral			collateral	
					(Rupee	s in '000)		
	Market Treasury Bills		464,106	1,416,842	1,880,948	3,496,372	-	3,496,372
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		850,057	500,000	1,350,057	877,031	423,101	1,300,132
			1,314,163	1,916,842	3,231,005	4,373,403	423,101	4,796,504
				2006			2005	
9.	INVESTMENTS		Held by	Given as	Total	Held by	Given as	Total
			bank	collateral		bank	collateral	
					(Rupees	s in '000)		
9.1	Investments by types							
	Held-for-trading securities							
	Market Treasury Bills		467,284	-	467,284	2,218,519	-	2,218,519
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		842,277	99,225	941,502	-	-	-
		,	1,309,561	99,225	1,408,786	2,218,519	- '	2,218,519
	Available-for-sale securities	1						
	Market Treasury Bills		8,278,257	8,095,434	16,373,691	4,374,413	10,265,476	14,639,889
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		3,322,712	890,402	4,213,114	3,000,741	-	3,000,741
	Unlisted shares		52,000	-	52,000	52,508	-	52,508
			11,652,969	8,985,836	20,638,805	7,427,662	10,265,476	17,693,138
	Investments at cost		12,962,530	9,085,061	22,047,591	9,646,181	10,265,476	19,911,657
	Less: Provision for Diminution in							
	value of Investments	9.3	52,000	-	52,000	2,508		2,508
	Investments - (net of provisions)		12,910,530	9,085,061	21,995,591	9,643,673	10,265,476	19,909,149
	Surplus on revaluation of							
	Held-for-trading securities	9.4	3,868	342	4,210	8,543	-	8,543
	(Deficit) / surplus on revaluation of		•		•			
	available-for-sale securities	20	(65,028)	2,614	(62,414)	(59,297)	(13,295)	(72,592)
	Total investments at market value		12,849,370	9,088,017	21,937,387	9,592,919	10,252,181	19,845,100

9.2	Investments by segments	Note	2006 (Rupees i	2005 n '000)
	Federal Government Securities: Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bonds	9.5 9.6 & 9.7 _	16,840,975 5,154,616	16,858,408 3,000,741
	Fully Paid up Ordinary Shares: Unlisted companies		21,995,591	19,859,149
	Khushhali Bank 50 (2005: 50) fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs.1,000,000/- each Chief Executive - Mr. Ghalib Nishtar		50,000	50,000
	Arabian Sea Country Club 200,000 (2005: 200,000) fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each Chief Executive - Mr. Arif Ali Khan Abbasi		2,000	2,000
	Investment Corporation of Pakistan Nil (2005: 7,935) fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs.100/- each Chief Executive - Mr. Abdul Latif Uqaili		-	508
	Total investments at cost	_	52,000 22,047,591	52,508
	Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments Investments - (net of provisions) Surplus on revaluation of held-for-trading securities Deficit on revaluation of available-for-sale securities Total investments at market value	9.3 _ 9.4 20 _	52,000 21,995,591 4,210 (62,414) 21,937,387	2,508 19,909,149 8,543 (72,592) 19,845,100
9.3	Particulars of provision for diminution in the value of investments			
	Opening balance Charge for the year Transfer Closing Balance	13.2	2,508 50,000 (508) 52,000	2,508 - - - 2,508
9.3.1	Particulars of provision for diminution in the value of investments by type and segment			
	Unlisted shares - available-for-sale investments	_	52,000	2,508
9.4	Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments classified as held for trading			
	Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bonds	_ =	3,898 312 4,210	8,543 8,543

- 9.5 Market Treasury Bills are for a period up to one year with yields ranging from 8.46% to 9.00% (2005: 7.24% to 8.79%) per annum.
- 9.6 Investments include Pakistan Investment Bonds having face value of Rs. 25 million (2005: Rs. 25 million) deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan against TT / discounting facility granted by them.
- Pakistan Investment Bonds are for a period of three, five, ten, fifteen and twenty years with yields ranging from 6.75% to 14.0% (2005: 6.75% to 11.9%) per annum.

9.8 Quality of Available for Sale Securities

		20	06	200	95
	Federal Government Securities	Amount (Rupees in '000)	Rating	Amount (Rupees in '000)	Rating
	(at market value)				
	Market Treasury Bills	16,339,543	N/A	14,620,927	N/A
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	4,184,848 20,524,391	N/A -	2,947,111 17,568,038	N / A
	Unlisted companies (at cost)				
	Khushhali Bank	50,000	A-(L), A-1(S)	50,000	A-(L), A-1(S)
	Arabian Sea Country Club	2,000	N/A	2,000	N/A
	Investment Corporation of Pakistan	52,000	. N/A _	508 52,508	N / A
	L - represents long term rating				
	S - represents short term rating				
10.	ADVANCES			2006	2005
				(Rupees i	in '000)
	Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc.			5 4 0 5 2 420	20.107.050
	In Pakistan			51,053,128	39,197,950
	Bills discounted and purchased (excluding Ma	arket Treasury Bi	lls)		
	Payable in Pakistan Payable outside Pakistan			1,002,935 667,153	596,126 515,811
	1 ayabic butside 1 akistan		L	1,670,088	1,111,937
	Advances - gross		-	52,723,216	40,309,887
	Provision for non-performing advances		Г	(544 (42)	(502 (49)
	Specific General			(544,642) (889,303)	(593,648) (552,900)
	Concru		10.3	(1,433,945)	(1,146,548)
	Advances - net of provision		- -	51,289,271	39,163,339
10.1	Particulars of advances (gross)				
10.1.1	In local currency			51,130,545	38,396,151
	In foreign currencies		_	1,592,671	1,913,736
			=	52,723,216	40,309,887
10.1.2	Short Term (for upto one year)			19,229,089	24,400,599
	Long Term (for over one year)		_	33,494,127	15,909,288
			_	52,723,216	40,309,887

10.2 Advances include Rs. 571.395 million (2005: Rs 618.611 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:-

		2006			2005	
	Classified advances	Provision required *	Provision held	Classified advances	Provision required *	Provision held
			(Rupees	s in '000)		
Category of classification						
Substandard	9,008	3,079	3,079	102,799	83,938	83,938
Doubtful	5,240	2,620	2,620	6,839	6,373	6,373
Loss	557,147	538,943	538,943	508,973	503,337	503,337
	571,395	544,642	544,642	618,611	593,648	593,648

^{*} Adjusted for any amounts of liquid assets without recourse to a court of law and discounted forced sale values of mortgaged / pledged properties as valued by professional valuers.

10.3 Particulars of provision against non-performing advances

	Note		2006			2005	
		Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
		(Rupees in '000)					
Opening balance		593,648	552,900	1,146,548	534,135	166,088	700,223
Charge for the year		11,378	336,403	347,781	94,999	386,812	481,811
Amounts written off	10.4	(3,047)	-	(3,047)	(11,417)	-	(11,417)
Reversals		(57,337)		(57,337)	(24,069)		(24,069)
Closing balance		544,642	889,303	1,433,945	593,648	552,900	1,146,548

10.3.1 Particulars of provision against non-performing advances

	2006			2005			
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total	
			(Rupees in '000)				
In local currency	544,642	889,303	1,433,945	593,648	552,900	1,146,548	

10.3.2 General provision represents provision against consumer loans as required by the prudential regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

10.4	PARTICULARS OF WRITE OFFs:	Note	2006 (Rupees i	2005 in '000)
10.4.1	Against Provisions Directly charged to Profit & Loss account	10.3	3,047 614,765 617,812	11,417 169,208 180,625
10.4.2	Write offs of Rs. 500,000 and above Write offs of below Rs. 500,000	10.5	69,141 548,671 617,812	18,209 162,416 180,625

10.5 Details of loan write off of Rs. 500,000 and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of Section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 the Statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above allowed to person(s) during the year ended 31 December 2006 is given in Annexure-1.

10.6	Particulars of loans and advances to directors, associated companies, etc.	Note	2006 (Rupees in	2005 n '000)
	Debts due by directors, executives or officers of the bank or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons *			
	Balance at beginning of year		622,644	565,280
	Loans granted during the year		970,602	276,226
	Repayments		(803,266)	(218,862)

^{*} Represents loans given by the bank to their executives and other employees as per the terms of their employment.

11. OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

Balance at end of year

Intangible assets	11.3	22,164 1,186,499	340,656
Capital work-in-progress - civil works		247,645	26,898

789,980

622,644

11.2 Property and equipment

11.1

111				2006			
	COST			DEPRECIATION			
As at 1 January 2006	Additions/ (Deletions)	As at 31 December 2006	As at 1 January 2006	Charge for the year / (depreciation on deletions)	As at 31 December 2006	As at 31 December 2006	Rate of depreciation %
			(Rupees in '000	0)			
1,978	-	1,978	1,943	5	1,948	30	5
279,089	177,148 (19,856)	436,381	245,909	23,223 (18,447)	250,685	185,696	10-50
822,698	463,234 (278,701)	1,007,231	635,217	99,991 (277,949)	457,259	549,972	14.3-33.33
153,823	142,014 (45,661)	250,176	60,761	36,013 (27,590)	69,184	180,992	20
1,257,588	782,396 (344,218)	1,695,766	943,830	159,232 (323,986)	779,076	916,690	
				2005			
	COST			DEPRECIATION		BOOK VALUE	
As at 1	Additions/	As at	As at	Charge for	As at	As at	Rate of
January 2005	(Deletions)	31 December 2005	1 January 2005	the year / (depreciation on deletions)	31 December 2005	31 December 2005	depreciation %
			-(Rupees in '000))			
1,978	-	1,978	1,934	9	1,943	35	5
271,259	10,236 (2,406)	279,089	219,802	27,199 (1,092)	245,909	33,180	10-50
716,376	133,639 (27,317)	822,698	590,840	71,694 (27,317)	635,217	187,481	14.3-33.3
132,687	50,844 (29,708)	153,823	54,767	26,404 (20,410)	60,761	93,062	20
1,122,300	194,719	1,257,588	867,343	125,306	943,830	313,758	
	As at 1 January 2006 1,978 279,089 822,698 153,823 As at 1 January 2005 1,978 271,259 716,376 132,687	COST As at 1 January 2006 1,978 - 279,089 177,148 (19,856) 822,698 463,234 (278,701) 153,823 142,014 (45,661) 1,257,588 782,396 (344,218) COST As at 1 January 2005 1,978 - 271,259 10,236 (2,406) 716,376 133,639 (27,317) 132,687 50,844 (29,708)	COST	COST	COST	COST	As at 1 Additions As at 2006 As at 3006 As at 3

^{11.2.1} The gross carrying value of fully depreciated assets still in use amounts to Rs. 519.362 million (2005: Rs. 652.399 million).

^{11.2.2} The fair value of buildings on leasehold land is Rs. 205 million (2005: Rs. 69 million).

11.3 Intangible assets

_					2006			
		COST			MORTISATION	BOOK VALUE		
	As at	Additions/	As at	As at Amortisation for As at		As at	As at	Rate of
	1 January	(Deletions)	31 December	1 January	the year /	31 December	31 December	Amortisation
	2006		2006	2006	(Amortisation on	2006	2006	%
					deletions)			
				(Rupees in	'000)			
Computer Software	22,090	24,560	24,560	22,090	2,396	2,396	22,164	33.33
•		(22,090)	•	•	(22,090)	,		

11.4 Disposal of fixed assets during the year

Disposar of fixed assets during the year					
	Cost	Book value	Sale price	Mode of	Particulars
		(Rupees in	'000)	disposal	of buyers
Furniture and Fixture					
Items having book value of less than Rs 250,000	7.462	1 104	7.00	O D'1	7. C. M. 1. '. 1337. 1
or cost of less than Rs 1,000,000	7,463	1,194	760	Open Bid	Zafar Mechanical Work
Assets written off	12,393	215	-	Written off	
	19,856	1,409	760		
Electrical, office and Computer					
Equipment					
Items having book value of less than Rs 250,000	2.012	220	200	On on Did	Zafan Machaniaal Wank
or cost of less than Rs 1,000,000	2,913	329	300	Open Bid	Zafar Mechanical Work
Assets written off	275,788	423	-	Written off	
	278,701	752	300		
Vehicles					
Disposal to Employees	0.62	(10	610	T	A 1'1 Danet and The many and
	963 849	610 283	610 340	Terms of Employment Terms of Employment	Adil Rustom Tarapore Adnan Meeraj
	962	482	748	Terms of Employment	Ahsan Akhtar
	849	269	283	Terms of Employment	Ali Kazi
	945	32	532	Terms of Employment	Amena Arif
	849	241	241	Terms of Employment	Anil Charakla
	849	368	368	Terms of Employment	Asif Meenai
	795	490	517	Terms of Employment	Atif Irshad
	849	368	368	Terms of Employment	Aun Ali Raza
	943	534	762	Terms of Employment	Azhar Khan
	849	241	241	Terms of Employment	Faisal Amin Faisal Hussain
	849 849	410 480	410 495	Terms of Employment Terms of Employment	Farahnaz Patel
	849	241	241	Terms of Employment	Hanif Sulaiman
	849	283	283	Terms of Employment	Ibrar Gul Niazi
	1,287	1,094	1,030	2 4	Imran Zaidi
	795	424	424	Terms of Employment	Kamran Ahmed
	769	141	141	Terms of Employment	Mir Aziz
	795	517	517	Terms of Employment	Misbah Naqvi
	849	156	156	Terms of Employment	Mohsin Aziz
	854	171	171	Terms of Employment	Nadeem Arshad
	943	377	393	Terms of Employment	Nadeem Saleh Nadir Sarela
	943 849	361 325	655 325	Terms of Employment Terms of Employment	Nauman Amjad
	1,002	767	862	Terms of Employment	Pouruchisty Sidhwa
	850	354	354	Terms of Employment	Rizwan Hussainy
	735	110	110	Terms of Employment	Rodney Judd
	735	25	25	Terms of Employment	Saashah Chugthai
	849	538	538	Terms of Employment	Salman Irshad
	849	495	495	Terms of Employment	Saquib Ayub
	849	495	495	Terms of Employment	Saquib Cheema
	849	396	396	Terms of Employment	Shyam Shahani Umer Naveed Minhas
	849 849	552 340	552 340	Terms of Employment Terms of Employment	Usman Ali
	1,002	684	733	Terms of Employment	Zulfiqar Hamid
	765	-	538	Open Bid	Imran Dhedhi
	849	-	508	Open Bid	Imran Dhedhi
	865	-	508	Open Bid	Imran Dhedhi
	769	-	540	Open Bid	Asif Ibrahim
	901	-	392	Open Bid	Asif Ibrahim
	1,330	399	345	Open Bid	Syed Kashif Zameer
	139 709	-	475	Open Bid	Syed Kashif Zameer
	769	-	545 551	Open Bid Open Bid	Syed Kashif Zameer
	310	-	239	Open Bid	Syed Kashif Zameer Syed Kashif Zameer
Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	310		237	Орен Віц	Syca Rashii Zameei
Items having book value of less than Rs 250,000	=			O D' 1	A TT'
or cost of less than Rs 1,000,000.	769	-	551	Open Bid	Auto King
Items having book value of more than Rs 250,000					
or cost of more than Rs 1,000,000.	6,886	4,018	3,065	Open Bid	Platinum Motors
	45,661	18,071	23,408		
T. (11) A. (1)	344,218	20,232	24,468		
Intangible Assets					
Assets written off	22.000			Written off	
Assets withen on	22,090			willen on	
	366,308	20,232	24,468		

