

## INTRODUCTION

This publication provides the estimates of Pakistan's imports of goods and services compiled by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) on monthly basis. Imports of goods cover all moveable goods that are imported from the non-residents by the residents and that with a few specified exceptions undergo change in ownership (actual or imported). The services performed by the nonresidents for residents includes Transportation, Travel, Communication, Construction, Insurance, Financial, Computer and Information, Royalties and License Fees, Other Business Services, Personal, Cultural & Recreation and Government Services.

Major part of the imports data compiled by Statistics & DWH Department, SBP is reported by Authorized Dealers of scheduled banks under International Transaction Reporting System and are on mixed f.o.b. and c.i.f. basis. The BOP estimates are arrived at a uniform f.o.b. valuation by deducting the element of freight and insurance estimated at 8% of total import payments and adding the imports not covered by the banking channel i.e. imports financed by loans suppliers & other credits, grants etc. Estimates of imports of capital goods supplied to Pakistani branches or subsidiaries from the parent companies abroad based on annual survey of foreign investment are also covered. The imports under personal baggage, NRI, sales of duty free shops, land borne imports from Afghanistan and imports of Export Processing Zone (EPZ) from the rest of world are also included.

The imports data released by SBP under BOP is mainly based on exchange records as imports, on the other, hand compiled by Federal Bureau of Statistics (FBS) are based on flow of commodities crossing Pakistan Custom's boundaries. The BOP imports are on f.o.b. basis whereas FBS releases imports on c.i.f. basis. The Category of General Merchandise in BOP (Merchandise under BPM4) is comparable with the "Imports" released by Federal Bureau of Statistics based on data provided by customs authorities. However, under BPM5, Imports of goods for processing, repair and purchase of goods at ports are added in import under General Merchandise to arrive at Import for Goods.

From July 1972 three digits commodity codes based on the Pakistan Standard Trade Classification (PSTC) were introduced for categorization of imported commodities and the previous group classification, i.e. primary products, semi-manufactured commodities and manufactured goods was replaced by the 10 sections of PSTC as under:-

1. Foods & Live Animals
2. Beverages & Tobacco
3. Crude Materials
4. Mineral Fuels
5. Oils & Fats
6. Chemicals
7. Manufactured Goods
8. Machinery
9. Misc. Manufactures
10. Misc. Commodities

From July 1984, the commodity list was further expanded by adoption of 4-digits commodity codes in accordance with the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) Volume II Revision 2 (1981).

From April 2003 data of imports payments is compiled according to Harmonized System of classification. The revised system is intended to serve as a universally accepted classification system for goods, which facilitates to compare imports data across different countries of the world. Harmonized System is a commodity classification system in which articles are grouped largely according to the nature of the materials of which they are made. HS Coding System was developed under the auspices of the Customs Cooperation Council (CCC) now known as the World Customs Organization (WCO). The complete list of HS Classification can be accessed through website [http://www.sbp.org.pk/fe\\_manual/HS/index.htm](http://www.sbp.org.pk/fe_manual/HS/index.htm). Previous ten sections of Pakistan Standard Trade Classification (PSTC) have been replaced by 21 sections of HS codes as under: -

1. Live Animal; Animals Products
2. Vegetable Products
3. Animal or Vegetable Fats, oils & Waxes
4. Prepared Foodstuffs; Beverages, Spirits, Vinegar and Tobacco
5. Mineral Products
6. Products of Chemical or Allied Industries
7. Plastics and Articles thereof; rubber and Articles thereof
8. Raw Hide and Skins, Leather, Fur skins and Articles thereof
9. Wood and Articles of Wood
10. Pulp of Wood or of other Fibrous Cellulosic Material
11. Textiles and Textile Articles
12. Footwear, Headgear, Umbrellas, Walking Sticks etc,
13. Articles of Stone, Plaster, Cement, Asbestos, Mica or Similar Materials
14. Natural or Cultured Pearls, Precious or Semi Precious Stones, Metals
15. Base Metals and Articles or Base Metal
16. Machinery and Mechanical Appliances, electrical Equipment & Appliances
17. Vehicles, Aircraft, Vessels and Associated Transport Equipment
18. Optical, Photographic, measuring, Checking, Precision Medical or Surgical instruments
19. Arms and Ammunition; Parts and Accessories thereof
20. Miscellaneous Manufactured Articles
21. Works of Arts, Collectors, Pieces, Antiques and Special Transaction NES

Due to the increasing tendency for trade agreements to cover services as well as goods and the need for statistics to support implementation of these agreements, it was decided to include data on imports of services in the publication. The data will help the government and policy makers in planning and promoting trade in services. The data on trade in services that takes place between residents and non-residents is compiled according to the definitions and classification of the 5th Manual of Balance of Payments (BPM5) of IMF.

The classification provides a coherent structure of the services sector, which facilitates analytical studies, and bilateral comparisons of particular components or overall transactions in the sector. The BPM5 classification of services sector has the following 11 standard components:-

1. Transportation
2. Travel
3. Communication Services
4. Construction Services
5. Insurance Services
6. Financial Services
7. Computer & Information Services
8. Royalties & License fees
9. Other Business Services
10. Personal, cultural & recreational Services
11. Government Services

The structure of the publication is as follows:-

Statement-I shows the overall figures of import of Goods and Services by commodities and type in equivalent Pak. Rupees and U.S. Dollars.

Statement-II shows the overall figures of import of goods and services by countries.

Statement-III shows the overall imports of Goods by commodities & Services by Type from each country.

Owing to difference in coverage, timing, valuation and classification of exchange record vis- à-vis customs record; the monthly figures in this publication are likely to differ from those released by the Federal Bureau of Statistics, Statistics Division of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Statistics. Over longer intervals, however, these differences will tend to minimize.