12.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS - NET	Note	2006 (Rupees in	2005 (1000)
	Deferred debits arising in respect of Provision and write offs against non-performing advances Fixed assets timing differences Payable to defined benefit plan (gratuity) Deficit on revaluation of securities Other deductible temporary differences Deferred credits arising due to	20	668,313 - 11,036 21,845 152,116	505,845 33,378 6,307 27,585
	Fixed assets timing differences		(24,766) 828,544	573,115
13.	OTHER ASSETS			
	Income/ Mark-up accrued in local currency Income/ Mark-up accrued in foreign currency Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Branch adjustment account Unrealised gain on forward foreign exchange contracts, for currency options and interest rate derivative contracts Receivable from the State Bank of Pakistan - customer encashed USD Bonds	<i>13.1</i> eign	1,176,992 33,380 407,956 24,128 1,853 1,169,461 4,471	885,199 30,731 218,917 30,894 874 1,211,288
	Others		578,642 3,396,883	264,117 2,657,695
	Less: Provision held against other assets Other Assets (Net of Provision)	13.2	11,001 3,385,882	15,901 2,641,794
13.1	Market value of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		41,915	38,841
13.2	PROVISION AGAINST OTHER ASSETS			
	Opening balance Charge for the year Reversals Transfer Closing balance	9.3	15,901 6,653 (12,061) 508 11,001	9,151 10,496 (3,746) - 15,901
14.	CONTINGENT ASSETS			
	There were no contingent assets as at the balance sheet date	2.		
15.	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		1,212,275	1,436,826

16.	BORROWINGS	Note	2006 (Rupees i	2005 in '000)
	In Pakistan	=	15,409,454	12,612,553
16.1	Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies			
	In local currency		15,409,454	12,612,553
	In foreign currencies	-	15,409,454	12,612,553
16.2	Details of borrowings Secured / Unsecured	=		
	Secured	-		
	Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan			
	Under export refinance scheme	16.2.1	2,770,873	1,151,737
	Repurchase agreement borrowings	16.2.2	11,024,155	10,060,701
		L	13,795,028	11,212,438
	Unsecured	- -		
	Call borrowings	16.2.3	1,600,000	980,000
	Overdrawn nostro accounts		14,426	-
	Trading account liabilities	<u> </u>	-	420,115
		_	1,614,426	1,400,115
		_	15,409,454	12,612,553

- **16.2.1** These are secured by granting of the right to recover the outstanding amount from the bank at the date of maturity of the finance by directly debiting the current account maintained by the bank with the State Bank of Pakistan.
- **16.2.2** These carry mark up at rates ranging from 8.25% to 9.25% (2005: 7% to 8.5%) per annum having maturity period of upto two months.
- **16.2.3** These carry mark-up at rates ranging from 9.10% to 10.30% (2005: 6% to 8.8%) per annum having maturity period of upto six months.

17. DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

	Customers		
	Fixed deposits	36,617,564	29,553,857
	Savings deposits	16,250,031	13,069,904
	Current Accounts - Non-remunerative	9,726,879	10,295,456
	Other deposits	133,955	101,964
		62,728,429	53,021,181
	Financial Institutions		
	Remunerative deposits	75,962	37,415
	Non-remunerative deposits	299,493	56,942
		375,455	94,357
		63,103,884	53,115,538
17.1	Particulars of deposits		
	In local currency	56,014,176	45,051,520
	In foreign currencies	7,089,708	8,064,018
		63,103,884	53,115,538

18.	OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	2006	2005
			(Rupees in	n '000)
	Mark-up/ Return/ Interest payable in local currency		1,125,649	420,485
	Mark-up/ Return/ Interest payable in foreign currencies		6,631	3,732
	Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		25,521	85,341
	Accrued expenses		740,821	552,136
	Provisions for taxation - net		980,082	220,820
	Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts,			
	foreign currency options and interest rate derivative contracts		1,204,061	1,094,472
	Unremitted head office expenses		506,853	334,770
	Payable to regional offices for support services		54,383	64,891
	Payable to defined benefit plan	33.3	31,839	22,476
	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	18.1	7,185	7,185
	Advances from customers		428,767	282,128
	Others	_	450,527	514,578
		=	5,562,319	3,603,014
18.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations			
	Opening balance		7,185	7,185
	Charge for the year		-	- -
	Reversals		-	-
	Amount Written off		-	-
	Closing balance	=	7,185	7,185
19.	HEAD OFFICE CAPITAL ACCOUNT			
	Capital held as:			
	Interest free deposit in approved foreign exchange			
	Remitted from Head Office - net of repatriated capital USD 6.930 million (2005: USD 60.430 million) Revaluation surplus allowed by the State Bank of		184,755	1,611,143
	Pakistan - cumulative	19.1	237,117	2,002,068
		L	421,872	3,613,211
	Democit of un anaumhaned approved accounities			
	Deposit of un-encumbered approved securities Market Treasury Bills	19.2	3,242,635	
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	19.2	129,737	129,737
	i akistan myestment donus	17.3	3,372,372	129,737
			595 1 4 95 1 4	127,131
		-	3,794,244	3,742,948
		=		

- **19.1** Represents surplus in proportion to interest free deposit in approved foreign exchange maintained with State Bank of Pakistan.
- 19.2 During the year, the head office capital account representing USD 53.5 million which was earlier held in the interest free deposit account with State Bank of Pakistan was converted into local currency. The converted amount has been invested in Market Treasury Bills having face value of Rs 3,500 million.
- 19.3 This represents Pakistan Investment Bonds having face value of Rs. 130 million (2005: Rs 130 million).
- 19.4 Capital has been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan in compliance with sub-section (3) of section 13 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

20. DEFICIT ON REVALUATION OF SECURITIES

	(62,414)	(72,592)
12	21,845	27,585
<u> </u>	(40,569)	(45,007)
	12	12 21,845

21. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Note **2006**

2005

6,971,494

(Rupees in '000)

8,727,727

21.1 Direct credit substitutes

Includes general guarantees of indebtedness, bank acceptance guarantees and standby letters of credit serving as financial guarantees for loans and securities.

(i) Government	-	-
(ii) Banking companies and other financial institutions	2,518,952	2,882,163
(iii) Others	219,246	534,474
	2,738,198	3,416,637

21.2 Transaction-related contingent liabilities

Includes performance bonds, bid bonds, warranties, advance payment guarantees, shipping guarantees and standby letters of credit related to particular transactions:

(i) Government	395,804	2,435,770
(ii) Banking companies and other financial institutions	9,698	260,756
(iii) Others	4,030,895	307,686
	4,436,397	3,004,212

21.3 Trade-related contingent liabilities

Letters of credit

Includes short-term self liquidating trade related contingent liabilities arising from the movement of goods, such as documentary credits where the underlying shipment is used as security.

		<u> </u>		
21.4	Other contingencies			
	Indemnity issued		15,484	15,484
	Claims not acknowledged as debt		1,684	1,684
	-	21.4.1	17,168	17,168

21.4.1 These are not recognised as debt as the probability of these crystallising against the bank is considered remote.

21.5 Commitments in respect of forward transactions

Forward purchase of trading securities	1,300,760	
Forward sale of trading securities	967,153	-
Forward agreement lending (reverse repos)	<u> </u>	950,941
Forward agreement borrowings (repos)	3,492,252	473,169
Uncancellable commitments to extend credit	600,000	-

21.6 Commitments in respect of forward exchange contracts

Purchase	38,430,304	37,849,005
Sale	38,312,917	28,990,032

The bank utilises foreign exchange instruments to meet the needs of its customers and as part of its asset and liability management activity to hedge its own exposure to currency risk.

		Note	2006	2005	
21.7	Commitments in respect of operating leases		(Rupees in '00		
	Not later than one year		10,612	594	
	Later than one year and not later than five years		20,930	-	
			31,542	594	

The bank has obtained vehicles under operating lease agreements for upto five years. The above represents minimum lease payments under the non-cancellable operating lease agreements.

21.8 Other commitments

Interest rate derivative contracts (notional amount)	22.1	32,063,538	18,960,240
Foreign currency options	22.1	23,637,440	6,700,730

22. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative is a type of instrument whose price is dependent upon or derived from one or more underlying assets. Forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common type of derivatives. Also included in derivatives are structured financial products that have one or more characteristics of forwards, futures, swaps and options.

The Bank enters into derivatives contracts for market making and for creating effective hedges to enable customers and the bank to transfer, modify or reduce their interest rate and foreign exchange risks. The bank as an Authorized Derivative Dealer (ADD) is an active participant in the derivative market of Pakistan.

All transactions involving cross currency swaps are subject to State Bank of Pakistan's prior approval.

Overall responsibility for derivatives trading activity lies with treasury. Existence of an independent market risk function together with the Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) assists in the identification and quantification of risks on derivatives. This involves:

- coordinating approvals of market risk limits;
- formulation of policies and procedures with respect to market risk and
- monitoring of market risk and credit risk exposure.

Treasury operations records transactions in the books, while finance reports the price and liquidity information independently.

The risk embedded in derivatives transactions are discussed in note 40.

22.1 Product Analysis

			2006			
	Interest Rate and Cro	oss Currency Swaps	Forward Ra	te Agreements	FX O	ptions
Counterparties	No. of	Notional	No. of	Notional	No. of	Notional
	Contracts	Principal	Contracts	Principal	Contracts	Principal
		(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)
With Banks for						
Hedging	10	7,670,025	-	-	14	11,818,720
Market Making	9	4,970,276		-	3	457,710
With FIs other than banks		-				
Hedging	-	-	-	- [[-	-
Market Making	3	1,531,175	-	- 11	-	-
With other entities for		-				
Hedging	-	-	-	- 1	-	-
Market Making	38	17,892,062	-	- 11	11	11,361,010
Total	,			,,		
Hedging	10	7,670,025	-	- 1	14	11,818,720
Market Making	50	24,393,513	-	- 11	14	11,818,720
	60	32,063,538	-	<u> </u>	28	23,637,440
			2005			
	Interest Rate and Cro			te Agreements	FX O	
Counterparties	No. of	Notional	No. of	Notional	No. of	Notional
	Contracts	Principal	Contracts	Principal	Contracts	Principal
		(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)
With Banks for						
Hedging	3	5,573,214	-	-	31	3,350,365
Market Making	6	4,400,000	-]	1	90,394
With FIs other than banks		-				
Hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market Making	1	253,000	-	-	-	-
With other entities for		-				
Hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market Making	18	8,734,026	-]	30	3,259,971
Total				,,		
Hedging	3	5,573,214	-	-	31	3,350,365
Market Making	25	13,387,026	-]	31	3,350,365
	28	18,960,240	-	-	62	6,700,730

22.2 Maturity Analysis

Interest Rate and Cross Currency Swaps

			2006		
Remaining Maturity	No. of	Notional	N	Aark to Market	
	Contracts	Principal	Negative	Positive	Net
			(Rupees in	n '000)	
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	1	1,000,000	-	11	11
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	-	-
6 months to 1 Year	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 2 Years	17	10,816,838	(130,022)	111,886	(18,136)
2 to 3 Years	5	1,368,286	(935)	28,510	27,575
3 to 5 Years	25	9,756,153	(10,483)	278,804	268,321
5 to 10 years	12	9,122,261	(146,616)	272,121	125,505
Above 10 Years	-	-	-	-	-
	60	32,063,538	(288,056)	691,332	403,276
			2005		
Remaining Maturity	No. of	Notional		Mark to Market	
	Contracts	Principal	Negative	Positive	Net
			(Rupees in	1 '000)	
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	_
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	_
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	-	-
6 months to 1 Year	3	506,648	(185)	175	(10)
1 to 2 Years	-	-			-
2 to 3 Years	10	10,898,236	(140,688)	157,536	16,848
3 to 5 Years	7	1,571,328	(121)	13,901	13,780
5 to 10 years	8	5,984,028	(55,787)	70,193	14,406
Above 10 Years	-	-	-	-	-
	28	18,960,240	(196,781)	241,805	45,024

23.	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EARNED	Note	2006 (Rupees	2005 in '000)
	On loans and advances to		(214)	
	Customers		6,693,312	4,153,567
	Financial Institutions		43,967	66,633
	On investments in			
	Held for trading securities		81,655	81,026
	Available for sale securities		1,485,952	731,906
	On deposits with financial institutions		99,186	101,699
	On securities purchased under resale agreements (reverse repo)		613,255	500,339
			9,017,327	5,635,170
24.	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Democite		2 024 259	1 252 520
	Deposits Securities sold under repurchase agreements (repo)		2,924,358 797,967	1,352,539 453,684
	Other short term borrowings		375,120	193,488
	Interest paid on trading account liabilities		15,644	36,044
	S		4,113,089	2,035,755
25.	GAIN ON SALE OF SECURITIES			
	Federal Govt. Securities			
	Market Treasury Bills		3,887	34,590
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		1,547	45,088
			5,434	79,678
26.	OTHER INCOME			
	Credit losses recovered		94,527	99,143
	Net profit on sale of property and equipment		4,874	10,713
	Income from interest rate derivative contracts		470,711	137,418
	Others		9,679	1,176
25	A DIMINIQUID A DIVIE EXPENICES		579,791	248,450
27.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries, allowances, etc.		1,041,322	817,794
	Charge for defined benefit plan		33,062	36,792
	Contribution to defined contribution plan		35,312	28,216
	Head office / Regional office expenses		172,084	146,673
	Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.		338,985	200,767
	Contract Services		898,081	653,936
	Legal and professional charges		16,388	17,800
	Communications		166,521	201,707
	Repairs and maintenance Travelling and conveyance		89,203 169,227	54,391 101,400
	Rentals of operating leases		6,506	3,565
	Stationery and printing		99,378	72,488
	Advertisement and publicity		240,739	95,949
	Support services from regional offices		263,236	172,170
	Donations	27.1	20	850
	Auditors' remuneration	27.2	2,021	1,173
	Depreciation	11.2	159,232	125,306
	Amortization of intangible assets	11.3	2,396	-
	Others		319,395	231,662
			4,053,108	2,962,639

27.1 Donations

Donations do not include any donee in whom any executive of the bank or his / her spouse has any interest.

27.2 Auditor	s' remuneration	2006 (Rupees i	2005 n '000)
Special of	he half yearly review ertifications and sundry advisory services ocket expenses	1,100 250 550 121 2,021	770 205 105 93 1,173
28. OTHER	CHARGES		
Penalties	imposed by State Bank of Pakistan	140	672
29. TAXAT	ION		
For the Curren	t	1,332,650 (261,169) 1,071,481	1,221,374 (135,738) 1,085,636
For prio Curren		(141,594)	-
		929,887	1,085,636
30. RELAT	IONSHIP BETWEEN TAX EXPENSE AND ACCOUNT	ΓING PROFIT	
Profit be	fore taxation	2,575,161	2,593,890
Taxation	at the applicable tax rate of 35% (2005: 38%)	901,306	985,678
	effect of expenses that are not deductible in ning taxable income	431,344	235,696
	taxation relating to origination and reversal of ary differences	(261,169)	(135,738)
		1,071,481	1,085,636

The income tax return for the tax year 2006 i.e. income year ended 31 December 2005 has been duly filed which is deemed to be assessed under Section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2006	2005
	(Rupees in	(000)
Cash and balance with treasury banks	5,881,934	8,383,947
Balance with other banks	2,975,916	729,186
Overdrawn nostro accounts	(14,426)	-
	8,843,424	9,113,133
STAFF STRENGTH	2006	2005
	Number of e	mployees
Permanent	997	753
Contractual basis	1	-
Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year	998	753
Outsourced	3,079	2,401
Total staff strength at the end of the year	4,077	3,154
	Cash and balance with treasury banks Balance with other banks Overdrawn nostro accounts STAFF STRENGTH Permanent Contractual basis Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year Outsourced	Cash and balance with treasury banks Balance with other banks Overdrawn nostro accounts STAFF STRENGTH Permanent Contractual basis Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year Outsourced (Rupees in 1997 5,881,934 2,975,916 (14,426) 8,843,424 2006 Number of end 997 Contractual basis 1 Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year Outsourced 3,079

33. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

33.1 General description

All permanent employees with a minimum service period of five years or more with the bank are entitled to end of service benefits calculated at 130 percent of basic salary for each year of service with the bank. The assets of the funded plan are held independently in a separate trustee administered fund.

33.2 Principal actuarial assumptions

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 2006 using the "Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost" method. The main assumptions used for the actuarial valuation were as follows:

		2006	2005
	Estimated interest rates on plan assets of the fund - per annum Estimated rate of increase in salaries of the employees	10%	8%
	based on historical increases - per annum	10%	8%
	Estimated service length of the employees	6 years	6 years
33.3	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plan	2006	2005
		(Rupees i	in '000)
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	222,913	196,992
	Fair value of plan assets	(122,568)	(184,598)
	Net actuarial (losses) / gains not recognized	(68,506)	10,082
		31,839	22,476

33.4	Movement in payable to defined b	2006 (Rupees i	2005 n '000)			
	Opening balance Charge for the year Contribution to fund made by the ba	ank during the	year	_	22,476 33,062 (23,699)	34,999 36,792 (49,315)
	Closing balance			=	31,839	22,476
33.5	Movement in defined benefit obliq	gation				
	Obligation at the beginning of the y	ear			196,992	200,621
	Current service cost				30,450	33,051
	Interest cost				15,760	16,050
	Benefits paid by the fund				(54,676)	(53,191)
	Actuarial losses on obligation				34,387	461
	Obligation at the end of the year			_	222,913	196,992
33.6	Movement in fair value of plan as	sset				
	Opening balance				184,598	174,086
	Expected return on plan assets				14,768	13,927
	Contribution by the bank				23,699	49,315
	Benefits paid by the bank				(54,675)	(53,191)
	Actuarial (loss) / gain by the bank				(45,822)	461
	Fair value at the end of the year			_	122,568	184,598
33.7	Charge for defined benefit plan					
	Current service cost				30,450	33,051
	Interest cost				15,760	16,050
	Expected return on plan assets				(14,768)	(13,927)
	Amortization of transitional obligation	ions		_	1,620	1,618
				=	33,062	36,792
33.8	Actual return on plan assets			=	15,721	13,927
33.9	Five year data on surplus / (defici	t) of the plan	and experier	nce adjustme	nts	
		2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
			(Ru	pees in 000)-		
	Present value of defined benefit					
	obligation	(222,913)	(196,992)	(200,621)	(153,907)	(134,102)
	Fair value of plan assets	122,568	184,598	174,086	97,864	66,498
	Surplus / (deficit)	(100,345)	(12,394)	(26,535)	(56,043)	(67,604)
	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities [loss/(gain)]	(34,387)	(461)	(41,651)	(16,983)	-
	Experience adjustments on plan assets [loss/(gain)]	(45,822)	461	57,023	10,961	-
	assets [1000/(Sum/)]	(,022)	101	27,023	10,701	

33.10 Components of plan assets as a percentage of total plan assets 2006 2005 Government securities 99.5% 92.3% Others (including bank balances) 0.5% 7.7% 100.0% 100.0%

33.11 The expected contributions to the gratuity fund for the next year commencing 1 January 2007 is Rs 55.566 million.

34. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

All permanent employees of the bank are entitled to end of service benefits through a recognised provident fund, whereby the bank and all permanent employees are required to make monthly contributions to the scheme at 10 percent of basic salary.

35. COMPENSATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Exe	cutive	Executives		
•	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		(Rupees in	'000)		
Managerial remuneration	20,000	19,065	294,132	218,942	
Charge for defined benefit plan	866	805	20,031	15,568	
Contribution to defined contribution					
plan	800	747	18,490	14,370	
Rent and house maintenance	3,200	2,987	77,370	71,404	
Utilities	1,112	831	24,024	19,216	
Medical	131	120	4,355	2,111	
Others	1,132	999	50,897	28,544	
	27,241	25,554	489,299	370,155	
Number of persons	1	1	180	150	

The Chief Executive and certain executives have been provided with free use of bank maintained cars and household equipment in accordance with their terms of employment.

36. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

The table below sets out the carrying value and estimated fair value of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet financial instruments:

36.1 On-balance sheet financial instruments

		200	06	2005		
		Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	
			(Rupees i	in '000)		
	Financial Assets					
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	5,881,934	5,881,934	8,383,947	8,383,947	
	Balances with other banks	2,975,916	2,975,916	729,186	729,186	
	Lendings to financial institutions	3,831,005	3,831,005	4,796,504	4,796,504	
	Investments	21,937,387	21,937,387	19,845,100	19,845,100	
	Advances	51,289,271	51,289,271	39,163,339	39,163,339	
	Other assets	3,385,882	3,385,882	2,641,794	2,641,794	
		89,301,395	89,301,395	75,559,870	75,559,870	
	Financial Liabilities					
	Bills payable	1,212,275	1,212,275	1,436,826	1,436,826	
	Borrowings	15,409,454	15,409,454	12,612,553	12,612,553	
	Deposits and other accounts	63,103,884	63,103,884	53,115,538	53,115,538	
	Other liabilities	5,562,319	5,562,319	3,603,014	3,603,014	
		85,287,932	85,287,932	70,767,931	70,767,931	
36.2	Off-balance sheet financial instrument	s				
	Forward purchase of foreign exchange	38,430,304	38,430,304	37,849,005	37,849,005	
	Forward sale of foreign exchange	38,312,917	38,312,917	28,990,032	28,990,032	
	Forward purchase of trading securities	1,300,760	1,300,760		_	
	Forward sale of trading securities	967,153	967,153		_	
	Forward agreement lending (reverse repos)			950,941	950,941	
	Forward agreement borrowings (repos)	3,492,252	3,492,252	473,169	473,169	
	Interest rate derivative contracts	32,063,538	32,063,538	18,960,240	18,960,240	
	Foreign Currency Options	23,637,440	23,637,440	6,700,730	6,700,730	

As at 31 December 2006 the net fair value of all on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet financial instruments has been based on the valuation methodology outlined below:

(a) Advances and deposits

For all advances and deposits, the fair values have been taken at book values as these are not considered materially different based on the current market rates of return and rate repricing profiles of similar advances and deposits portfolios.

(b) Investments

The fair value of investments is based on market prices or average of quotations received from brokers with the exception of unquoted equity investments. For unquoted investments, the fair values have been considered to equal the net book value.

(c) Other financial instruments

The fair value of all other on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet financial instruments are considered to approximate their book values as they are short term in nature.

37. SEGMENT DETAILS WITH RESPECT TO BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The segment analysis with respect to business activity is as follows:

	2006				
	Trading & Sales	Retail Banking (Rupee	Corporate Banking s in '000)	Total	
Total income Total expenses Net income Segment Assets (Gross)	2,500,970 1,716,582 784,388 20,982,013	6,172,929 5,749,779 423,150 40,380,960	3,018,038 2,580,302 437,736 31,450,411	11,691,937 10,046,663 1,645,274 92,813,384	
Segment Non Performing Loans Segment Provision Required *	- -	125,003 1,018,250	446,392 478,696	571,395 1,496,946	
Segment Liabilities Segment Return on net Assets (ROA) (%)	13,982,216 11.2%	37,831,960 16.6%	33,473,756 21.6%	85,287,932 21.9%	
Segment Cost of funds (%)	10.2%	5.1%	7.4%	6.9%	
		20	05		
	Trading &	Retail	Corporate	Total	
	Sales	Banking	Banking		
		(Rupee	s in '000)		
Total income	1,689,191	4,203,983	2,334,747	8,227,921	
Total expenses	1,094,382	3,456,704	2,168,581	6,719,667	
Net income	594,809	747,279	166,166	1,508,254	
Segment Assets (Gross)	23,016,557	28,784,227	25,837,814	77,638,598	
Segment Non Performing Loans	-	123,747	494,864	618,611	
Segment Provision Required *	-	693,427	471,530	1,164,957	
Segment Liabilities	13,070,276	26,573,100	31,124,555	70,767,931	
Segment Return on net Assets (ROA) (%)	6.0%	33.8%	3.1%	22.0%	
Segment Cost of funds (%)	7.6%	2.3%	4.5%	4.2%	

The provision against each segment represents provision held against advances, investments and other assets.

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties comprise of transactions in the normal course of business with other branches of Citibank, N.A. outside Pakistan, other direct and indirect subsidiaries of Citigroup including Citibank Housing Finance Company Limited (CHFC) - dissolved during the year, retirement benefit plan and key management personnel of the bank. These transactions were made on commercial terms and conditions.

38.1 Details of significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

	2006 (Rupees	2005 in '000)
Balances outstanding as at year end		
Placements with other Citibank branches		
At 01 January	367,600	7,186,674
Placements during the year	121,746,148	261,685,733
Settlements during year	(119,677,348)	(268,504,807)
As at 31 December	2,436,400	367,600
Deposits of associated undertakings		
At 01 January	17,718	17,211
Deposits	118,704	739,608
Withdrawals	(136,422)	(739,101)
As at 31 December	-	17,718
Balances due from other Citibank branches	460,399	277,589
Interest receivable on placements with a Citibank branch	619	252
Balances due to other Citibank branches	73,801	66,095
Unremitted head office expenses	506,853	334,770
Payable to regional offices for support services	54,383	64,891
Payable to defined benefit plan	31,839	22,476
	2006	2005
	(Rupees	in '000)
Sale of securities to associated undertaking	-	193,687
Purchase of securities from associated undertaking	-	199,963
Profit / expense for the year		
Interest received on placements with other Citibank branches	24,200	27,602
Interest paid on deposits from associated undertaking	94	66
Service charges received from associated undertaking	703	1,406
Regional expenses for support services	263,236	172,170
Head office expenses	172,084	146,673
Remuneration paid to key management personnel	59,826	53,932

39. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The risk weighted assets to capital ratio, calculated in accordance with the State Bank of Pakistan guidelines on capital adequacy, was as follows:

				2006	2005
				(Rupees	in '000)
Regulatory Capital Base					
Tier I Capital					
Head office capital account				3,794,244	3,742,948
Unremitted profits (net of losses)				2,274,831	2,007,769
				6,069,075	5,750,717
Less: Adjustments				(40,569)	(45,007)
Total Tier I Capital				6,028,506	5,705,710
Tier II Capital Subordinated Debt (upto 50% of total Tier I General Provision subject to 1.25% of total r Revaluation Reserve (upto 50%)	-	assets		- 765,070 -	- - -
Total Tier II Capital				765,070	-
-			,	,	
Eligible Tier III Capital				-	
Total Regulatory Capital	(a)		;	6,793,576	5,705,710
	Note	200	06	20	05
Risk-Weighted Exposures	Ivoie	Book Value	Risk Adjusted	Book Value	Risk Adjusted
Risk-Weighted Exposures		Dook value	Value	Book value	Value
Credit Risk				n '000)	
Balance Sheet Items			(==== F ================================	000)	
Cash and other liquid assets		12,088,855	595,183	13,909,637	152,901
Money at call		600,000	120,000	-	-
Investments	39.1	20,524,391	-	17,618,038	25,000
Loans and advances	39.2	51,726,063	45,129,208	38,091,996	33,045,467
Fixed assets		1,186,499	1,186,499	340,656	340,656
Other assets		4,214,426	3,780,096	3,214,909	3,004,632
		90,340,234	50,810,986	73,175,236	36,568,656
Off Balance Sheet items					
Loan repayment guarantees and					
acceptances	20.2	2,738,198	2,563,959	3,416,637	3,096,173
Performance and bid bonds etc	39.3	4,436,397	1,119,735	3,003,637	582,310
Stand by letters of credit	39.3	8,711,870	2,801,635	6,882,885	1,507,608
Outstanding Foreign Exchange Contracts					
Purchase	39.4	38,430,304	169,408	37,849,005	166,830
Sales	39.4	38,312,917	221,142	28,990,032	129,493
Outstanding derivative contracts		32,063,538	1,452,844	18,960,240	834,670
		124,693,224	8,328,723	99,102,436	6,317,084
Credit risk-weighted exposures			59,139,709		42,885,740
Market Risk					
General market risk			160,766		138,818
Specific market risk			100,700		130,010
Foreign exchange risk			4,506		4,678
Total capital charge for market risk	(b)		165,272		143,496
F	(0)				
Market risk weighted exposure (b x 12.5)			2,065,900		1,793,700
					44.500.000
Total Risk-Weighted exposures	(c)		61,205,609		44,679,440
Capital Adequacy Ratio [(a) / (c) x 100]			11.10%		12.77%

- **39.1** Investments exclude held for trading portfolio amounting to Rs. 1,413 million (2005: Rs. 2,227 million). The held for trading portfolio is subject to market risk and is included in the computation of capital charge for market risk.
- **39.2** These are stated gross of general reserve amounting to Rs. 889.3 million. However, only Rs 765.1 million has been added to supplementary capital as per the maximum allowable limit. Further, advances secured against government securities / own deposits / cash margin amounting to Rs. 452.5 million (2005: Rs. 1,071.3 million) have been deducted from gross advances.
- **39.3** Cash margins amounting to Rs. 15.86 million (2005: Rs. 89.184 million) have been deducted from the related off balance sheet items.
- **39.4** Foreign exchange contracts having original maturities of 14 days or less have been excluded.

40. RISK MANAGEMENT

The overall risk management framework relies upon the bank's internal corporate wide standards and covers credit, market, operational and liquidity risks, including undertaking, measuring, monitoring and reporting of risks. It may be noted that:

- These standards are governed by specific policies which are defined and documented.
- Risks are measured using defined methodologies.
- Limits for credit, market and liquidity risks are approved by Risk Management, which is "independent" of the Business areas.
- Dedicated risk management and control functions are in place for credit (Corporate and Consumer), market, liquidity and operational risks.

Additionally, Risk Management maintains oversight of the regulatory, economic, reputational and legal risks associated with the above-mentioned risks areas.

40.1 Credit Risk

This represents the potential for financial loss resulting from the failure of a borrower or counterparty to honour its financial or contractual obligations arising out of activities which include lending, sales and trading, derivatives, securities transaction and settlement.

Corporate credit risk

This risk is managed through the following:

- Single center of control for each credit relationship that coordinates credit activities with the borrower.
- Documented target market and portfolio concentration limits that establish the credit appetite and minimum acceptable standards (both borrower and industry specific), provide portfolio diversification and maintain risk/capital alignment.
- Consistent standards for credit origination, documentation and remedial management.
- Maintenance of accurate and consistent borrower risk ratings through use of statistical models (periodically validated) or approved scoring methodologies to derive both the borrower's "probability of default" and subsequently the "loss-given-default" after taking into consideration the available credit risk mitigants.
- Periodic stress testing of the credit portfolio based on emerging or expected risk events.

Consumer credit risk

Independent credit risk management is responsible for establishing the Consumer credit policy, approving specific policies and procedures, providing ongoing assessment of Consumer portfolio risk and approving new products. The Consumer Credit Cycle management entails the following:

- Product approval.
- Consistent and prudent underwriting standards.
- Robust account management policies to manage the portfolio.
- Efficient Collection and recovery unit to ensure acceptable loss norms.
- Reliable and accurate Management Information System to support informed decision making.
- Effective anti-fraud controls to minimize fraud losses.

40.1.1 Segmental information

40.1.1.1 Segments by class of business

					Contingenc	ies and	
	Advances (Gross)	Deposi	Deposits		Commitments	
	(Rupees	Percent	(Rupees	Percent	(Rupees	Percent	
	in '000)		in '000)		in '000)		
Food Manufacturing	1,559,836	2.96	1,417,495	2.25	432,042	2.71	
Textile	6,147,151	11.66	591,122	0.94	529,793	3.33	
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	2,011,001	3.81	9,017,763	14.29	1,537,810	9.66	
Cement	4,386,944	8.32	5,083	0.01	2,058,035	12.93	
Footwear and Leather garments	115,021	0.22	8,220	0.01	16,529	0.10	
Automobile and transportation							
equipment	2,765,321	5.24	647,628	1.03	284,015	1.78	
Electronics and electrical							
appliances	416,475	0.79	311,778	0.49	51,025	0.32	
Tobacco	194,056	0.37	-	-	120,904	0.76	
Power (electricity), Gas, Water,							
Sanitary	1,253,200	2.38	3,291,569	5.22	5,766,444	36.22	
Wholesale and Retail Trade	468,859	0.89	-	-	220,808	1.39	
Transport, Storage and							
Communication	1,996,073	3.79	6,661,569	10.56	1,072,154	6.73	
Financial	1,796,542	3.41	1,262,262	2.00	1,629,807	10.24	
Individuals	24,014,151	45.55	35,462,463	56.20	-	-	
Others	5,598,586	10.61	4,426,932	7.00	2,200,124	13.83	
	52,723,216	100	63,103,884	100	15,919,490	100	

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					Contingenci	es and
	Advances (Gross)	Deposi	ts	Commitments	
	(Rupees	Percent	(Rupees	Percent	(Rupees	Percent
	in '000)		in '000)		in '000)	
Food manufacturing	1,306,251	3.24	2,079,331	3.91	460,525	3.43
Textile	5,542,504	13.75	127,320	0.24	884,319	6.59
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	2,056,210	5.10	6,920,220	13.03	1,399,919	10.44
Cement	3,976,138	9.86	1,914,463	3.60	1,412,418	10.53
Footwear and Leather garments	161,618	0.40	3,266	0.01	62,564	0.47
Automobile and transportation						
equipment	339,238	0.84	286,262	0.54	797,629	5.95
Electronics and electrical						
appliances	105,930	0.26	55,745	0.10	94,888	0.71
Tobacco	-	-	269,946	0.51	224	-
Power (electricity), Gas, Water,						
Sanitary	762,563	1.89	7,884,203	14.85	262,200	1.96
Wholesale and Retail Trade	572,000	1.42	893	0.00	257,973	1.92
Transport, Storage and						
Communication	2,365,575	5.87	6,073,372	11.43	924,890	6.90
Financial	1,741,001	4.32	318,962	0.60	4,780,657	35.65
Individuals	16,071,186	39.87	23,564,900	44.37	-	-
Others	5,309,673	13.18	3,616,655	6.81	2,071,305	15.45
	40,309,887	100	53,115,538	100	13,409,511	100

					2000	Contin	gencies and
		Advances		Deposits		Commitments	
		(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent
	Public / Government Private	2,662,507 50,060,709	5.0% 95.0%	298,758 62,805,126	0.5% 99.5%	5,664,477 10,255,013	35.6% 64.4%
	riivate	52,723,216	100.0%	63,103,884	100%	15,919,490	100.0%
		32,723,210	100.0 /0	03,103,004	10070	13,717,470	100.070
					2005		_
		Advano	ces	Depo	osits		gencies and mitments
		(Rupees	Percent	(Rupees	Percent	(Rupees	Percent
		in '000)		in '000)		in '000)	
	Public / Government	1,228,851	3.0%	559,042	1.1%	746,071	5.6%
	Private	39,081,036	97.0%	52,556,496	98.9%	12,663,440	94.4%
		40,309,887	100.0%	53,115,538	100.0%	13,409,511	100%
40.1.1.3	Details of non-performance provisions by class	_	-	20	006		2005
				Classified	Specific	Classified	Specific
				Advances	Provisions	Advances	Provisions
					Held	~ : 1000)	Held
					(Rupee	s in '000)	
	Textile			175,539	157,590	214,824	190,981
	Automobile and transpo	ortation equipmen	ıt	-	-	1,444	1,444
	Financial			2,111	2,111	2,111	2,111
	Individuals			130,064	118,159	125,450	124,330
	Others			263,681 571,395	266,782 544,642	274,782 618,611	274,782 593,648
				<u> </u>		010,011	373,010
40.1.1.4	Details of non-perfo	rming advance	s and speci	fic provisions by	y sector		
	Public/ Government			-	-	-	-
	Private			571,395	544,642	618,611	593,648
				571,395	544,642	618,611	593,648
40.1.1.5	GEOGRAPHICAL	SEGMENT AI	NALYSIS				
			_			006	
				Profit before	Total assets	Net assets	Contingencies and
				taxation 	employed (Rupee	employed s in '000)	Commitments
	Pakistan			2,575,161	91,316,438	6,028,506	15,919,490
	Taristan			2,373,101	71,310,430	0,020,500	13,717,470
						005	
				Profit before	Total assets	Net assets	Contingencies and
				taxation	employed (Rupee	employed s in '000)	Commitments
	Pakistan					,	
	r akistan			2,593,890	76,473,641	5,705,710	13,409,511

Total assets employed include intra group items of Rs.130.107 million (2005: Rs. 645.441 million).

40.1.1.6 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of losses arising from fluctuation in the market value of trading and non-trading portfolios. The primary sources of market risk are fluctuation in interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

Market risks are measured in accordance with the bank's established standards, under which the business is required to establish, with approval from independent market risk management, a market risk limit framework, including risk measures, limits and controls, that clearly defines approved risk profiles and is within the parameters of the bank's overall risk appetite. In all cases, businesses are ultimately responsible for the market risks they take and for remaining within their defined limits.

The bank's principal measure of earnings risk to earnings from non-trading portfolios due to interest rate changes is Interest Rate Exposure (IRE). This measures the change in expected Net Interest Revenue from changes in market rates of interest. Market risk in trading portfolios is measured through a complementary set of tools, including factor sensitivities, value-at-risk, and stress testing.

The bank uses the Standardized Measurement Method for determining the capital charge against market risks. This approach covers the bank's trading portfolios, comprising off-balance sheet transactions including derivatives, and securities classified under the trading portfolio.

40.1.1.7 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign Exchange Risk is the risk of loss resulting from adverse movement in exchange rates. Exchange position arising from trading activities are monitored through foreign exchange limits on aggregate and individual basis. Hedging strategies and mark to market valuations are used to mitigate exchange risk resulting from open positions. Overall exchange position risk is maintained in accordance with the regulatory requirements prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan.

			2006	
	Assets	Liabilities *	Off-balance	Net foreign
			sheet items	currency exposure
		(Rupe	ees in '000)	
United States dollar	8,046,189	7,968,958	(85,388)	(8,157)
Great Britain pound	180,275	490,214	341,499	31,560
Japanese yen	445,791	295,461	(148,572)	1,758
Euro	280,663	1,022,156	763,895	22,402
Swiss Francs	41,404	22,494	(17,296)	1,614
Other currencies	129,205	119,864	11,757	21,098
Foreign currency exposure	9,123,527	9,919,147	865,895	70,275
Pakistan rupee	82,192,911	81,397,291	(865,895)	(70,275)
	91,316,438	91,316,438	-	-
			2005	
	Assets	Liabilities *	Off-balance	Net foreign
			sheet items	currency exposure
		(Rupe	ees in '000)	
United States dollar	9,786,712	12,180,028	2,428,727	35,411
Great Britain pound	60,318	412,656	361,540	9,202
Japanese yen	75,735	98,623	25,620	2,732
Euro	936,216	894,840	(35,736)	5,640
Swiss francs	56,223	53,867	(1,989)	367
Other currencies	33,639	28,363	(152)	5,124
Foreign currency exposure	10,948,843	13,668,377	2,778,010	58,476
Pakistan rupee	65,524,798	62,805,264	(2,778,010)	(58,476)
	76,473,641	76,473,641	-	

^{*}Includes head office capital account in United States dollar, unremitted profit and deficit on revaluation of assets in Pakistan rupee.

40.2 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities

Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve.

Interest rate risk is the risk that value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. Sensitivity to the interest rate risk arises from mismatches of financial assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet financial instruments that mature or reprice in a given period. The bank manages these mismatches through risk management strategies where significant changes in gap positions can be adjusted.

The position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date. The position for off-balance sheet financial instruments is based on settlement dates.

		2006										
	Effective	Total	Exposed to Yield/ Interest risk									
				Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5		Non-interest
	Yield/		Upto 1	to 3	to 6	Months to 1	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	Above	bearing financial
	Interest		Month	Months	Months	Year	Years	Years	Years	Years	10 Years	instruments
	rate o/					(Rupees in '000)					
% On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury bank	(0.0 - 4.35	5,881,934	1,035,470	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,846,464
Balances with other banks	0.0 - 5.17	2,975,916	2,436,400	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	539,516
Lending to financial institutions	8.6 - 10.05	3,831,005	3,080,948	750,057	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Investments	6.75 - 14.0	21,937,387	1,120,560	4,599,568	5,037,778	7,376,299	976,002	989,201	854,414	803,660	179,905	_
Advances	0.0 - 36.0	51,289,271	22,793,452	8,450,567	3,481,085	2,464,880	1,821,860	4,598,367	4,800,361	1,549,056	1,179,655	149,988
Other assets	-	3,385,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,385,882
		89,301,395	30,466,830	13,800,192	8,518,863	9,841,179	2,797,862	5,587,568	5,654,775	2,352,716	1,359,560	8,921,850
Liabilities												
Bills payable	-	1,212,275	-	-	- [-	- 1	-	-	-	-	1,212,275
Borrowings	8.25 - 10.30	15,409,454	11,240,477	2,870,006	1,284,545					-	-	14,426
Deposits and other accounts	0.0 - 12.0	63,103,884	24,313,327	9,135,771	7,630,764	9,716,711	369,068	1,379,411	398,505	-	-	10,160,327
Other liabilities	-	5,562,319	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,562,319
		85,287,932	35,553,804	12,005,777	8,915,309	9,716,711	369,068	1,379,411	398,505	-	-	16,949,347
On-balance sheet gap		4,013,463	(5,086,974)	1,794,415	(396,446)	124,468	2,428,794	4,208,157	5,256,270	2,352,716	1,359,560	(8,027,497)
Off-balance sheet financial instrum	nents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity	y Gap	4,013,463	(5,086,974)	1,794,415	(396,446)	124,468	2,428,794	4,208,157	5,256,270	2,352,716	1,359,560	(8,027,497)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk Ser	sitivity Gap	=	(5,086,974)	(3,292,559)	(3,689,005)	(3,564,537)	(1,135,743)	3,072,414	8,328,684	10,681,400	12,040,960	4,013,463

In addition to the on-balance sheet financial instruments, foreign exchange and interest rate derivative contracts, as disclosed in note 21.6 and 21.8 are also subject to interest rate risk.

40.3 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the bank may be unable to meet a financial commitment to a customer, creditor, or investor when due.

A uniform liquidity risk management policy exists for the bank, under which there is a single set of standards for the measurement of liquidity risk. Management of liquidity is performed on a daily basis by the Treasurer and is monitored by independent risk management with oversight by Country Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO). The objective of ALCO is to monitor and review the overall liquidity and balance sheet positions of the bank.

An annual funding and liquidity plan is approved by ALCO and independent risk management team. The plan includes analysis of the balance sheet, as well as the economic and business conditions impacting the liquidity of the bank. As part of the plan, liquidity limits, ratios and triggers are established and approved.

40.3.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - Based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the bank

	Total					2006				
			Over 1	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	
		Upto 1	to 3	to 6	Months to 1	to 2	to 3	to 5	to 10	Above
		Month	Months	Months	Year	Years	Years	Years	Years	10 Years
					(Rupees in	'000)				
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5,881,934	5,460,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	421,872	-
Balances with other banks	2,975,916	2,975,916	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending to financial institutions	3,831,005	3,080,948	750,057	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	21,937,387	1,120,560	4,599,568	5,037,778	7,376,299	976,002	989,201	854,414	803,660	179,905
Advances	51,289,271	6,433,572	7,492,838	5,203,403	5,875,501	6,084,114	6,126,478	8,728,304	4,165,406	1,179,655
Other assets	3,385,882	3,385,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating fixed assets	1,186,499	9,836	19,672	29,508	48,379	90,554	149,076	259,115	285,246	295,113
Deferred tax assets	828,544	-	-	-	39,345	-	-	789,199	-	-
	91,316,438	22,466,776	12,862,135	10,270,689	13,339,524	7,150,670	7,264,755	10,631,032	5,676,184	1,654,673
Liabilities										
Bills payable	1,212,275	1,212,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	15,409,454	11,254,903	2,870,006	1,284,545	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	63,103,884	34,473,654	9,135,771	7,630,764	9,716,711	369,068	1,379,411	398,505	-	-
Other liabilities	5,562,319	5,562,319	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	85,287,932	52,503,151	12,005,777	8,915,309	9,716,711	369,068	1,379,411	398,505	-	-
Net assets	6,028,506	(30,036,375)	856,358	1,355,380	3,622,813	6,781,602	5,885,344	10,232,527	5,676,184	1,654,673
Represented by:										
Head office capital account	3,794,244									
Unremitted profit	2,274,831									
Deficit on revaluation of securities	(40,569)									
	(10,207)									
	6,028,506									

The saving deposits have been classified as maturing upto three months as they do not have any contractual maturity. However they are not expected to fall materially below their current level.

40.4 Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. Operational risk is inherent in the Bank's activities and as with other risk types is managed through an overall framework with check and balances that include recognised ownership of the risk by the businesses, independent risk management oversight and independent review by corporate audit. The operational risk policy codifies the core governing principles for operational risk management and provides a framework for operational risk. In accordance with the policy, each business area is responsible to identify its key operational risks as well as the controls established to mitigate those risks and to ensure compliance with laws, regulations, regulatory administrative actions and bank policies.

The operational risk policy and its requirements facilitate the effective communication of operational risks both within and across businesses. Information about the businesses' operational risk, historical losses, and the control environment is reported by each major business segment and functional area, and summarised for senior management.

The bank has created a strategic framework for information security technology initiatives, and has implemented enhancements to various Information Security programs across it business covering Risk Management, Security Incident Response and Electronic transportable Media. The Bank also implemented tools to increase the effectiveness of its data protection and entitlement management programs.

The business continuity program provides risk analysis and robust support for business resiliency. The office of Business Continuity, with the support of the senior management, continued to coordinate preparedness and mitigate business continuity risks by reviewing and testing recovery procedures.

41. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 16 March 2007 by the management of the bank.

42. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The bank makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Some of the critical accounting estimates and judgments are as follows:

(a) Provision against loans and advances portfolio

The bank reviews its loans and advances portfolio to assess amount of non performing loans and advances and provision required there against on a monthly basis. The provision is made in accordance with Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

(b) Income taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the bank, the management looks at the current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on disputed issues in the past. The bank has made adequate provisions in respect of taxes payable, therefore no amount is shown as a contingent liability of the bank.

(c) Funded Gratuity Scheme

The bank has adopted certain actuarial assumptions as disclosed in note 33.2 to the financial statements for determining present value of defined obligations and fair value of plan assets, based on actuarial advice. Any change in assumptions from actual results would change the amount of unrecognized gain and losses for the year 2007.

(d) Fair Value of Derivatives

The fair value of derivatives which are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. The valuation techniques take into account the relevant interest rates in effect at the balance sheet date and the rates contracted.

43. GENERAL

43.1 Revised format of annual financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared using the revised format of financial statements prescribed in BSD circular no 4. dated 17 February 2006 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. The revised format for presentation of financial statements is applicable for annual financial statements prepared by banks for periods commencing from 1 January 2006. The significant changes in the revised format for presentation of financial statements include the introduction of disclosures in respect of the Bank's derivative instruments and risk management.

43.2 Amendments to published standards and new interpretation effective in 2006

IAS 19 (Amendment) - Employee Benefits, is mandatory for the bank's accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2006. It introduces the option of an alternative recognition approach for actuarial gains and losses. It also adds new disclosure requirements. As the bank does not intend to change the accounting policy adopted for recognition of actuarial gains and losses, adoption of this amendment only impacts the format and extent of disclosure presentation in the financial statements.

Other new standards, amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2006 which are not considered relevant nor have any significant effect on the bank's operations are not detailed in these financial statements.

43.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standard that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards, effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007 are either not relevant to the bank's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the bank's financial statements other than certain increased disclosure in certain cases:

IAS 1- Presentation of financial statements - amendments relating capital disclosures	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2007
IFRS 2 - Share based payments	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2007

IFRS 3 - Business combinations effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2007

IFRS 5 - Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2007
IFRS 6 - Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2007
IFRIC 8 - Scope of IFRS 2- share based payments	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 May 2006
IFRIC 9 - Reassessment of embedded derivatives	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 June 2006
IFRIC 10 - Interim financial reporting and impairment	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 November 2007
IFRIC 11- Group and treasury share transactions	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 March 2007
IFRIC 12 - Services concession arrangements	effective from accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2008

43.4 Comparatives

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these financial statements, wherever necessary to facilitate comparison and to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

Zubyr Soomro Chief Executive